



AIRWAY OBSTRUCTION

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BLS

ALS

<p>For conscious patient</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reassure, encourage coughing • O₂ PRN <p>For inadequate air exchange Airway maneuvers (AHA)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abdominal thrusts • Use chest thrusts in obese or pregnant patients <p>If patient becomes unconscious or is found unconscious</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Begin CPR <p>Once obstruction is removed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ventilate with high-flow O₂ PRN • O₂ saturation <p>Treat per Respiratory Distress Protocol (S-136)</p>	<p>If patient becomes unconscious or has decreasing LOC</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Direct or video laryngoscopy and Magill forceps, MR PRN • Capnography PRN <p>Once obstruction is removed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor/EKG • IV/IO ^(A)
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Note: If unable to ventilate effectively, transport immediately while continuing CPR (unconscious patient)