



The County of San Diego

Zoning Administrator Hearing Report

Date:	July 6, 2023	Case/File No.:	Puttin' Around Borrego PDS2021-STP-21-016; PDS2021-ER-21-05-002
Place:	County Conference Center 5520 Overland Avenue San Diego, CA 92123	Project:	Miniature Golf Course
Time:	8:30 a.m.	Location:	426 Palm Canyon Drive
Agenda Item:	#1	General Plan:	Rural Commercial (C-4)
Appeal Status:	Site Plan Decision Appealable to the Planning Commission	Zoning:	Visitor-Serving Commercial (C42)
Applicant/Owner:	Joe Carll	Community:	Borrego Springs Community Planning Area
Environmental:	CEQA §15183	APNs:	141-384-14-00

A. OVERVIEW

The purpose of this staff report is to provide the Zoning Administrator with the information necessary to make a finding that the mitigation measures identified in the General Plan Update Environmental Impact Report (GPU EIR) will be undertaken for a proposed Site Plan (STP) pursuant to California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines §15183(e)(2).

CEQA Guidelines §15183 allows a streamlined environmental review process for projects that are consistent with the uses established by existing zoning, community plan, or general plan policies for which an EIR was certified. CEQA Guidelines §15183 specifies that examination of environmental effects shall be limited to those effects that:

- 1) Are peculiar to the project or the parcel on which the project would be located, and were not analyzed as significant effects in a prior EIR on the zoning action, general plan, or community plan, with which the project is consistent;
- 2) Are potentially significant off-site impacts and cumulative impacts which were not discussed in the prior EIR prepared for the general plan, community plan or zoning action; or

- 3) Are previously identified significant effects which, as a result of substantial new information which was not known at the time the EIR was certified, are determined to have a more severe adverse impact than discussed in the prior EIR.

CEQA Guidelines §15183(c) further specifies that if an impact is not peculiar to the parcel or to the proposed project, has been addressed as a significant effect in the prior EIR, or can be substantially mitigated by the imposition of uniformly applied development policies or standards, then an additional EIR need not be prepared for that project solely on the basis of that impact.

CEQA Guidelines §15183(e)(2) further requires the lead agency to make a finding at a public hearing when significant impacts are identified that could be mitigated by undertaking mitigation measures previously identified in the EIR on the planning and zoning action.

In accordance with CEQA Guidelines §15183, the project was evaluated to examine whether additional environmental review might be necessary for the reasons stated in §15183. As discussed in the attached Statement of Reasons for Exemption from Additional Environmental Review and 15183 Checklist (15183 Findings) dated July 6, 2023, the project qualifies for an exemption from further environmental review.

The approval or denial of the proposed STP would be a subsequent and separate decision made by the Director of Planning & Development Services (PDS).

B. DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL

1. Project Description

The Puttin' Around Borrego (STP) (Project) would allow for the construction of an 18-hole miniature golf course with an approximately 610 square foot ticket booth and a 720 square foot outdoor covered patio. The project site is located at 426 Palm Canyon Drive in the Borrego Springs Community Planning area, within unincorporated San Diego County. The site is subject to the Village Regional Category and the Rural Commercial (C-4) Land Use Designation. The Zoning Use Regulation for the site is Visitor-Serving Commercial (C-42). The site is also subject to a "B" Special Area Designator for community design review and a "V" Setback Designator which both require the processing of a Site Plan permit. Access to the site would be provided by a driveway connecting to 426 Palm Canyon Drive. Water and sewer service would be provided by Borrego Water District. Proposed earthwork quantities for the Project consist of approximately 178 cubic yards of cut and fill.

The proposed use is consistent with the Zoning and General Plan Land Use Designation of the property established by the General Plan Update for which an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) was certified by the Board of Supervisors on August 3, 2011 (GPU EIR).

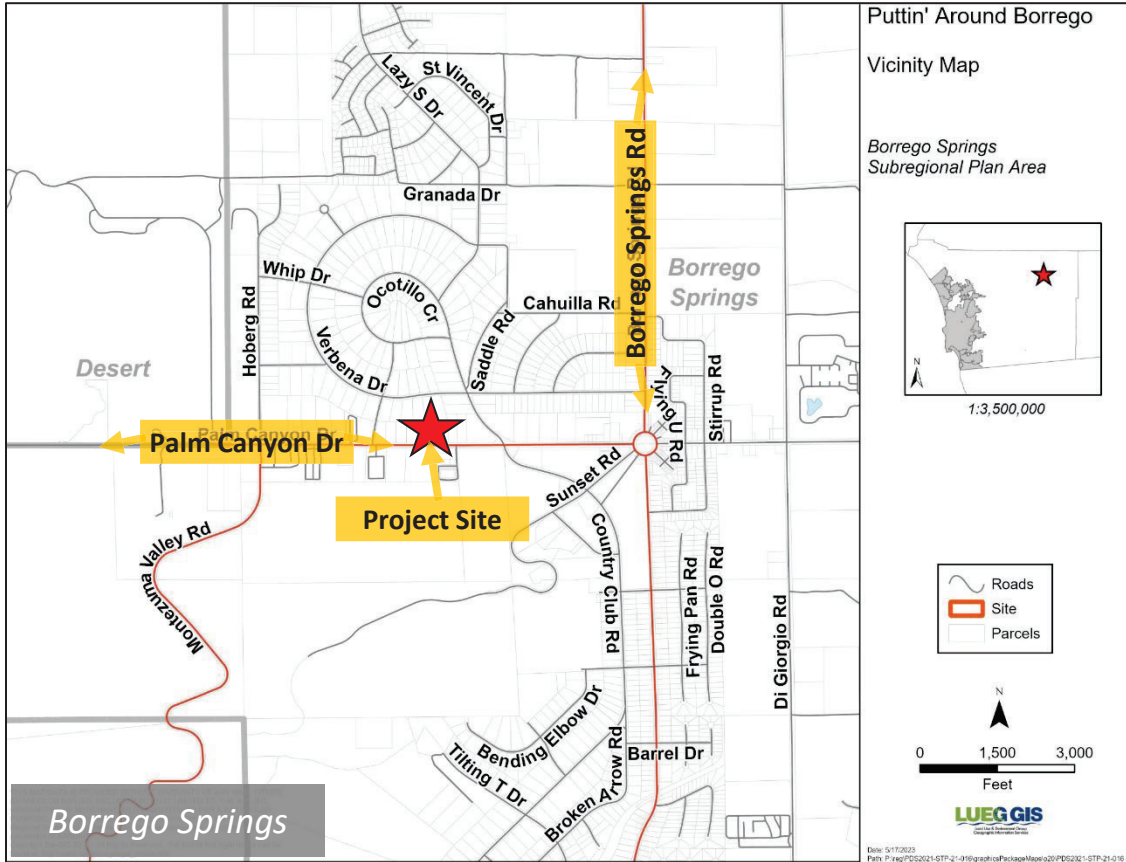


Figure 1: Vicinity Map

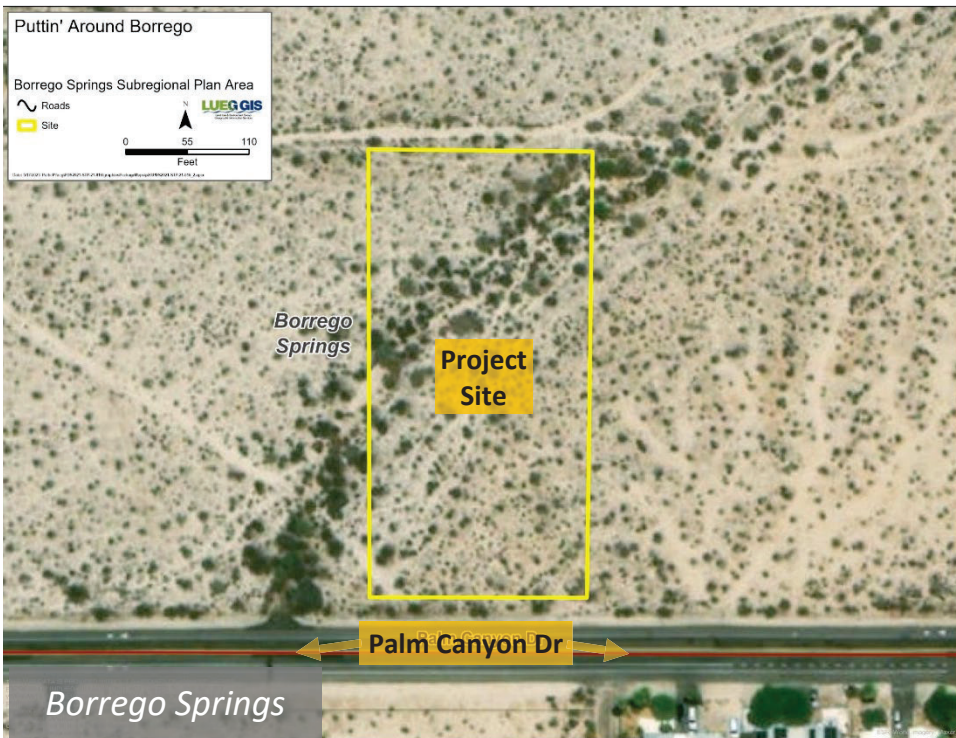


Figure 2: Aerial Map (Project Site, Existing Conditions)

C. ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

1. Key Requirements for Requested Action

The Zoning Administrator should consider the requested actions and determine if the following findings can be made:

- a) The Project is consistent with the existing zoning, community plan, or general plan policies for which the GPU EIR was certified.
- b) There are no project specific effects which are peculiar to the project or its site.
- c) There are no project specific impacts which the GPU EIR failed to analyze as significant effects.
- d) There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which the GPU EIR failed to evaluate.
- e) There is no substantial new information which results in more severe impacts than anticipated by the GPU EIR.

2. Project Analysis

a. Biological Resources

Biological resources on the project site were evaluated in a Biological Resource Letter Report prepared by Pacific Southwest Biological Services, dated July 6, 2022. The site contains Sonoran creosote bush scrub, Sonoran mixed woody scrub, and urban/developed habitats. Black-tailed jackrabbit, a County Group 2 wildlife species, was identified onsite and no sensitive plant species were identified onsite. Mitigation will be provided for impacts to 1.81 acres of Sonoran scrub habitat. The site is located within the County's draft East County MSCP on land designated as Agriculture or Natural Upland outside the Focused Conservation Area (FCA). As considered by the GPU EIR, project impacts to sensitive habitat and/or species will be mitigated through ordinance compliance and through implementation of the following mitigation measures: offsite purchase of 1.81 acres of creosote bush scrub habitat (1:1 ratio) through the Anza Borrego Foundation, or other County-approved mitigation bank, and migratory bird breeding season avoidance. The GPU EIR identified these mitigation measures as Bio 1.6 and Bio 1.7.

b. Cultural Resources

Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County approved archaeologist, Richard Carrico, it has been determined that there are no impacts to archaeological resources because they are avoided by project design. The results of the survey are provided in an archaeological resources report titled, "Archaeological Report for the Archaeological Survey of the 1.86-Acre Borrego Springs Parcel (APN-141-384-14-00), PDS2021-STP-21-016, Borrego Springs, California" (November 20, 2021), prepared by Richard Carrico.

