

# HARM REDUCTION SERVICES IN SAN DIEGO COUNTY

Community Engagement Committee
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### TRIGGER WARNING

Trigger warning for those who are, have been or know, love and work with people who use drugs.

## Trigger

A trigger is anything that sets you off emotionally and activates memories of your trauma. It's particular to you and what your experience has been.

Triggered, we revert to the feelings and behaviors we had in the traumatizing situation

- Healing from trauma: A survivor's guide to understanding your symptoms and reclaiming your life.

facebook.com/TraumaAndDissociation







### **TODAY'S AGENDA**

- 1. Learning objectives
- 2. Person-first language
- 3. Harm reduction defined
- 4. Harm reduction strategies
- 5. Group activity
- 6. Highlights from 2022 National Harm Reduction Conference
- 7. County of San Diego Harm Reduction Strategy
- 8. Implementation of Harm Reduction Services
- 9. Q&A





## LEARNING OBJECTIVES



- 1. Define harm reduction
- 2. Describe specific harm reduction strategies
- Identify relevance of harm reduction to County initiatives and personal work





### PERSON-FIRST LANGUAGE



PLACING THE PERSON
FIRST AND THE DIAGNOSIS
OR BEHAVIOR SECOND
HELPS REDUCE
STEREOTYPES AND STIGMA

AVOID STIGMATIZING LANGUAGE:	USE NEUTRAL, PERSON-CENTERED LANGUAGE:
Addict, junkie, substance abuser, tecato/a	Person who uses (or injects) drugs
Substance abuse	Substance use
Doctor shopper	Patient, participant, client
Replacement/substitution therapy	Medications for addiction treatment
You should or you shouldn't	Would you consider? or Can you try to avoid?
Clean or dirty urine	Negative or positive urine
How often did you slip?	How often did you use last week?

Source: NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Available here: nonjudgmental-substance-abuse-card.pdf (nyc.gov)





### HARM REDUCTION DEFINED





### WHAT IS HARM REDUCTION?

An approach to services and policy that protects the life, health, and dignity of people who use illegal drugs and their communities. Unlike approaches that insist that people stop using drugs, harm reduction recognizes that many people are not willing or able to abstain, and that withholding assistance and otherwise punishing people and communities for using illegal drugs only worsens health, racial and economic inequities, and other harms.



Source: Open Society Foundations, 2022





### HARM REDUCTION DEFINED



### NATIONAL HARM REDUCTION COALITION

Harm reduction incorporates a spectrum of strategies that includes safer use, managed use, abstinence, meeting people who use drugs "where they're at," and addressing conditions of use along with the use itself.



Source: National Harm Reduction Coalition - <a href="https://harmreduction.org/about-us/principles-of-harm-reduction/">https://harmreduction.org/about-us/principles-of-harm-reduction/</a> - <a href="https://harmreduction.org">NHRC-PDF-Principles Of Harm Reduction.pdf</a> (harmreduction.org)

### HARM REDUCTION DEFINED



### HARM REDUCTION BENEFITS

- Increase knowledge around safer substance use
- Reach vulnerable populations and communities
- Generate healthcare cost savings
- Increase referrals to support programs and health and social services
- Reduce overdose deaths and early deaths
- Reduce stigma
- Reduce hepatitis C and HIV
- Reduce sharing of substance use equipment

Source: Overdose Lifeline. Guide to Harm Reduction.



### **GROUP ACTIVITY**



### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Break into groups
- Brainstorm with group and write down as many drug use related harms as possible. Examples:
  - Medical: HIV Infection
  - Legal: Arrest
  - Personal: Abandonment by family
- Group sharing and discussion







### GROUP ACTIVITY

#### Medical



- Kidney disease
- Sexual dysfunction
- Collapsed vein
- Vitamin deficiencies
- Medical debt
- Heart problem
- Withdrawal
- Twitching
- No medical home
- Use of ER
- Medical screenings lack of
- No preventive care
- Dental
- Blood stream infections
- Mental health
- · Cerebral hypoxia
- Cardiac problems heart failure
- Seizures
- Malnutrition
- STDs
- Inability tp be treated for HIC, HCV – difficu;t to prioritize

#### Legal

- Incarceration
- Lack of support
- Medical care
- Can get sued
- Criminalized for substance use
- Cohersive tx
- Language barriers
- Sentencing based on substance of choice
- Racial inequities
- Custody children
- Financial debt
- Housing
- Stigma





