#### CHILD & ADULT PEI PROGRAMS: SYSTEMWIDE SUMMARY

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES PREVENTION AND EARLY INTERVENTION PROGRAMS

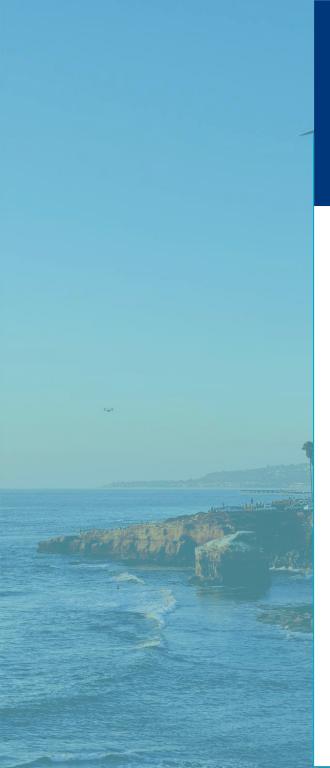
FISCAL YEAR 2021-22 ANNUAL REPORT











#### REPORT CONTENTS

- **03** Background
- **04** Systemwide Demographics
- 12 Systemwide Outcomes and Referrals
- 13 About the Research Centers

## CHILD & ADULT PEI PROGRAMS: BACKGROUND

The Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) Prevention and Early Intervention (PEI) funding gives counties a unique opportunity to implement programs to help prevent the onset of mental illness or to provide early intervention to decrease severity. With this funding source, the County of San Diego contracted with providers for PEI programs for adults and older adults, youth and transition age youth (TAY), and their families. The focus of these programs varies widely, from reducing the stigma associated with mental illness to preventing youth suicide. Each contractor collects information on the demographics of their participants and their satisfaction with the services provided for both active and outreach participants. Active participants include people who are enrolled in a PEI program and/or are receiving services at a PEI program. Outreach participants include people who are touched by the program via outreach efforts, including but not limited to: presentations, community events, and fairs. PEI data collection and reporting may have been impacted starting March 2020 due to COVID-19.

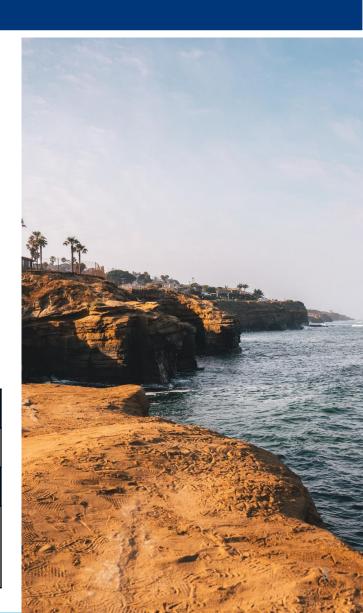
#### **DATA: Child and Adult PEI Programs**

REPORT PERIOD: 7/1/2021-6/30/2022

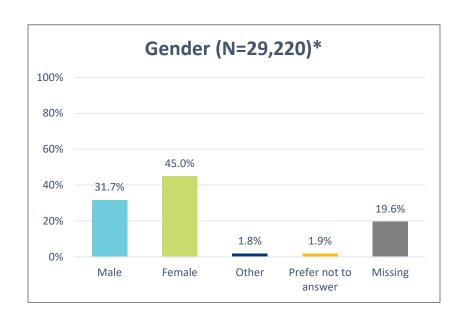
#### NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS WITH DATA IN FY 2021-22: 29,220 Unduplicated\*†

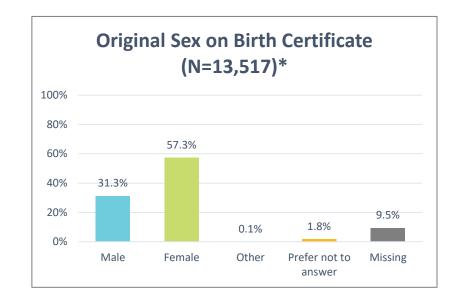
\*Data collection requirements vary by program type. Not all programs are required to collect data for every indicator, which accounts for the two different denominators referenced in this report (N=29,220 vs. N=13,517).

<sup>†</sup>All known duplicates are excluded from this count; however, unduplicated status cannot be verified among programs that do not issue client identification numbers.