The potential exists for subsurface deposits because of known resources onsite and in the surrounding area. As considered by the GPU EIR, potential impacts to cultural resources will be mitigated through ordinance compliance and through implementation of the following mitigation measures: grading monitoring under the supervision of a County-approved archaeologist and a

Native American monitor and conformance with the County's Cultural Resource Guidelines if resources are encountered. The GPU EIR identified these mitigation measures as Cul 2.5.

c. Groundwater Resources

The proposed project consists of the construction of a miniature golf course with minimal frontage improvements. Water usage for the Project is estimated to be 1.25 acre-feet per year. The Project will obtain its water supply from Borrego Water District (BWD). The BWD obtains its groundwater from the Borrego Springs Groundwater Subbasin No. 7-024.01 (Subbasin) which is critically overdrawn due to excessive groundwater pumping that exceeds natural replenishment. Groundwater in the Subbasin is subject to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). As of April 8, 2021, groundwater in the Subbasin has been fully adjudicated through a court-approved stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment includes a groundwater management plan developed to meet SGMA requirements. All future water use will be subject to the stipulated judgment, which assigns "baseline pumping allocations" (BPAs) to specific parcels (including the BWD) and is the basis for annual groundwater pumping allowances to ensure sustainable groundwater management of the Subbasin. As detailed in will serve letters regarding water and sewer service from the BWD dated June 8, 2022 and November 18, 2021, the BWD will require the Project to purchase baseline pumping allocations in the amount needed to ensure sustainable groundwater management as required by SGMA and in accordance with the stipulated judgment. The Project is conditioned to be consistent with the requirements of the BWD.

d. Traffic

The County of San Diego Transportation Study Guidelines were adopted by the County Board of Supervisors in September of 2022 to address Senate Bill 743 (SB 743). The new established criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts is Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) and is further addressed below. Although no longer utilized as the standard for evaluating transportation impacts under CEQA, the County's General Plan identified level of service (LOS) as being a required analysis per Policy M-2.1 and is therefore also addressed.

Section 15064.3 of the CEQA Guidelines details new regulations, effective statewide July 1, 2020, based on SB 743 that sets forth specific considerations for evaluating a project's transportation impacts. As previously discussed, the new established criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts is VMT which refers to the amount and distance of automobile travel attributable to a project. The proposed use of a miniature golf course is locally serving and is not anticipated to generate a substantial amount of primary trips to the property in the community of Borrego Springs. In accordance with SANDAG's Not So Brief Guide of Vehicular Traffic Generation Rates for the San Diego Region, the proposed project is anticipated to generate 90 average daily trips (ADT). The project will generate less than 250 ADT and does not require the preparation of a Local Mobility Analysis in accordance with the adopted Transportation Study Guidelines. The project meets the CEQA VMT screening criteria for projects generating less than 110 average daily trips (ADT) and will not result in a significant VMT impact. Additionally, the Governor's Office of Planning and Research Technically Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA dated December 2018 includes an analysis that many agencies have chosen to adopt screening thresholds of 110 ADT as a small project screening threshold in order to determine if a project would not lead to a significant

transportation/traffic impact associated with VMT.. Because the project is anticipated to generate 90 ADT which is less than the 110 ADT small project screening threshold contemplated in the December 2018 Technical Advisory, the project would not lead to a significant transportation/traffic impact associated with VMT.

e. Greenhouse Gas Emissions

The Project's Greenhouse Gas (GHG) impacts were assessed using a project-specific, locally appropriate threshold, as guided by CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.4 as the County of San Diego does not have an adopted Climate Action Plan. Based on the design elements and scope of the Project, current guidance provided by the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) was used to evaluate greenhouse gas emissions. A justification report for the BAAQMD guidance has been prepared which outlines design elements focusing on building and transportation. The justification report and guidance supports how a project would contribute its "fair share" of the statewide long-term GHG reduction goals and the guidance applied in the San Diego region.

The Project is consistent with both the building and transportation design elements as outlined in the BAAQMD justification report. The Project is conditioned to not use natural gas for the operations of the miniature golf course and will not result in a significant impact related to energy use based on operating characteristics of the project and water service. The Project is also conditioned to be consistent with the CALGreen Tier 2 standards for compliance with off-street electric vehicle (EV) requirements which will result in increased availability of electrical vehicle charging stations within the Borrego Springs Community. Based on the current project design of 54 parking spaces, the project would install 28 EV capable spaces of which 9 spaces would have charging stations. Lastly, the emissions associated with construction and operation of the miniature golf course were quantified in the CalEEMod data dated March 7, 2023 by Ascent Environmental. Construction emissions associated with the development of the Project are temporary and expected to be approximately 134 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MTCO_{2e}). Operational emissions of the Project were estimated to be 242 MTCO_{2e}. Therefore, the project would not generate GHG emissions, either directly or indirectly, that would have a significant impact on the environment, and impacts would be less than significant.

D. PUBLIC INPUT

During the 32-day public disclosure period, from May 4, 2023 to June 5, 2023 staff received one comment. The San Diego Archaeological Society, Inc. concurred with the cultural resources conditions and analysis for the Project. Staff did not receive any other comments related to the adequacy of the environmental analysis conducted for the Project.

Please see Attachment E for the comment letters and responses.

E. BORREGO SPRINGS COMMUNITY SPONSOR GROUP RECOMMENDATION

On June 3, 2021, the Borrego Springs Community Sponsor Group (CSG) voted to recommend approval of the project by a vote of 7-0-2 (7-Yes, 0-No, 2 Vacant/Absent). No additional comments or concerns were raised in the CSG meeting.

Meeting minutes for the Borrego Springs CSG can be found in Attachment E.

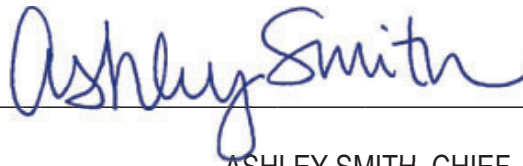
F. STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

Staff recommends that the Zoning Administrator adopt the Environmental Findings included in Attachment B, which includes a finding that the project is exempt from further environmental review pursuant to §15183 of CEQA.

Report Prepared By:
Sean Oberbauer, Project Manager
(619) 323-5287
Sean.Oberbauer@sdcounty.ca.gov

Report Approved By:
Dahvia Lynch, Director
(858) 694-2962
Dahvia.Lynch@sdcounty.ca.gov

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE: _____



ASHLEY SMITH, CHIEF

ATTACHMENTS:

- Attachment A – Planning Documentation
- Attachment B – Environmental Documentation
- Attachment C – Environmental Findings
- Attachment D – Site Plan
- Attachment E – Public Documentation