#### Personal

- Stigma
- Shame
- Debt
- Losing children
- Family separation
- Job loss
- Homelessness
- Children abandoned
- Losing access to benefits
- Loss of self respect
- Dignity
- Generation trauma
- Tunnel vision
- Mental health condition
- Decision making
- Hygiene
- Loss of faith
- Risky behaviors
- Stress
- Dependency loss
- Enabling
- Isolation
- Loss of purpose





## **GROUP ACTIVITY**



### **VIDEO**



Source: National Harm Reduction Coalition





## HARM REDUCTION STRATEGIES





### HARM REDUCTION EXAMPLE STRATEGIES

- Naloxone (reverse Opioid overdose) distribution, training, and use
- Syringe service programs
- Medication-assisted treatment (MAT)
- Housing that does not require abstinence
- Education and supplies
- Substance use treatment with MAT
- Advocacy for the rights of people who inject drugs









Source: List adapted from Open Society Foundations, 2022. Overdose Lifeline. Guide to Harm Reduction.







### **MAIN SESSIONS**

- Centering BIPOC in Harm Reduction
- The State of Harm Reduction
- The Harm Reduction Funding Paradigm
- The Future of Harm Reduction









### PANELS, WORKSHOPS AND ROUNDTABLES

- Clean consumption site for women in Mexicali
- Loss and wellness
- 12 step recovery and harm reduction
- CDC listening and technical assistance
- Messaging harm reduction (bite, snack, meal)









### TAKE AWAYS AND TOPICS FOR CONSIDERATION

- Fund and hire people with lived experience
- Drug checking for safety
- Quotes/thoughts from Tara Stamos-Buesig
  - "Self care is not after care, find small moments of joy"
  - "Create safe spaces to talk about not only unintentional overdose but intentional overdose; complex trauma; "if I take a day off, people might die"
  - "If not now, when, if not us, who, living memorial"









### **NETWORKING AND SELF CARE**

- CASEP
- Acknowledge vicarious trauma
- Recovery is any positive change
- Fashion show, film festival, posters
- Yoga; standup paddleboard; saw manatee with baby walking to conference



Source: This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-ND







### **CASEP PUERTO RICO, 2022**





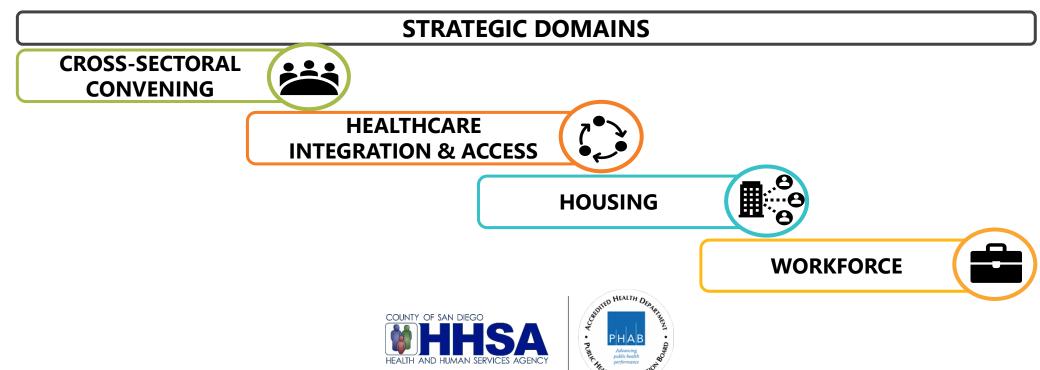




## COUNTY HARM REDUCTION STRATEGY



- Board action on January 26, 2021
- Multidisciplinary evidence with four strategic domains
- Each focus area is built on a roadmap of immediate, intermediate and long-term tactics



## COUNTY HARM REDUCTION STRATEGY



#### **GUIDING PRINCIPLES**

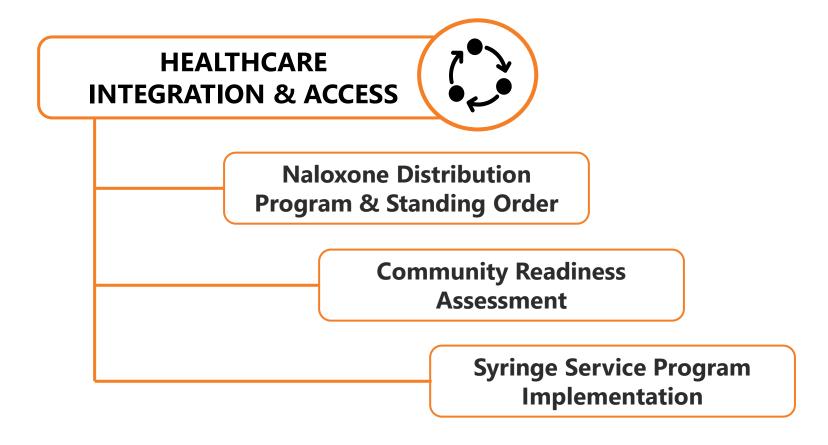
- Human rights and dignity
- Diversity and social inclusivity
- Health and well-being promotion
- Partnerships and collaborations
- Participation ("nothing about us without us")
- Accountability and improvement