#### **SYSTEMWIDE DEMOGRAPHICS**

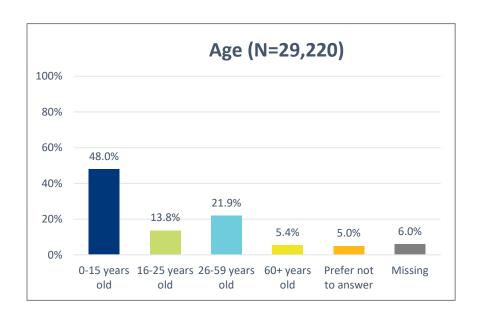




Forty-five percent of participants identified as female. Nearly 2% of participants endorsed some other gender identity. Nearly 2% of participants preferred not to answer this question.

\*Gender identity is not collected for Child & Family PEI participants younger than 12; these data are reported as "Missing." Approximately 57% of participants reported that the sex they were assigned on their original birth certificate was female.

\*Not all programs are required to collect data for every indicator, which accounts for the lower denominator for this indicator (N =13,517 vs. N=29,220).

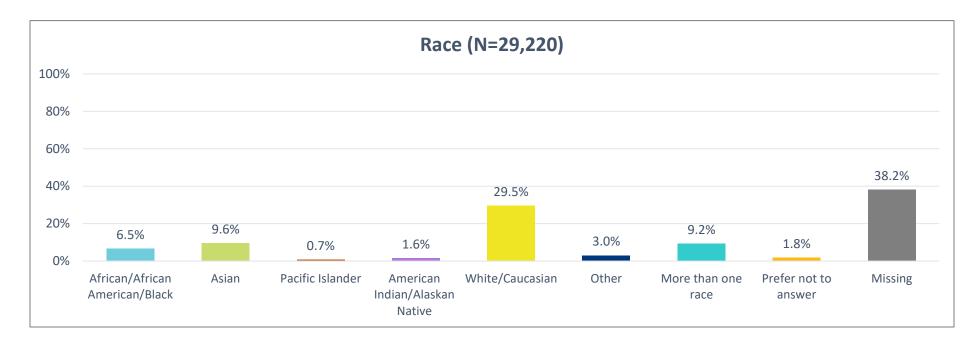


Primary Language (N=13,517)*	Count	%
Arabic	201	1.5%
English	6,887	51.0%
Farsi	47	0.3%
Spanish	3,926	29.0%
Tagalog	83	0.6%
Vietnamese	38	0.3%
Other	924	6.8%
Prefer not to answer	143	1.1%
Missing	1,268	9.4%

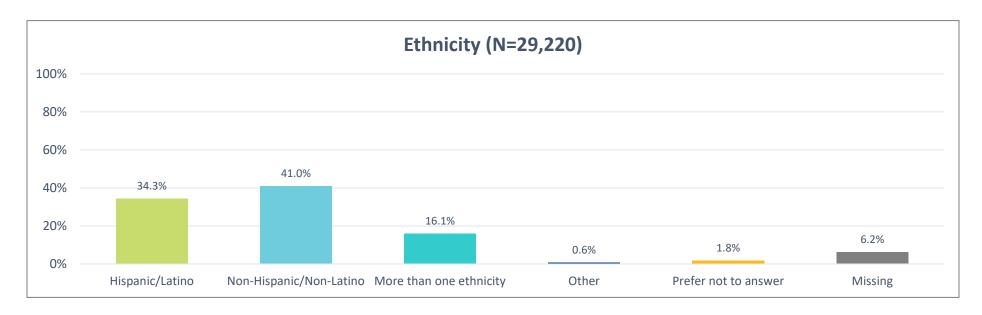
Forty-eight percent of participants were 15 or younger. Approximately 22% of participants were between the ages of 26 and 59.

Twenty-nine percent of participants identified their primary language as Spanish. Fifty-one percent of participants identified their primary language as English.

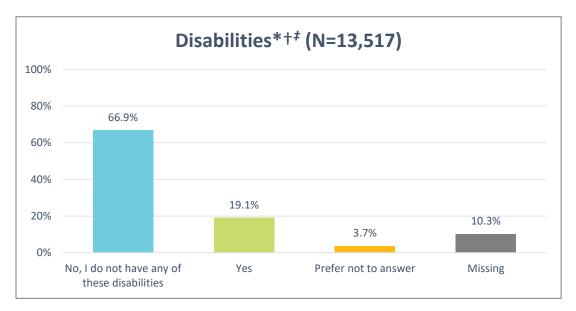
<sup>\*</sup>Not all programs are required to collect data for every indicator, which accounts for the lower denominator for this indicator (N=13,517 vs N=29.220).