Attachment A – Planning Documentation

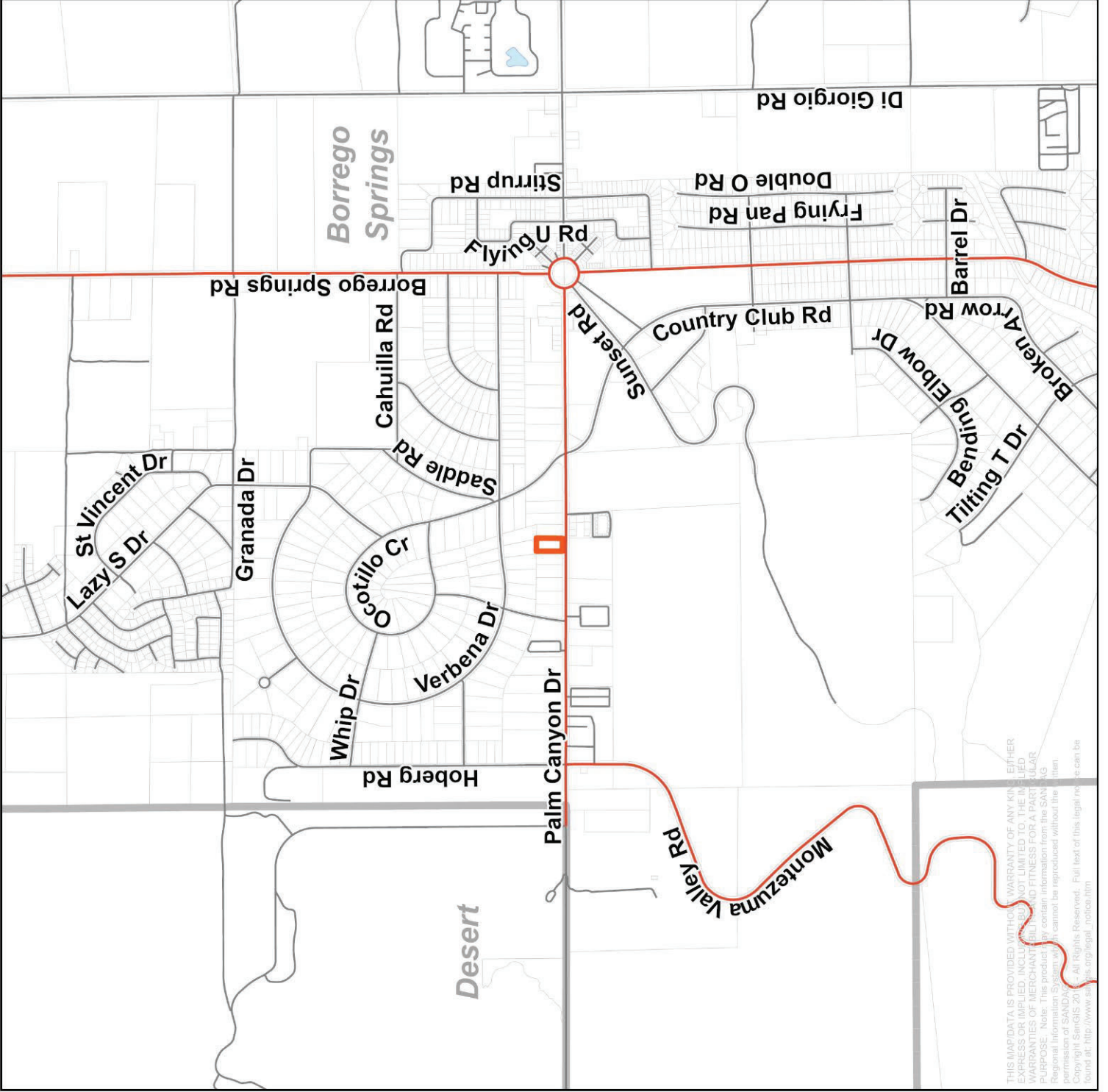
Puttin' Around Borrego

Vicinity Map

Borrego Springs
Subregional Plan Area



1:3,500,000



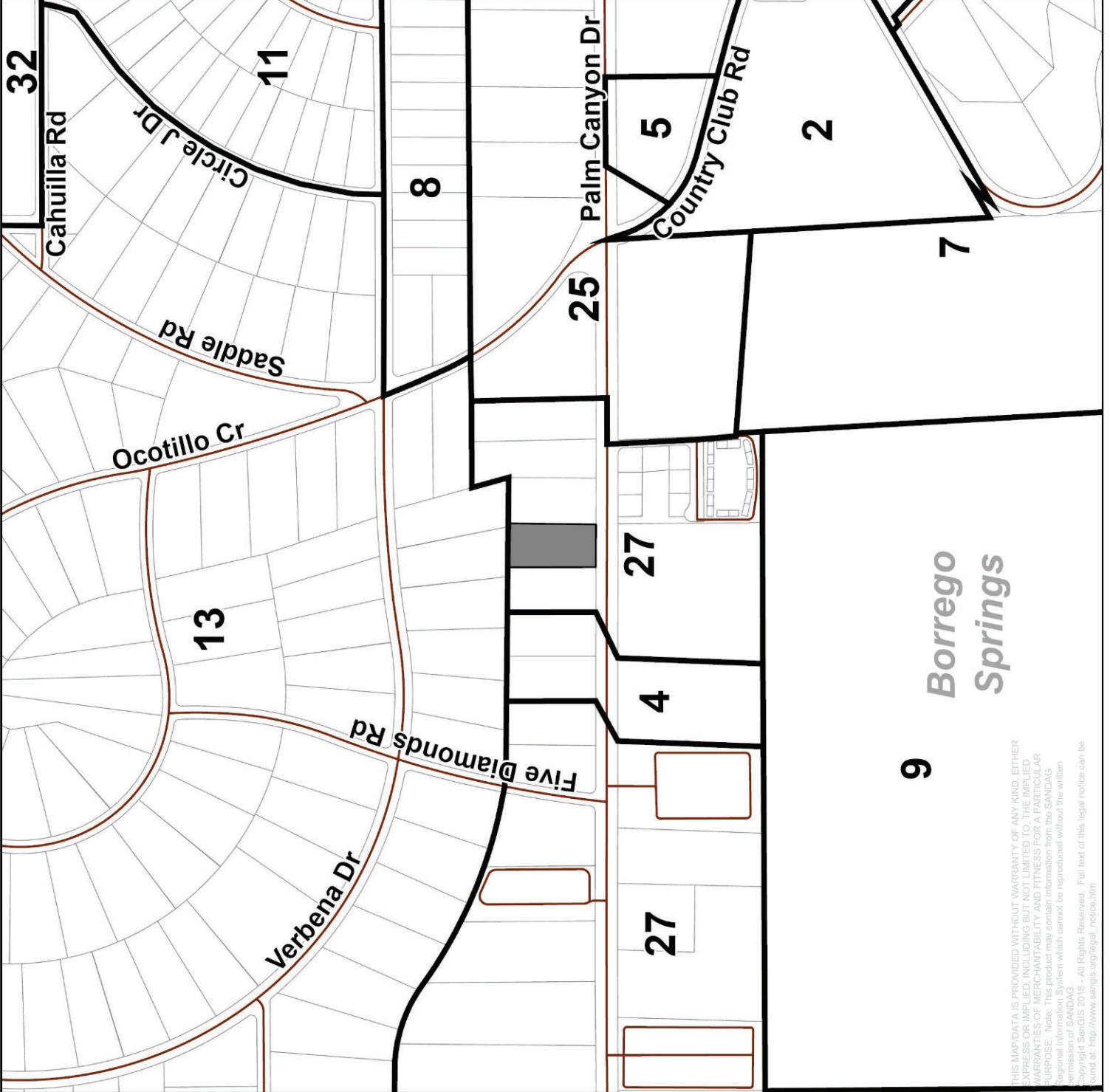
THIS MAP/DATA IS PROVIDED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The user assumes all responsibility for any use of the information presented herein. The user cannot be held liable for any use of the information presented herein without the written permission of SANDAG. All Rights Reserved. Full text of this legal notice can be found at: http://www.sandag.org/legal_notice.htm

Puttin' Around Borrego

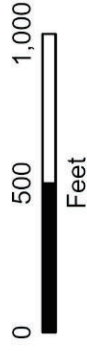
General Plan

Borrego Springs Subregional Plan Area

- (2) Village Residential (VR-24)
- (4) Village Residential (VR-10.9)
- (5) Village Residential (VR-7.3)
- (7) Village Residential (VR-2.9)
- (8) Village Residential (VR-2)
- (9) Semi-Rural Residential (SR-1)
- (11) Semi-Rural Residential (SR-2)
- (13) Semi-Rural Residential (SR-4)
- (25) General Commercial
- (27) Rural Commercial
- (32) Public/Semi-Public Facilities



	Roads
	Site
	Parcels
	Planning



9
Borrego Springs

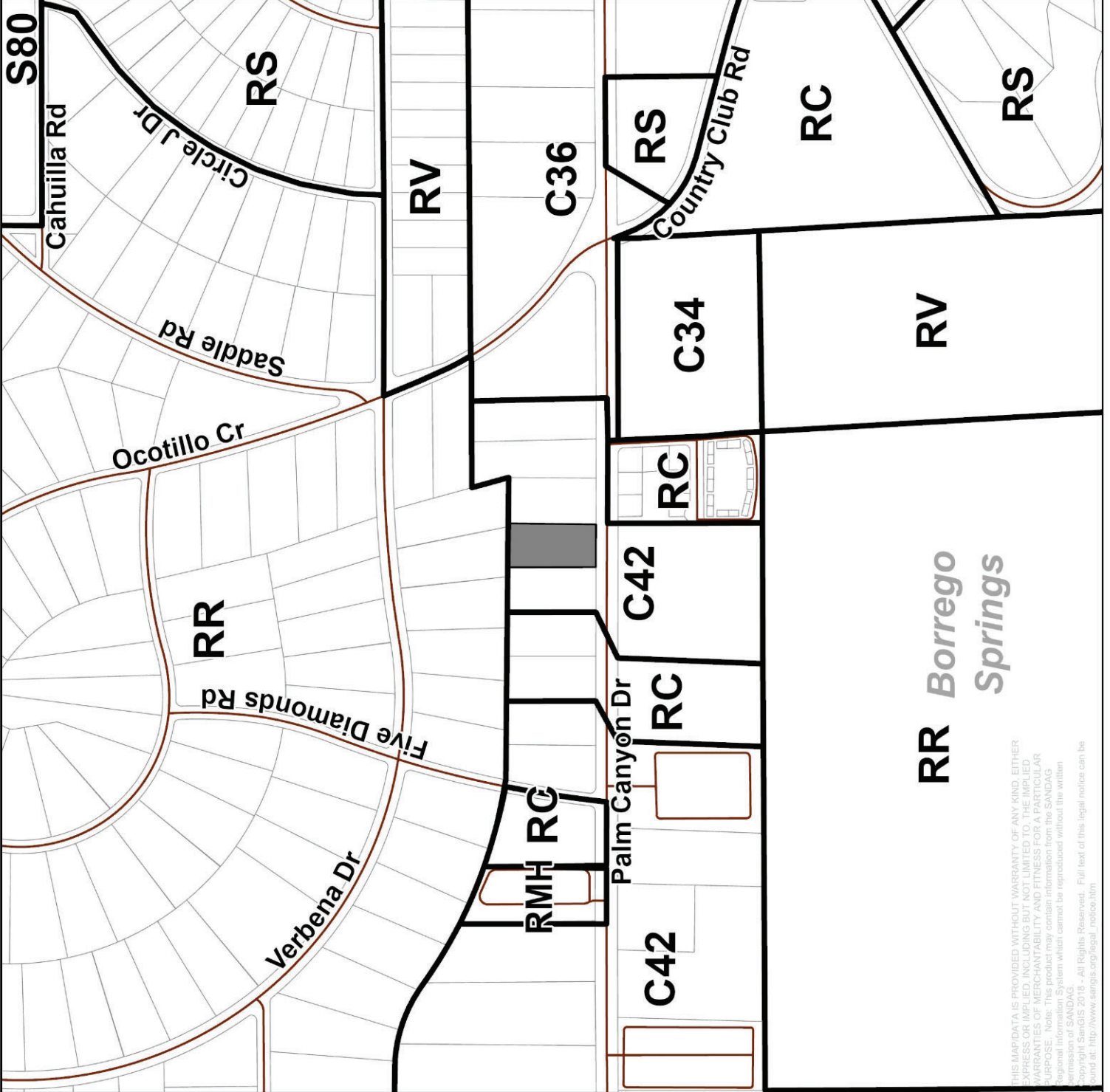
THIS MAP/DATA IS PROVIDED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The user assumes all responsibility for the use of the information provided herein. The user agrees to hold the SANDAG Regional Information System, its staff, and its contractors harmless from any and all claims, damages, or liabilities, which cannot be reproduced without the written permission of SANDAG. Copyright SanGIS 2018 - All Rights Reserved. Full text of this legal notice can be found at: http://www.sandag.org/legal_notice.htm

Puttin' Around Borrego

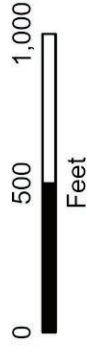
Zoning

Borrego Springs Subregional Plan Area

- C34 - General Commercial/Residential
- C36 - General Commercial
- C42 - Visitor Serving Commercial
- RC - Residential/Commercial
- RMH - Mobilehome Residential
- RR - Rural Residential
- RS - Single Family Residential
- RV - Variable Family Residential
- S80 - Open Space