## COUNTY HARM REDUCTION STRATEGY











### **NALOXONE DISTRIBUTION EFFORTS**

- Naloxone is an emergency medication that reverses the effects of an opioid overdose
- In July 2021, the County of San Diego launched its Naloxone Distribution Program
  - >10,000 naloxone kits distributed to date













### WHAT ARE SYRINGE SERVICE PROGRAMS?

















### BRIEF HISTORY OF SYRINGE SERVICE PROGRAMS IN SAN DIEGO

1997: Ban on Syringe Service Programs (SSP)

2001-2002: San Diego City SSP Pilot

2021: Lift of 1997 SSP Ban







### SYRINGE SERVICE PROGRAMS OPERATING IN SAN DIEGO

Family Health Centers of San Diego, Safepoint

 A mobile van offering one-for-one exchange. Harm Reduction Coalition of San Diego, On Point

 Needs-based mobile/home delivery model.

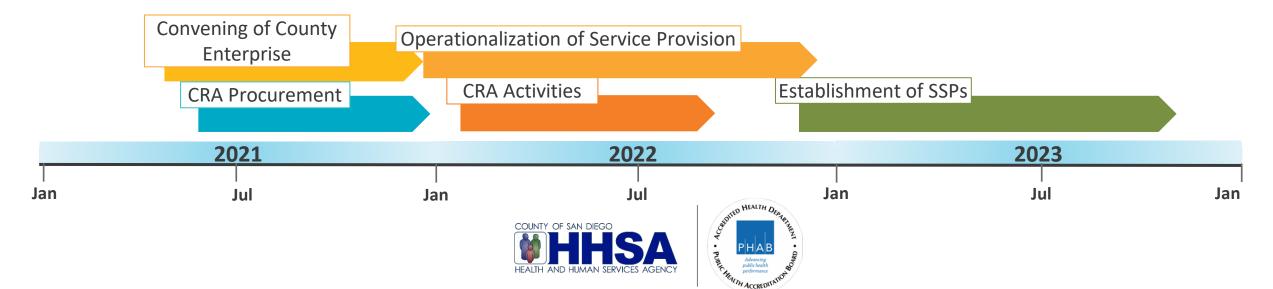






### SYRINGE SERVICE PROGRAM ACTION PLAN

- Engage San Diego County stakeholders and residents via Community Readiness Assessment (CRA)
- Convene County departments
- Develop policies and procedures
- Implementation and ongoing evaluation



### SSP ACTION PLAN



### **COMMUNITY READINESS ASSESSMENT**

- Purpose: Gather feedback from staff/stakeholders, community members, and people who inject substance(s) to:
  - Assess knowledge of syringe service programs
  - Identify organizations in support of programs
  - Understand concerns related to program operation
  - Examine successful practices
- Data Gathered: The Institute for Public Health (IPH) at SDSU collected 158 public opinion surveys, 92 staff/stakeholder interviews, and 61 priority population interviews in late 2021 and 2022.
- IPH also reviewed overdose and other data points, as well as best practices from literature and existing programs.





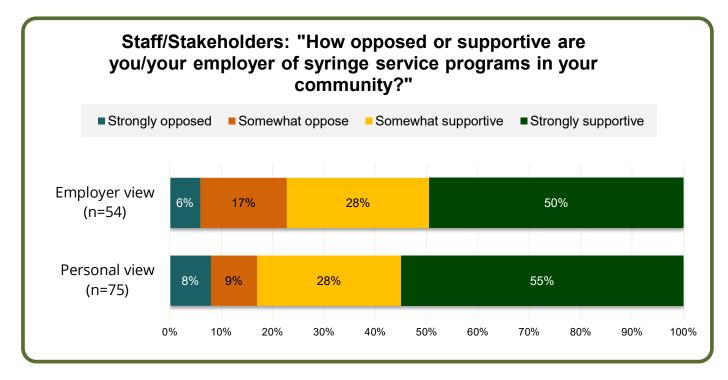


#### VIEWS OF STAFF/ STAKEHOLDERS

**92** staff and stakeholder interviews represented **77** agencies throughout San Diego County.

#### Agency types included:

- Public and mental health
- Substance use disorder treatment organizations
- Businesses/chambers of commerce
- Community/planning groups
- City/elected officials
- Law enforcement