Nearly 30% of participants identified their race as White/Caucasian. Nearly 7% identified as African, African American or Black and approximately 10% identified as Asian. The missing category includes participants who only endorsed being Hispanic/Latino and did not indicate a race. Data on ethnicity are presented in a separate table.



Approximately 34% of participants identified their ethnicity as Hispanic/Latino. Approximately 16% of participants identified as more than one ethnicity.



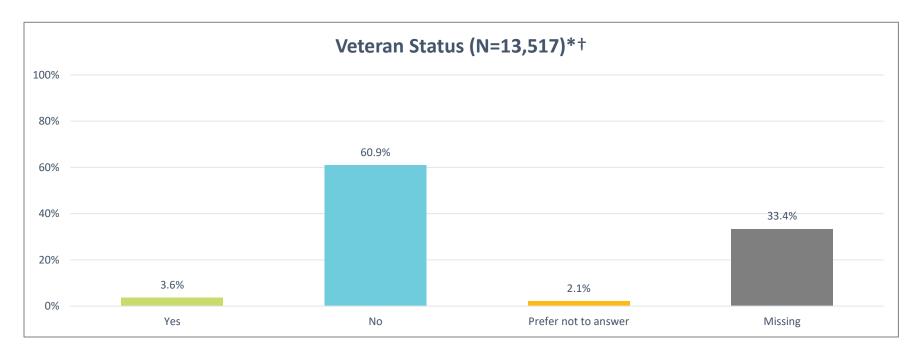
Approximately 19% of participants reported having a disability. Approximately 9% of participants indicated that they had a chronic health condition or chronic pain. Nearly 4% of participants preferred not to answer this question.

Disabilities*†‡ (N=13,517)	Count	%
Difficulty seeing	338	2.5%
Difficulty hearing or having speech		
understood	221	1.6%
Other communication disability	74	0.5%
Mental disability not including a		
mental illness	429	3.2%
Learning disability	225	1.7%
Developmental disability	81	0.6%
Dementia	22	0.2%
Other mental disability not related		
to mental illness	101	0.7%
Physical/mobility disability	550	4.1%
Chronic health condition/chronic		
pain	1,266	9.4%
Other	468	3.5%
Prefer not to answer	504	3.7%
Missing	1,389	10.3%

<sup>\*</sup>A disability is defined as a physical or mental impairment or medical condition lasting at least six months that substantially limits a major life activity, which is not the result of a serious mental illness.

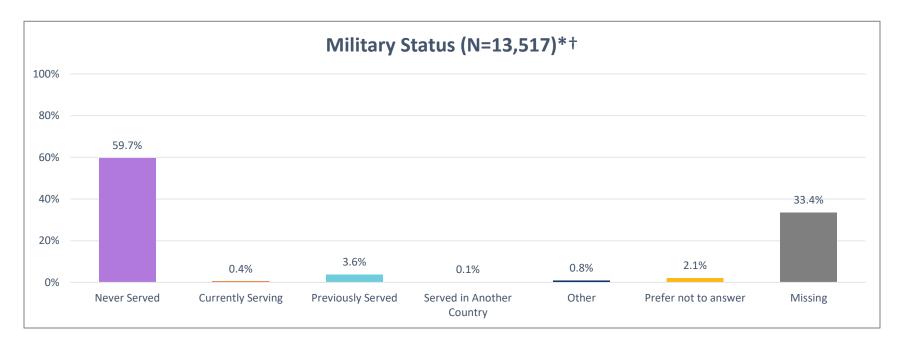
<sup>†</sup> The sum of the percentages may exceed 100% because participants can select more than one type of disability.

<sup>\*</sup>Not all programs are required to collect data for every indicator, which accounts for the lower denominator for this indicator (N=13,517 vs N=29,220).



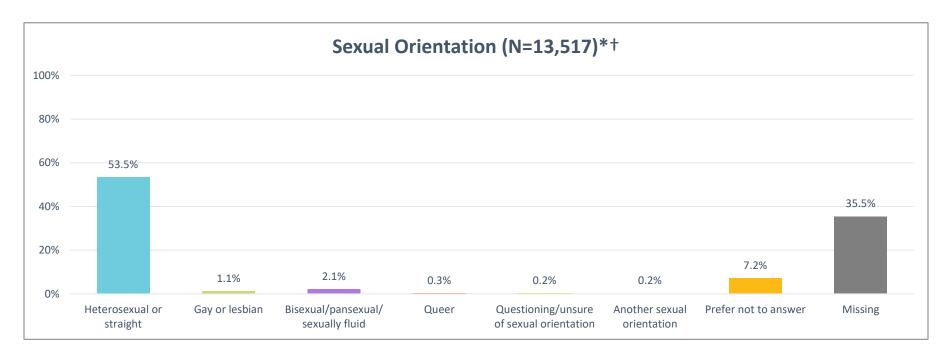
Information on veteran status indicated that nearly 4% of participants had served in the military. Less than 1% of participants reported that they are currently serving in the military (data not shown).