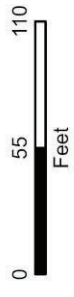
	Roads
	Site
	Parcels
	Zoning



THIS MAP/DATA IS PROVIDED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The user assumes all responsibility for the use of the information provided herein. The user agrees to hold the SANDAG Regional Information System and its staff harmless from any liability or damages, which cannot be reproduced without the written permission of SANDAG. Copyright SanGIS 2018 - All Rights Reserved. Full text of this legal notice can be found at: http://www.sandag.org/legal_notice.htm

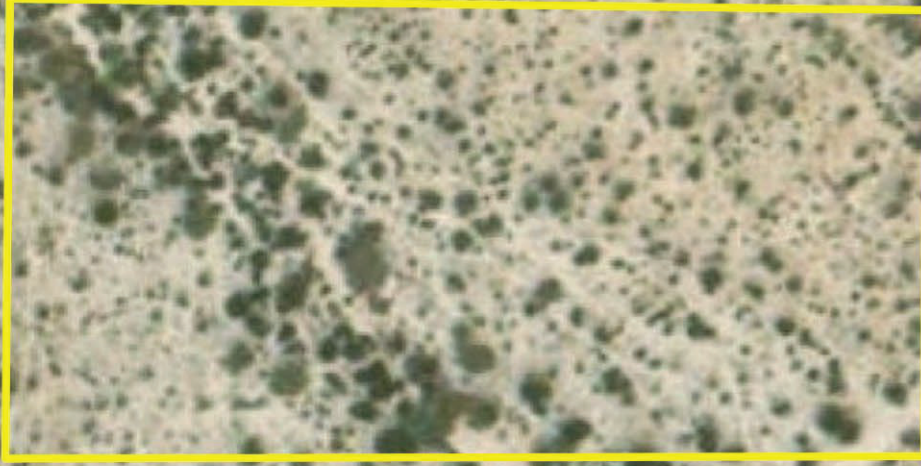
Puttin' Around Borrego

Borrego Springs Subregional Plan Area



Date: 5/17/2018 Path: P:\gis\GIS2018\SP21-18\gis\gis\MapDocs\SP21-18S_2.aprx

**Borrego
Springs**



Palm Canyon Dr

THIS MAP/DATA IS PROVIDED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Make This Map/DATA your own by downloading from the SANDAG Personal Information System (PIS).
 Copyright © GIS 2018. All Rights Reserved. ESR | 619.441.1234
 www.esr.com | www.sandag.org | www.pis.com

Attachment B – Environmental Documentation



County of San Diego

DAHVIA LYNCH
DIRECTOR

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
5510 OVERLAND AVENUE, SUITE 310, SAN DIEGO, CA 92123
(858) 505-6445 General • (858) 694-2705 Codes
(858) 565-5920 Building Services
www.SDCPDS.org

~~May 4, 2023~~ July 6, 2023

Statement of Reasons for Exemption from Additional Environmental Review and 15183 Checklist Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines §15183

Project Name: Puttin' Around Borrego
Project Record ID: PDS2021-STP-21-016
Environmental Log No. LOG NO. PDS2021-ER-21-05-002

Lead Agency Name and Address:
County of San Diego
Planning and Development Services
5510 Overland Avenue, Suite 310
San Diego, CA 92123

County Staff Contact:
Sean Oberbauer, Project Manager
Phone: (619) 323-5287
Email: sean.oberbauer@sdcounty.ca.gov

Project Location:
426 Palm Canyon Drive, Borrego Springs, CA 92004
Borrego Springs Community Planning Area
Unincorporated County of San Diego
Thomas Guide Coordinates: Page 1058, Grid G2
APN: 141-384-14-00

Project Applicant:
Joe Carll, 5024 Viewridge Way, Oceanside, CA 92056
Phone: (760) 522-8530

General Plan
Community Plan: Borrego Springs
Regional Category: Village
Land Use Designation: Rural Commercial (C-4)
Density: 2 units per gross acre
Floor Area Ratio (FAR): 0.35/0.60

Zoning

Use Regulation:	Visitor-Serving Commercial (C42)
Minimum Lot Size:	6,000 Square Feet
Building Type:	L – Detached or Attached Residential and Nonresidential Buildings
Setback:	V – Setbacks established during Site Plan Review
Height:	G – 35-feet maximum, 2 stories
Special Area Designator:	B – Community Design Review

Project Description

Location:

The proposed project is located at 426 Palm Canyon Drive in the Borrego Springs Community Planning Area in the unincorporated County of San Diego. The project site is an approximately 1.86-acre parcel, APN: (141-384-14-00).

Site Description:

The Site Plan is proposed on an approximately 1.86-acre property in order to authorize the construction and operation of an 18-hole miniature golf course. The project site is subject to the Village General Plan Regional Category, Land Use Designation Rural Commercial (C-4). Zoning for the site is Visitor-Serving Commercial (C42). The project site is located at 426 Palm Canyon Drive in the Borrego Springs Community Planning Area in the unincorporated County of San Diego. The site is primarily vacant.

Discretionary Actions:

The project consists of the following action: Site Plan (STP). The STP would allow for the construction of an 18-hole miniature golf course on an approximately 1.86-acre property.

Project Description:

The project consists of the construction of an 18-hole miniature golf course with an approximately 610 square foot ticket booth, a 720 square foot outdoor covered patio, and a 54-space parking lot. Access to the site would be provided by a commercial driveway connecting to Palm Canyon Drive. Water and Sewer service would be provided by the Borrego Water District. Proposed earthwork quantities for the project consist of approximately 178 cubic yards of cut and fill.

The project site is subject to the Village General Plan Regional Category, Land Use Designation Rural Commercial (C-4). Zoning for the site is Visitor-Serving Commercial (C42). The proposed uses are consistent with the Zoning and General Plan Land Use Designation of the property. The site is also subject a “B” Special Area Designator for community design review and a “V” Setback Designator which both require the processing of a Site Plan permit.

Overview of 15183 Checklist

California Public Resources Code section 21083.3 and California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines Section 15183 provides an environmental review process and exemption from additional environmental review for projects that are consistent with the development density established by existing zoning, community plan or general plan policies for which an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) was certified, except as might be necessary to examine whether there are project-specific significant effects which are peculiar to the project or its site. Section 15183 specifies that examination of environmental effects shall be limited to those effects that: (1) Are peculiar to the project or the parcel on which the project would be located, and were not analyzed as significant effects in a prior EIR on the zoning action, general plan, or community plan, with which the project is consistent, (2) Are potentially significant off-site impacts and cumulative impacts which were not discussed in the prior EIR prepared for the general plan, community plan or zoning action, or (3) Are previously identified significant effects which, as a result of substantial new information which was not known at the time the EIR was certified, are determined to

have a more severe adverse impact than discussed in the prior EIR. Section 15183(c) further specifies that if an impact is not peculiar to the parcel or to the proposed project, has been addressed as a significant effect in the prior EIR, or can be substantially mitigated by the imposition of uniformly applied development policies or standards, then an additional EIR need not be prepared for that project solely on the basis of that impact.

General Plan Update Program EIR

The County of San Diego General Plan Update (GPU) establishes a blueprint for future land development in the unincorporated County that meets community desires and balances the environmental protection goals with the need for housing, agriculture, infrastructure, and economic vitality. The GPU applies to all of the unincorporated portions of San Diego County and directs population growth and plans for infrastructure needs, development, and resource protection. The GPU included adoption of new General Plan elements, which set the goals and policies that guide future development. It also included a corresponding land use map, a County Road Network map, updates to Community and Subregional Plans, an Implementation Plan, and other implementing policies and ordinances. The GPU focuses population growth in the western areas of the County where infrastructure and services are available in order to reduce the potential for growth in the eastern areas. The objectives of this population distribution strategy are to: 1) facilitate efficient, orderly growth by containing development within areas potentially served by the San Diego County Water Authority (SDCWA) or other existing infrastructure; 2) protect natural resources through the reduction of population capacity in sensitive areas; and 3) retain or enhance the character of communities within the unincorporated County. The SDCWA service area covers approximately the western one third of the unincorporated County. The SDWCA boundary generally represents where water and wastewater infrastructure currently exist. This area is more developed than the eastern areas of the unincorporated County, and would accommodate more growth under the GPU.

The GPU EIR was certified in conjunction with adoption of the GPU on August 3, 2011. The GPU EIR comprehensively evaluated environmental impacts that would result from Plan implementation, including information related to existing site conditions, analyses of the types and magnitude of project-level and cumulative environmental impacts, and feasible mitigation measures that could reduce or avoid environmental impacts.

Summary of Findings

The Project is consistent with the analysis performed for the GPU EIR. Further, the GPU EIR adequately anticipated and described the impacts of the proposed project, identified applicable mitigation measures necessary to reduce project specific impacts, and the project implements these mitigation measures (see [http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/PDS/gpupdate/docs/BOS_Aug2011/EIR/FEIR_7.00 -
_Mitigation_Measures_2011.pdf](http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/PDS/gpupdate/docs/BOS_Aug2011/EIR/FEIR_7.00_-_Mitigation_Measures_2011.pdf) for complete list of GPU Mitigation Measures.

A comprehensive environmental evaluation has been completed for the project as documented in the attached §15183 Environmental Checklist. This evaluation concludes that the project qualifies for an conformance with CEQA in accordance with §15183 because it is consistent with the development density and use characteristics established by the County of San Diego General Plan, as analyzed by the San Diego County General Plan Update Final Program EIR (GPU EIR, ER #02-ZA-001, SCH #2002111067), and all required findings can be made.

The project qualifies for conformance with CEQA in accordance with CEQA Guidelines §15183 because the following findings can be made:

- 1. The project is consistent with the development density established by existing zoning, community plan or general plan policies for which an EIR was certified.**

The proposed project consists of a commercial use and does not propose additional development density or residential uses that would be in conflict with the Rural Commercial (C-4) General Plan Land Use Designation or Village Regional Category for which the GPU EIR was certified.

2. There are no project specific effects which are peculiar to the project or its site, and which the GPU EIR Failed to analyze as significant effects.

The subject property is no different than other properties in the surrounding area, and there are no project specific effects which are peculiar to the project or its site. The project site is located in an area adjacent to commercially zoned property along Palm Canyon Drive The property does not support any peculiar environmental features, and the project would not result in any peculiar effects.

In addition, as explained further in the 15183 Checklist below, all project impacts were adequately analyzed by the GPU EIR. The project could result in potentially significant impacts to Biological Resources, and Cultural Resources. However, applicable mitigation measures and project design features related to Biological Resources and Cultural Resources as specified within the GPU EIR have been made conditions of approval for this project. Additionally, project design features consistent with recent State regulations as well as consistency with applicable ordinances, CEQA guidelines for determining significance, and Board Policies that were identified as mitigation measures within the GPU EIR associated with Transportation/Traffic, Air Quality, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Noise, Wildfire, Hydrology/Water Quality, Public Services, and Land Use and Planning have been made conditions of approval for this project.

3. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which the GPU EIR failed to evaluate.

The proposed project is consistent with the use characteristics and limitations of the development considered by the GPU EIR through the application of a Site Plan and would represent a small part of the growth that was forecasted for build-out of the General Plan. The GPU EIR considered the incremental impacts of the proposed project, and as explained further in the 15183 Checklist below, no potentially significant off-site or cumulative impacts have been identified which were not previously evaluated.

4. There is no substantial new information which results in more severe impacts than anticipated by the GPU EIR.

As explained in the 15183 checklist below, no new information has been identified which would result in a determination of a more severe impact than what had been anticipated by the GPU EIR.

5. The project will undertake feasible mitigation measures specified in the GPU EIR.

As explained in the 15183 checklist below, the project will undertake feasible mitigation measures specified in the GPU EIR. These GPU EIR mitigation measures will be undertaken through project design, compliance with regulations and ordinances, or through the project's conditions of approval.

Signature May 4, 2023 - July 6, 2023
Date

Sean Oberbauer

Printed Name **Project Manager**
Title

CEQA Guidelines §15183 Environmental Checklist

Overview

This checklist provides an analysis of potential environmental impacts resulting from the proposed project. Following the format of CEQA Guidelines Appendix G, environmental effects are evaluated to determine if the project would result in a potentially significant impact triggering additional review under Guidelines section 15183.

- Items checked “Significant Project Impact” indicates that the project could result in a significant effect which either requires mitigation to be reduced to a less than significant level or which has a significant, unmitigated impact.
- Items checked “Impact not identified by GPU EIR” indicates the project would result in a project specific significant impact (peculiar off-site or cumulative that was not identified in the GPU EIR.
- Items checked “Substantial New Information” indicates that there is new information which leads to a determination that a project impact is more severe than what had been anticipated by the GPU EIR.

A project does not qualify for conformance with CEQA in accordance with §15183 if it is determined that it would result in: 1) a peculiar impact that was not identified as a significant impact under the GPU EIR; 2) a more severe impact due to new information; or 3) a potentially significant off-site impact or cumulative impact not discussed in the GPU EIR.

A summary of staff’s analysis of each potential environmental effect is provided below the checklist for each subject area. A list of references, significance guidelines, and technical studies used to support the analysis is attached in Appendix A. Appendix B contains a list of GPU EIR mitigation measures.

	Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
--	----------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

1. Aesthetics – Would the Project:

- | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Discussion

1(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. A vista is a view from a particular location or composite views along a roadway or trail. Scenic vistas often refer to views of natural lands but may also be compositions of natural and developed areas, or even entirely of developed and unnatural areas, such as a scenic vista of a rural town and surrounding agricultural lands. What is scenic to one person may not be scenic to another, so the assessment of what constitutes a scenic vista must consider the perceptions of a variety of viewer groups.

The items that can be seen within a vista are visual resources. Adverse impacts to individual visual resources or the addition of structures or developed areas may or may not adversely affect the vista. Determining the level of impact to a scenic vista requires analyzing the changes to the vista as a whole and also to individual visual resources.

As described in the General Plan Update Environmental Impact Report (GPU EIR; County of San Diego 2011), the County contains visual resources affording opportunities for scenic vistas in every community. Resource Conservation Areas (RCAs) are identified within the GPU EIR and are the closest that the County comes to specifically designating scenic vistas. Many public roads in the County currently have views of RCAs or expanses of natural resources that would have the potential to be considered scenic vistas. Numerous public trails are also available throughout the County. New development can often have the potential to obstruct, interrupt, or detract from a scenic vista.

Approximately four Resource Conservation Areas (RCAs) have been identified by the County in the Borrego Springs Community Plan. The four RCAs are primarily biological and cultural resources and are located more than 2 miles away from the site. Construction associated with the project consists of a ticket booth with an attached patio as well as a miniature golf course. The ticketing booth with an attached patio would total approximately 1,330 square feet which is comparable in square footage to residences within the project vicinity. The project will not impact or detract from views of RCAs identified in the Borrego Springs Community Plan Area due to intervening topography and structures as well as the overall distance of the project site from the RCAs.

Scenic vistas are also in the project vicinity as scenic highways as the project is located adjacent to Valley Center Road, a Scenic Highway identified in the General Plan. The

project is located within the boundaries of the Borrego Springs Community Planning Area on a site subject to a “B” Special Area Designator which requires the processing of a Site Plan permit in order to demonstrate conformance with the Borrego Springs Community Plan. Plot plans including a site design and layout, architecture elevations, signage, and conceptual landscaping have been submitted as part of the Site Plan application process. Therefore, the Project will not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista.

- 1(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as scenic (Caltrans - California Scenic Highway Program). Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist’s line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The scenic highway corridor extends to the visual limits of the landscape abutting the scenic highway.

No Scenic Highways designated by Caltrans are in proximity to the Project site. However, the County General Plan identifies roadways that are designated as scenic corridors within the Conservation and Open Space Element and have been included as part of the County Scenic Highway System. Designated scenic roadways located in the vicinity of the Project site include Palm Canyon Drive along State Route 79 east to Imperial County Line segment identified in the County of San Diego General Plan. The project site is located adjacent to Palm Canyon Drive, a Scenic Highway identified in the County of San Diego General Plan. The primary structure associated with the miniature golf course is a ticket booth which has been designed with mid-century modern features consistent with residential dwellings and commercial structures within Borrego Springs. Additionally, the miniature golf course is designed to have drought tolerant landscaping with decorative rocks that are consistent with the visual landscape of Borrego Springs. The project site is subject to the “G” Height Designator in the Zoning Ordinance which requires structures to be a maximum height of 35-feet. The ticketing booth associated with the project is designed to be a maximum height of 16 feet and all structures on the project site are compliant with the 35-foot “G” Height Designator. The existing visual character of views along Palm Canyon Drive are primarily incidental residential and commercial structures. The proposed project consists of minimal grading and does not propose to substantially alter land in the area as it consists of approximately 178 cubic yards of cut and fill. Additional analysis regarding impacts to scenic resources and visual character can be found in response 1(a) and 1(c). As the proposed Project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above and response 1(a), the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 1(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer’s perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers.

The project would be consistent with existing visual character of the project site and views within the community. The proposed project consists of the development of a vacant commercial lot and will not substantially alter landform steep slopes. Refer to response 1(a) and 1(b) for additional discussions regarding impacts to the existing visual character

of the project site and vicinity. The project as designed will not substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on visual character or quality to be significant and unavoidable. However, the Project would have a less than significant impact with no required mitigation for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 1(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. Commercial lighting would be required to conform with the County’s Light Pollution Code to prevent spillover onto adjacent properties and minimize impacts to dark skies. The project has been conditioned to ensure conformance with the County’s Lighting Code during any processing of a building permit for the project. The Project is conditioned to be subject to the performance and lighting standards outlined Section 6300 of the Zoning Ordinance in order to prevent light pollution and spill onto adjacent properties. Lighting for the signage and architectural features of the project have been designed to be fully shielded and externally illuminated as well as lighting behind letters. Therefore, the project will not create a new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from light or glare to be significant and unavoidable. However, the project would have a less than significant impact with no required mitigation for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Aesthetics, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the Project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. No mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR would be required because Project specific impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, the Project would not result in an impact which was not adequately evaluated by the GPU EIR.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
---	---	--

2. Agriculture/Forestry Resources – Would the Project:

a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, or other agricultural resources, to a non-agricultural use?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

- b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?

- c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production?

- d) Result in the loss of forest land, conversion of forest land to non-forest use, or involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

- e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Important Farmland or other agricultural resources, to non-agricultural use?

Discussion

2(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The Project site contains lands designated as prime soils but not as Farmland of Local Importance according to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP). However, the site is located in a desert basin, outside of the service area by the County Water Authority, and has a water rating of low. Additionally, the Project site does not contain 10 acres or contiguous Prime Farmland or Statewide Importance Soils as defined by the FMMP. Therefore, the site would not be considered to be a viable agricultural resource and no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance to a non-agricultural use would occur as a result of this Project. Therefore, no potentially significant impact or conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance to a non-agricultural use would occur as a result of this project. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from direct and indirect conversion of agricultural resources to be significant and unavoidable. As the project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

2(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The Project site is zone C42, a commercial zone. The nearest lands under Williamson Act Contract or in an agricultural preserve are located approximately 9-miles southwest of the Project site. Due to distance, no land-use interface conflicts would occur. Additionally, the Project is for the development of a miniature golf course which is permitted within the C42 zone and is adjacent to properties subject to commercial and residential zones. Therefore, the Project would not conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use or a Williamson Act Contract.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from land use conflicts to be less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided in the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 2(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The project site including any offsite improvements do not contain any forest lands as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g), therefore project implementation would not result in the loss or conversion of forest land to a non-forest use. The outer edge of the Cleveland National Forest is located over 20 miles southwest of the project site. Thus, due to distance, the Project would have no impact on the Forest. In addition, the County of San Diego does not have any existing Timberland Production Zones.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from direct and indirect conversion of agricultural resources (including forest resources), to be significant and unavoidable. However, the project would have a less than significant impact to forest resources. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 2(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. As indicated in response 2(c), the Project site, or any off-site improvements, are not located near any forest lands. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 2(e) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. No agricultural operations are currently taking place on the Project site. In addition, no impacts would occur in association with interface conflicts. Please refer to response 2(a) and 2(b) for a discussion on off-site agricultural resources and interface conflicts.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from direct and indirect conversion of agricultural resources (including forest resources) to be significant and unavoidable. However, the Project would have a less than significant impact to agricultural resources. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Agriculture/Forestry Resources, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the Project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. No mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR would be required because Project specific impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, the Project would not result in an impact which was not adequately evaluated by the GPU EIR.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
---	---	--

3. Air Quality – Would the Project:

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP)? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Discussion