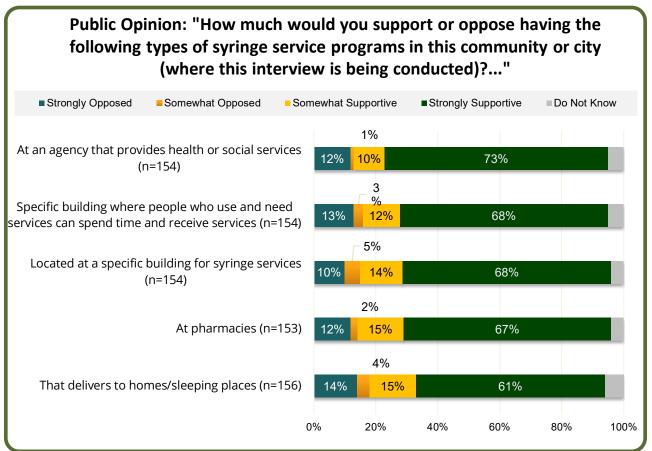


### VIEWS OF PUBLIC OPINION

Among the **158** public members interviewed, 22% had heard of syringe service programs prior to their interview.

#### Interviews were collected in:

- El Cajon/Santee/Lakeside
- San Ysidro/Imperial Beach/Border
- Kearny Mesa/Clairmont Mesa
- Escondido
- Oceanside





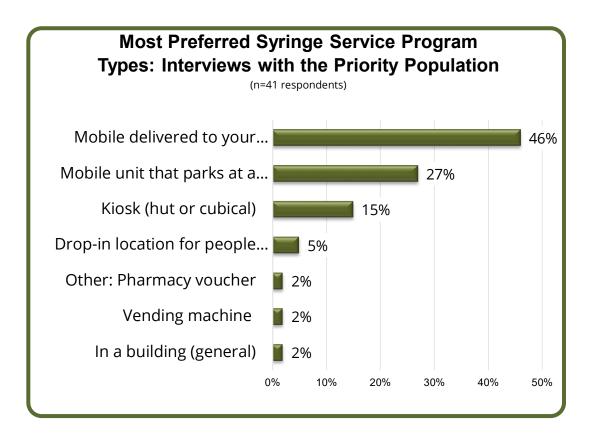




### VIEWS OF PRIORITY POPULATION

A total of **55** interviews and one focus group (6 participants) with the priority population were conducted in the six different regions of San Diego County.

Mobile services delivered to their homes, or a meeting place was the most preferred program type.





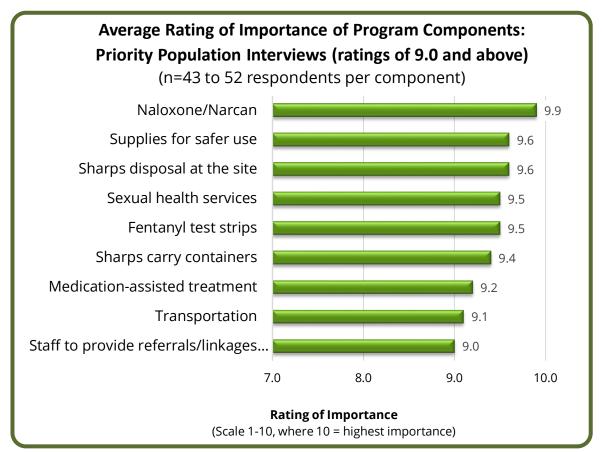




### VIEWS OF PRIORITY POPULATION

A total of 55 interviews and one focus group (6 participants) with the priority population were conducted in the six different regions of San Diego County.

Medication to reverse and overdose, supplies, and safe places to dispose of supplies were rated as the most needed items.







### TYING THINGS UP



### **USING DATA TO INFORM DECISION MAKING**

- The need
  - Review of public health data
  - Results from Community Readiness Assessment
  - Input from stakeholders
  - Review of programs and literature
- Where
  - Available County locations
  - Proximity to law enforcement facilities and schools
  - Space requirements
- Accessible
  - Client centered
  - Volume of people
  - Proximity to transportation







### **QUESTIONS AND DISCUSSION**