\*Not all programs are required to collect data for every indicator, which accounts for the lower denominator for this indicator (N=13,517 vs N=29,220). †Veteran status is not collected for Child & Family PEI participants younger than 18; these data are reported as "Missing."



Nearly 60% of participants had never served in the military. Less than 1% of participants indicated that they are currently serving in the military and nearly 4% indicated that they had previously served in the military.

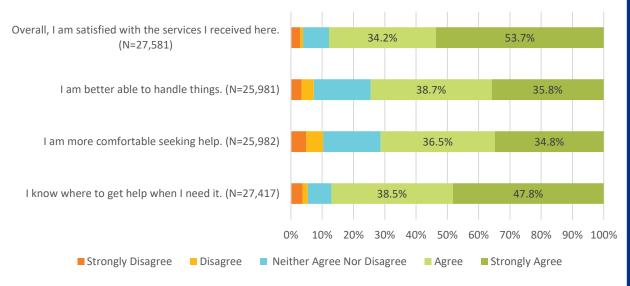
\*Not all programs are required to collect data for every indicator, which accounts for the lower denominator for this indicator (N=13,517 vs N=29,220). †Military status is not collected for Child & Family PEI participants younger than 18; these data are reported as "Missing."



Nearly 54% of participants identified their sexual orientation as heterosexual or straight. Approximately 2% of participants identified their sexual orientation as bisexual/pansexual/sexually fluid. Approximately 7% of participants preferred not to answer this question.

<sup>\*</sup>Not all programs are required to collect data for every indicator, which accounts for the lower denominator for this indicator (N=13,517 vs N=29,220). †Sexual orientation is not collected for Child & Family PEI participants younger than 12; these data are reported as "Missing."

#### SYSTEMWIDE SATISFACTION AND OUTCOMES\* +



\*Satisfaction and outcome data are not available for all participants.

+ Satisfaction data may include duplicate participants.

Nearly 88% of participants agreed or strongly agreed that they were satisfied with the services they received and 86% of participants agreed or strongly agreed that they knew where to get needed help as a result of the program. Seventy-five percent of participants agreed or strongly agreed that they were better able to handle things and solve problems as a result of the program. Nearly 71% of participants agreed or strongly agreed that they were more comfortable seeking help as a result of the program.

#### SYSTEMWIDE REFERRAL TRACKING SUMMARY\*

- In FY 2017-18, County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services implemented a referral tracking procedure in order to collect data on referrals to mental health or substance use services and links to those services.
- In FY 2021-22, a total of 1,214 participants received a mental health referral, and 382 of these participants received a mental health service as a result of the referral (Linkage Rate = 31.5%)
- A total of 922 participants received a substance use referral, and 436 of these participants received a substance use service as a result of the referral (Linkage Rate = 47.3%)
- The average time between referral and linkage to services was seven days.





#### HEALTH SERVICES RESEARCH CENTER

The Health Services Research Center (HSRC) at the University of California, San Diego is a non-profit research organization within the Herbert Wertheim School of Public Health and Human Longevity Science. HSRC works in collaboration with the Quality Improvement Unit of the County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services to evaluate and improve behavioral health outcomes for County residents. Our research team specializes in the measurement, collection, and analysis of health outcomes data to help improve health care delivery systems and, ultimately, to improve client quality of life. For more information please contact Andrew Sarkin, PhD at 858-622-1771.

### CHILD AND ADOLESCENT SERVICES RESEARCH CENTER

The Child and Adolescent Services Research Center (CASRC) is a consortium of over 100 investigators and staff from multiple research organizations in San Diego County and Southern California, including: Rady Children's Hospital, University of California San Diego, San Diego State University, University of San Diego and University of Southern California. The mission of CASRC is to improve publicly-funded mental health service delivery and quality of treatment for children and adolescents who have or are at high risk for the development of mental health problems or disorders.