3(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The Regional Air Quality Standard (RAQS) and State Implementation Plan (SIP) are based on General Plans within the region and the development assumptions contained within them. The project is for the construction of a miniature golf course on a commercial 1.86-acre property and is consistent with the land use designation and use regulations allowed on the project site in accordance with the County General Plan and Zoning Ordinance. The proposed project is subject to the General Plan Village Regional Category and Rural Commercial (C-4) Land Use Designation. The property is zoned Visitor-Serving Commercial (C42) which permits Participant Sports and Recreation: Outdoor in accordance with Sections 2420 and 2422 of the Zoning Ordinance. The site is also subject a “B” Special Area Designator for community design review and a “V” Setback Designator which both require the processing of a Site Plan permit. The proposed use is consistent with the General Plan Designation and the Zoning for the site and a General Plan Amendment or Zoning Reclassification is not required for the project. Because the proposed Project is allowed under the General Plan land use designation, which is used in San Diego Association of Governments’ (SANDAG’s) growth projections, it is consistent with San Diego County Air Pollution Control District’s (SDAPCD’s) Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) and portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP). The project is conditioned for the installation of electrical vehicle parking spaces consistent with CALGreen Tier 2 Standards which is consistent with measure Air-2.1 in the General Plan EIR. In addition, the construction and operational emissions from the Project would be below established screening-level thresholds (SLTs), as addressed under 3(b) below, and would not violate any ambient air quality standards. As such, the project would not conflict with either the RAQS or the SIP. Therefore, the project was anticipated in RAQS and SIP and would not conflict or obstruct implementation of these plans.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on air quality plans to be less than significant. As the project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 3(b) The GPU EIR concluded impacts to be significant and unavoidable. In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from area sources (landscaping and consumer products), energy (natural gas), transportation (on-road mobile sources), and short-term construction activities. The County of San Diego (County) has identified significance SLTs which incorporate SDAPCD's established air quality impact analysis trigger levels for all new source review (NSR) in SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and Rule 20.3. These SLTs identified in the County Guidelines can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g., stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. SLTs for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) are based on the threshold of significance for VOCs from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) for the Coachella Valley (which is more appropriate for the San Diego Air Basin). The County's SLTs and SDAPCD's trigger levels were developed in support of State and federal ambient air quality standards that are protective of human health.

The project consists of the construction of an 18-hole miniature golf course with an approximately 610 square foot ticket booth, a 720 square foot outdoor covered patio, and a 54-space parking lot. Proposed earthwork quantities for the project consist of approximately 178 cubic yards of cut and fill. Emissions during construction activities of the project would be temporary and localized. The project consists of minimal grading quantities with a primary single structure of a ticketing booth. Construction activities would be subject to SDAPCD Rule 55 to reduce fugitive dust and the project is conditioned to implement dust control measures to reduce fugitive dust. The air quality emissions for construction of the project are quantified in the CalEEMod data output dated March 7, 2023. The emissions generated during construction activities and the operation of the project would not exceed San Diego County screening level thresholds for VOCs, NO_x, CO, SO_x, PM₁₀, or PM_{2.5}. Operations of the miniature golf course are anticipated to generate approximately 90 average daily trips (ADT). Due to the minimal amount of average daily trips associated with the project, the project is not anticipated to generate air quality emissions above screen level thresholds associated with the accumulation of vehicles in high quantities of traffic. The emissions generated during construction activities and the operation of the project would not exceed San Diego County screening level thresholds for VOCs, NO_x, CO, SO_x, PM₁₀, or PM_{2.5}. Lastly, the project is consistent with measures Air-2.5, 2.6, and 2.7 outlined in the General Plan EIR which require projects to be consistent with APCD requirements, implementation of dust control measures, and the use of the County Guidelines of Determining Significance for Air Quality. Therefore, the project's regional air quality impacts would be less than significant through the implementation of measures as detailed in the General Plan EIR.

- 3(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The project would contribute PM₁₀, NO_x, and VOCs emissions from construction/grading activities; however, the incremental increase would not exceed established screening thresholds (see response 3(b)).

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined significant and unavoidable impacts to non-attainment criteria pollutants. However, the project would have a less than significant impact to non-attainment criteria pollutants for the reasons stated above. Therefore, the

project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 3(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The project consists of the construction and operation of a miniature golf course and does not propose residential uses or uses typically associated with sensitive receptors. The project is located along Palm Canyon Drive and is adjacent to residential uses and vacant land as well as commercial and residential zoned property. The operation of the miniature golf course is not anticipated to be a point-source of significant emissions of pollutants. Further information can be found in response 3(b).

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined significant and unavoidable impacts to sensitive receptors. However, the Project would have a less than significant impact to sensitive receptors. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 3(e) The GPU EIR determined less than significant impacts from objectionable odors. The project could produce objectionable odors during construction; however, these substances, if present at all, would only be in trace amounts and would not be distinguishable due to the location of the project adjacent to Palm Canyon Drive. Land uses and industrial operations typically associated with odor complaints include agricultural uses, wastewater treatment plants, food processing plants, chemical plants, refineries, landfills, dairies, and fiberglass molding. The proposed operation a miniature golf course is not typically associated with objectionable odors. The project site is primarily surrounded by vacant land with residential uses and commercial and residential zoning, and it is unlikely that the odors from the project would be distinguishable from existing sources given the vehicle emissions associated with adjacent roadways in the vicinity of the project site. The project is also required to comply with SDAPCD Rule 51, public nuisance, which would require the limiting of objectionable odors to be emitted from the site. Therefore, the project would not create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people and the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined less than significant impacts from objectionable odors. As the Project would have a less than significant impact from objectionable odors for the reasons stated above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

The project could result in potentially significant impacts to Air Quality; however, further environmental analysis is not required because:

1. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.

4. Feasible mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR will be applied to the project. Air-2.1, Air-2.5, Air-2.6, Air-2.7

	Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
--	----------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

4. Biological Resources – Would the Project:

a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--	--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or US Fish and Wildlife Service?

	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--	--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--	--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?

	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--	--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

e) Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources?

	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--	--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

Discussion

4(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. Biological resources on the project site were evaluated in a Biological Resource Letter Report prepared by Pacific Southwest Biological Services, dated July 6, 2022. The site contains Sonoran creosote bush scrub, Sonoran mixed woody scrub, and urban/developed habitats. Black-tailed jackrabbit, a County Group 2 wildlife species, was identified onsite and no sensitive plant species were identified onsite. As a result of this project, impacts will occur to 1.12 acres of Sonoran scrub habitat and the remainder of the site, including a drainage feature, will be avoided. However, as these remainder areas will not be preserved, they are considered impacted. Therefore, mitigation will be provided for impacts to 1.81 acres of Sonoran scrub habitat. The site is located within the County's draft East County MSCP in land designated as Agriculture or Natural Upland outside the Focused Conservation Area (FCA).

As considered by the GPU EIR, project impacts to sensitive habitat and/or species will be mitigated through ordinance compliance and through implementation of the following mitigation measures: offsite purchase of 1.81 acres of creosote bush scrub habitat (1:1 ratio) through the Anza Borrego Foundation, or other County-approved mitigation bank, and migratory bird breeding season avoidance. The GPU EIR identified these mitigation measures as Bio 1.6 and Bio 1.7.

- 4(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. A drainage feature is located within the northwest area of the property but is not considered a jurisdictional feature. The project proposes complete avoidance of this feature and if impacts were to occur, the applicant would be required to obtain permits from the authorizing resource agency, as necessary. The following sensitive habitats were identified on the site: Sonoran creosote bush scrub and Sonoran mixed woody scrub. As detailed in response a) above, direct, and indirect impacts to sensitive natural communities identified in the RPO, NCCP, Fish and Wildlife Code, and Endangered Species Act are mitigated.

As considered by the GPU EIR, project impacts to sensitive habitats will be mitigated through ordinance compliance and through implementation of the following mitigation measures: offsite purchase of 1.81 acres of creosote bush scrub habitat through the Anza-Borrego Foundation, or other County-approved mitigation bank, and migratory bird breeding season avoidance. The GPU EIR identified these mitigation measures as Bio 1.6 and Bio 1.7.

- 4(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The proposed project site does not contain any wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act; therefore, no impacts will occur. A drainage feature is located within the northwest area of the property but is not considered a jurisdictional feature. The project proposes complete avoidance of this feature and if impacts were to occur, the applicant would be required to obtain permits from the authorizing resource agency, as necessary. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to federally protected wetlands as significant with mitigation. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.
- 4(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. Based on a GIS analysis, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, and a Biological Resource Letter Report, it was determined that the site is not part of a regional linkage/corridor nor is it in an area considered regionally important for wildlife dispersal. The site would not assist in local wildlife movement as it lacks connecting vegetation and visual continuity with other potential habitat areas in the general project vicinity. The project site is directly adjacent to Palm Canyon Drive and near Ocotillo Circle with residential uses located north of the project site. The project site is also not located within a pre-approved mitigation area within an adopted MSCP Subarea.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to wildlife movement corridors as significant and unavoidable. However, the Project impacts were determined to be less than significant for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 4(e) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The project is located within the draft East County Multiple Species Conservation Program (ECMSCP) and outside of the South County MSCP. Therefore, it does not require conformance with the

Biological Mitigation Ordinance (BMO). The project is consistent with the County’s Guidelines for Determining Significance for Biological Resources, the Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO), and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) with the implementation of mitigation. The project will not conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources. Therefore, the project will not conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on local policies and ordinances as well as habitat conservation plans and natural community conservation plans as less than significant. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

The project could result in potentially significant impacts to biological resources; however, further environmental analysis is not required because:

- 5. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
- 6. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
- 7. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
- 8. Feasible mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR will be applied to the project.

5. Cultural Resources – Would the Project:

	Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in 15064.5?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to 15064.5?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique geologic feature?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Discussion

5(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. Based on an analysis of records, previous negative surveys, databases, historic imagery, aerial imagery, and review of previous permits by a County approved archaeologist, it has been determined that there are no impacts to historical resources because they do not occur within the project site. Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County approved historian, Richard Carrico, it has been determined that there are no impacts to historical resources because they do not occur within the project site. The results of the survey are provided in a historical resources report titled, "Archaeological Report for the Archaeological Survey of the 1.86-Acre Borrego Springs Parcel (APN-141-384-14-00), PDS2021-STP-21-016, Borrego Springs, California" (November 20, 2021), prepared by Richard Carrico. The project site does not contain any structures of historical significance as it is primarily vacant land. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on historic resources to be less than significant with mitigation. However, the proposed Project determined impacts on historic resources to be less than significant with no required mitigation. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

5(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County approved archaeologist, Richard Carrico, it has been determined that there are no impacts to archaeological resources because they are avoided by project design. One archaeological site (P-37-039740) was identified that consists of brownware sheds. The site is within a flood zone which is prohibited from development. The results of the survey are provided in an archaeological resources report titled, "Archaeological Report for the Archaeological Survey of the 1.86-Acre Borrego Springs Parcel (APN-141-384-14-00), PDS2021-STP-21-016, Borrego Springs, California" (November 20, 2021), prepared by Richard Carrico.

The potential exists for subsurface deposits because of known resources onsite and in the surrounding area. As considered by the General Plan EIR, potential impacts to cultural resources will be mitigated through ordinance compliance and through implementation of the following mitigation measures: grading monitoring under the supervision of a County-approved archaeologist and a Native American monitor and conformance with the County's Cultural Resource Guidelines if resources are encountered. The General Plan EIR identified these mitigation measures as Cul 2.5. The project will be conditioned with archaeological monitoring (Cul-2.5) that includes the following requirements:

- Pre-Construction
 - Contract with a County approved archaeologist to perform archaeological monitoring and a potential data recovery program during all earth-disturbing activities. The Project Archaeologist shall perform the monitoring duties before, during and after construction.
 - Pre-construction meeting to be attended by the Project Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American monitor to explain the monitoring requirements.
- Construction
 - Monitoring. Both the Project Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American monitor are to be onsite during earth disturbing activities. The frequency and location of monitoring of native soils will be determined by the Project Archaeologist in consultation with the Kumeyaay Native American monitor.

Both the Project Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American monitor will evaluate fill soils to ensure that they are negative for cultural resources

- If cultural resources are identified:
 - Both the Project Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American monitor have the authority to divert or temporarily halt ground disturbance operations in the area of the discovery.
 - The Project Archaeologist shall contact the County Archaeologist at the time of discovery.
 - The Project Archaeologist in consultation with the County Archaeologist and Kumeyaay Native American monitor shall determine the significance of discovered resources.
 - Construction activities will be allowed to resume after the County Archaeologist has concurred with the significance evaluation.
 - Isolates and non-significant deposits shall be minimally documented in the field. Should the isolates and non-significant deposits not be collected by the Project Archaeologist, the Kumeyaay Native American monitor may collect the cultural material for transfer to a Tribal curation facility or repatriation program.
 - If cultural resources are determined to be significant, a Research Design and Data Recovery Program shall be prepared by the Project Archaeologist in consultation with the Kumeyaay Native American monitor and approved by the County Archaeologist. The program shall include reasonable efforts to preserve (avoid) unique cultural resources of Sacred Sites; the capping of identified Sacred Sites or unique cultural resources and placement of development over the cap if avoidance is infeasible; and data recovery for non-unique cultural resources. The preferred option is preservation (avoidance).
- Human Remains.
 - The Property Owner or their representative shall contact the County Coroner and the PDS Staff Archaeologist.
 - Upon identification of human remains, no further disturbance shall occur in the area of the find until the County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. If the human remains are to be taken offsite for evaluation, they shall be accompanied by the Kumeyaay Native American monitor.
 - If the remains are determined to be of Native American origin, the Most Likely Descendant (MLD), as identified by the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC), shall be contacted by the Property Owner or their representative in order to determine proper treatment and disposition of the remains.
 - The immediate vicinity where the Native American human remains are located is not to be damaged or disturbed by further development activity until consultation with the MLD regarding their recommendations as required by Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 has been conducted.
 - Public Resources Code §5097.98, CEQA §15064.5 and Health & Safety Code §7050.5 shall be followed in the event that human remains are discovered.
- Rough Grading
 - Monitoring Report. Upon completion of Rough Grading, a monitoring report shall be prepared identifying whether resources were encountered. A copy of the monitoring report shall be provided to the South Coastal Information Center and any culturally-affiliated tribe who requests a copy.

- Final Grading
 - Final Report. A final report shall be prepared substantiating that earth-disturbing activities are completed and whether cultural resources were encountered. A copy of the final report shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center, and any culturally-affiliated tribe who requests a copy.
 - Cultural Material Conveyance
 - The final report shall include evidence that all prehistoric materials have been curated at a San Diego curation facility or Tribal curation facility that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79, or alternatively have been repatriated to a culturally affiliated tribe.
 - The final report shall include evidence that all historic materials have been curated at a San Diego curation facility that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79.

The GPU EIR identified these mitigation measures as Cul-2.5. The environmental documentation associated with the project does not consist of a Mitigated Negative Declaration, Negative Declaration, or Environmental Impact Report which requires AB-52 consultation. The project is required to conform with Grading Ordinance Sections 87.429 and 87.430 which requires grading operations to be suspended in the event that resources are encountered and a County Official shall be informed to evaluate potentially significant resources.

- 5(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The site does not contain any unique geologic features that have been listed in the County's Guidelines for Determining Significance for Unique Geology Resources nor does the site support any known geologic characteristics that have the potential to support unique geologic features.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on unique geologic features as less than significant. As the Project would have a less-than-significant impacts for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 5(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. A review of the County's Paleontological Resources Maps and data on San Diego County's geologic formations indicates that the project is located on geological formations (low sensitivity) that potentially contain unique paleontological resources. Accordingly, grading monitoring by the project contractor will be a condition of project approval. The project is required to conform with Grading Ordinance Sections 87.429 and 87.430 which requires grading operations to be suspended in the event that resources are encountered and a County Official shall be informed to evaluate potentially significant resources.

As considered by the GPU EIR, potential impacts to paleontological resources will be mitigated through ordinance compliance and through implementation of the following mitigation measures: grading monitoring by the project contractor and conformance with the County's Paleontological Resource Guidelines if resources are encountered. The GPU EIR identified these mitigation measures as Cul-3.1.

- 5(e) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. Based on an analysis of records and archaeological surveys of the property, it has been determined that the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains. The project is required to conform with Grading

Ordinance Sections 87.429 and 87.430 which requires grading operations to be suspended in the event that resources are encountered and a County Official shall be informed to evaluate potentially significant resources. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to human remains as less than significant with mitigation. The proposed Project determined impacts to human remains as potentially significant.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of cultural/paleontological resources, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. Feasible mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR will be applied to the project.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
---	---	--

6. Energy Use – Would the Project:

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Discussion

Energy use was not specifically analyzed within the GPU EIR as a separate issue area under CEQA. At the time, Energy Use was contained within Appendix F of the CEQA Guidelines and since then has been moved to the issue areas within Appendix G of the CEQA Guidelines. However, the issue of energy use in general was discussed within the GPU and the GPU EIR. For example, within the Conservation and Open Space Element of the GPU, Goal COS-15 promotes sustainable architecture and building techniques that reduce emissions of criteria pollutants and Greenhouse Gas (GHG), while protecting public health and contributing to a more sustainable environment. Policies, COS-15.1, COS-15.2, and COS-15.3 would support this goal by encouraging design and construction of new buildings and upgrades of existing buildings to maximize energy efficiency and reduce GHG. Goal COS-17 promotes sustainable solid waste management. Policies COS-17.1 and COS-17.5 would support this goal by reducing GHG emissions through waste reduction techniques and methane recapture. The analysis below specifically analyzes the energy use of the project.

- 6(a) The project would increase the demand and consumption of electricity at the project site during construction and operation, relative to existing conditions. CEQA requires mitigation measures to reduce “wasteful, inefficient and unnecessary” energy usages

(Public Resources Code Section 21100, subdivision [b][3]). Neither the law nor the State CEQA Guidelines establish criteria that define wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary use. The project consists of a miniature golf course with minimal amounts of buildings and grading consisting of a 610 square foot ticket booth with an attached patio as well as 178 cubic yards of cut/fill. Compliance with building code standards would result in highly energy-efficient buildings. However, compliance with building codes does not adequately address all potential energy impacts during construction and operation. The Project is conditioned to not use natural gas for operations of the project throughout the duration of the permit. It can be expected that energy consumption, outside of the building code regulations, would occur through the transport of construction materials to and from the site during the construction phase, and trips to and from the site during the operational phase.

During the grading and construction phases of the Project, the primary energy source utilized would be petroleum from construction equipment and vehicle trips. To a lesser extent, electricity would also be consumed for the temporary electric power for as-necessary lighting and electronic equipment. Activities including electricity would be temporary and negligible; therefore, electricity use during grading and construction would not result in wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy. In addition, the proposed project consists of 178 cubic yards of balanced cut and fill which is a minimal amount of grading. Vehicle trips associated with the transportation of construction materials and construction workers commutes would also result in petroleum consumption, but to a lesser extent. Petroleum consumptions would be necessary for operation and maintenance of construction equipment and would not be beyond what is necessary for the Project. Due to the aforementioned factors, the Project's energy consumption during the grading and construction phase would not be considered wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary.

Operation of the project would require use of water for landscape maintenance. The Project will obtain its water supply from Borrego Water District (BWD). The BWD obtains its groundwater from the Borrego Springs Groundwater Subbasin No. 7-024.01 (Subbasin) which is critically over-drafted due to excessive groundwater pumping that exceeds natural replenishment. Groundwater in the Subbasin is subject to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). As detailed in will serve letters regarding water and sewer service from the Borrego Water District dated June 8, 2022 and November 18, 2021, the Borrego Water District will require the Project to purchase baseline pumping allocations in the amount needed to ensure sustainable groundwater management as required by SGMA and in accordance with the Stipulated Judgment. Operation of the project would be typical of commercial land uses within the surrounding project vicinity as the site is zoned for Visitor-Serving Commercial and the use is permitted within the zoning use regulation. Additionally, the Project would provide multiple sustainability features that would reduce transportation and building energy consumption and increase the efficient use of water through consistency with the County's Landscaping Ordinance, the project not requiring the use of natural gas for the operation of the miniature golf course, and consistency with CALGreen Tier 2 standards for off-street vehicle requirements.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR did not analyze Energy as a separate issue area under CEQA. Energy was analyzed under the GPU and GPU EIR and has been incorporated within General Plan Elements. The Project would not conflict with policies within the GPU related to energy use, nor would it result in the wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, as specified within Appendix G of the CEQA Guidelines.

6(b) Many of the regulations regarding energy efficiency are focused on increasing the energy efficiency of buildings and renewable energy generation, as well as reducing water consumption and reliance on fossil fuels. The project includes sustainability measures such as water reduction measures as required by the Landscaping Ordinance and complying with CALGreen Tier 2 standards for off-street vehicle requirements. By complying the CALGreen Tier 2 standards, the Project will increase the availability of electrical vehicle charging spaces within the Borrego Springs community. Additionally, the project would be consistent with sustainable development and energy reduction policies such as policies COS-14.3 and COS-15.4 of the General Plan, through compliance with the most recent building code and Energy Efficiency Standards at the time of project construction. Further information can be found within response 6(a) as well as Section 8: Greenhouse Gas Emissions of the 15183 Environmental Checklist. Therefore, the project would not conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR did not analyze Energy as a separate issue area under CEQA. Energy was analyzed under the GPU and GPU EIR and has been incorporated within General Plan Elements. The Project would not conflict with policies within the GPU related to energy use or conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency as specified within Appendix G of the CEQA Guidelines.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Energy, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the Project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
5. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
6. No mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR would be required because Project specific impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, the Project would not result in an impact which was not adequately evaluated by the GPU EIR.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
---	---	--

7. Geology and Soils – Would the Project:

a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: rupture of a known earthquake fault, strong seismic ground shaking, seismic-related ground failure, liquefaction, and/or landslides?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

- c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in an on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?
- d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?
- e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?

Discussion

7(a)(i) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The Project is not located in a fault rupture hazard zone identified by the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997, Fault-Rupture Hazards Zones in California, nor is it located within a known Active Fault Near-Source Zone. The County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards consider a project to have a potentially significant impact if the project proposes any building or structure to be used for human occupancy over or within 50 feet of the trace of an Alquist-Priolo fault or County Special Study Zone Fault. The Project site is located approximately 5 miles northeast from the nearest Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone. Additionally, construction in accordance with the California Building Code Seismic Requirements would be required prior to the issue of a building permit. Therefore, a less than significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known fault-rupture hazard zone would occur as a result of the proposed Project.

7(a)(ii) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. To ensure the structural integrity of all buildings and structures, the project must conform to the Seismic Requirements as outlined within the California Building Code. Therefore, compliance with the California Building Code and the County Building Code will ensure that the project will not result in a significant impact.

7(a)(iii) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. To ensure the structural integrity of all buildings and structures, the project must conform to the Seismic Requirements as outlined within the California Building Code. Therefore, compliance with the California Building Code and the County Building Code would ensure that the project would not result in a significant impact.

7(a)(iv) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The site is not located within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. Landslide Susceptibility Areas were developed based on landslide risk profiles included in the Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, San Diego, CA (URS, 2004). Landslide risk areas from this plan were based on data including steep slopes (greater than 25%); soil series data (SANDAG based on USGS 1970s series); soil-slip susceptibility from USGS; and Landslide Hazard Zone Maps (limited to western portion of the County) developed by the California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology (DMG). Based on the flat topography of the site, potential hazards associated with landslides are less than significant. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined less than significant impacts from

exposure to seismic-related hazards and soil stability. Additionally, earthwork associated with the project consists of 178 cubic yards of cut and fill as the site is relatively flat. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

7(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as Rosita loamy coarse sand, 2 to 9 slopes, that have a soil erodibility rating of severe. The project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil because the project will be required to comply with the Watershed Protection Ordinance (WPO) and Grading Ordinance which will ensure that the project would not result in any unprotected erodible soils, will not alter existing drainage patterns, and will not develop steep slopes. Additionally, the project will be required to implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) to prevent fugitive sediment. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from soil erosion and topsoil loss to be less than significant. As the project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

7(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. Landslide Susceptibility Areas was discussed in response (a)(iv). As indicated in response (a)(iv), the project site is not located within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards, and the potential for landslides to impact the proposed development is considered to be low.

Lateral spreading is a principal effect from liquefaction which was discussed in response 7(a)(iii). As discussed in response 7(a)(iii), the project site is not located within a "Potential Liquefaction Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. Subsidence and collapse may be caused by unstable geological structures or conditions. As stated in response 7(a), impacts to the project site from rupture of a known earthquake fault and strong seismic ground shaking or seismic-related ground failure would be unlikely to occur due to compliance with building code standards. Structures associated with the project consist of a 610 square foot ticketing booth with an attached outdoor covered patio and do not consist of residential uses. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from soil stability to be less than significant. As the project would have a less than significant impact with the consistency with building code standards, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

7(d) The GPU EIR determined impacts from expansive soils to be less than significant. The Project is not underlain by expansive soils. In addition, the Project would not result in a significant impact because compliance with the Building Code, preparation of a Soils Engineering Report, and implementation of standard engineering techniques would ensure structural safety. According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County the project is underlain by Rosita loamy coarse sand, 2 to 9 slopes and is not in an area anticipated to have expansive soils. The project will not result in a significant impact because compliance with the Building Code and implementation of standard engineering techniques will ensure structural safety.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from expansive soils to be less than significant. As the Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons

detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis within the GPU EIR because it would not create new impacts, increase impacts, and there is no new information of substantial importance than identified within the GPU EIR.

- 7(e) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The Project site would rely on public water and sewer for the disposal of wastewater. As such, the Project would not place septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems on soils incapable of adequately supporting the tanks or system.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to wastewater disposal systems to be less than significant. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Geology/Soils, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the Project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. No mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR would be required because Project specific impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, the Project would not result in an impact which was not adequately evaluated by the GPU EIR.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
----------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

8. Greenhouse Gas Emissions – Would the Project:

- | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Discussion

- 8(a) The General Plan and GPU EIR contain policies and mitigation measures associated with reducing greenhouse gas emissions including but not limited to compliance with the County Groundwater Ordinance, Landscape Ordinance, as well as implementation of solid waste reduction measures, reduction of Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT). Additional, the County of San Diego (County) General Plan incorporates smart growth and land planning principles intended to reduce vehicle miles traveled, and thereby reduce GHG emissions. Specifically, the General Plan directed preparation of a County Climate Action Plan (CAP) with reduction targets; development of regulations to encourage energy efficient building

design and construction; and development of regulations that encourage energy recovery and renewable energy facilities, among other actions. As such, on February 14, 2018, the County Board of Supervisors (Board) adopted a CAP, which identifies specific strategies and measures to reduce GHG emissions in the largely rural, unincorporated areas of San Diego County as well as County government operations. The County's 2018 Climate Action Plan (CAP) was set aside by the Fourth District Court of Appeal and rescinded by the Board. On September 30, 2020, the Board voted to set aside its approval of the County's 2018 CAP and related actions because the Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Report (2018 CAP SEIR) was found to be out of compliance with CEQA. In response to this Board action, the County is preparing a CAP Update to revise the 2018 CAP and correct the items identified by the 4th District Court of Appeal in San Diego within the Final 2018 CAP SEIR that were not compliant. Therefore, compliance with the 2018 CAP was not utilized to determine potential greenhouse gas (GHG) emission impacts.

Executive Order (EO) S-3-05 and EO B-30-15 established GHG emission reduction targets for the state, and AB 32 launched the CARB Climate Change Scoping Plan that outlined the reduction measures needed to reach the 2020 target, which the state has achieved. As required by SB 32, the California Air Resource Board's (CARB) 2017 Climate Change Scoping Plan outlines reduction measures needed to achieve the 2030 target. AB 1279, the California Climate Crisis Act, codified the carbon neutrality target as 85 percent below 1990 levels by 2045. CARB's 2022 Scoping Plan was adopted by the CARB Board December of 2022. In the absence of a locally adopted significance threshold and a GHG emission reduction plan, Project impacts were assessed using a project-specific, locally appropriate threshold, as guided by CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.4. Pending adoption of a new CAP, appropriate GHG emissions thresholds were considered for purposes of this analysis. Based on the specific characteristics of this project including the Project's less than significant impact associated with Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT), current guidance provided by the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) was used to evaluate GHG emissions. For land use development projects, the BAAQMD recommends using the approach endorsed by the California Supreme Court in *Center for Biological Diversity v. Department of Fish & Wildlife* (2015) (62 Cal.4th 204), which evaluates a project based on its effect on California's efforts to meet the state's long-term climate goals. As the Supreme Court held in that case, a project that would be consistent with meeting those goals can be found to have a less than significant impact on climate change under CEQA. If a project would contribute its "fair share" of what would be required to achieve those long-term climate goals, then a reviewing agency can find that the impact would not be significant because the project would help to solve the problem of global climate change (62 Cal.4th 220–223). If a land use project incorporates all of the design elements necessary for it to be carbon neutral by 2045, then it would contribute its portion of what is needed to achieve the state's climate goals and would help to solve the cumulative problem. It can therefore be found to make a less than cumulatively-considerable climate impact. Because this guidance supports how a project would contribute its "fair share" of the statewide long-term GHG reduction goals, it is not specific to the BAAQMD region and can also be applied in the San Diego region. The information provided in the BAAQMD Justification Report is intended to provide the substantial evidence that lead agencies need to support their determinations about significance using these thresholds. The BAAQMD Justification Report analyzes what would be required of new land use development projects to achieve California's long-term climate goal of carbon neutrality by 2045. A new land use development project being built today needs to incorporate the following design elements to do its "fair share" of implementing the goal of carbon neutrality by 2045:

- A) Projects must include, at a minimum, the following project design elements:
- 1) Buildings
 - a) The project will not include natural gas appliances or natural gas plumbing (in both residential and nonresidential development).
 - b) The project will not result in any wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary energy usage as determined by the analysis required under CEQA Section 21100(b)(3) and Section 15126.2(b) of the State CEQA Guidelines.
 - 2) Transportation
 - a) Achieve a reduction in project-generated VMT below the regional average consistent with the current version of the California Climate Change Scoping Plan (currently 15 percent) or meet a locally adopted Senate Bill 743 VMT target, reflecting the recommendations provided in the Governor's Office of Planning and Research's Technical Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA:
 - (i) Residential projects: 15 percent below the existing VMT per capita
 - (ii) Office projects: 15 percent below the existing VMT per employee
 - (iii) Retail projects: no net increase in existing VMT
 - b) Achieve compliance with off-street electric vehicle requirements in the most recently adopted version of CALGreen Tier 2.

The Project is consistent with both the Building and Transportation design elements as outlined in the BAAQMD Justification Report. The Project is conditioned to not use natural gas for the operations of the miniature golf course. Primary utilities and energy use associated with the operation of the golf course are anticipated to be associated with the use of electricity to power lighting and uses within the ticketing booth of the miniature golf course as well as the use of groundwater. Operation of the project would require use of water for landscape maintenance which is required to be in conformance with the Landscape Ordinance and requirements to demonstrating water use reduction. The Project will obtain its water supply from Borrego Water District (BWD). The BWD obtains its groundwater from the Borrego Springs Groundwater Subbasin No. 7-024.01 (Subbasin) which is critically over-drafted due to excessive groundwater pumping that exceeds natural replenishment. Groundwater in the Subbasin is subject to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). As detailed in will serve letters regarding water and sewer service from the Borrego Water District dated June 8, 2022 and November 18, 2021, the Borrego Water District will require the Project to purchase baseline pumping allocations in the amount needed to ensure sustainable groundwater management as required by SGMA and in accordance with the Stipulated Judgment. As detailed in Section 6: Energy Use, the Project is not expected to result in the wasteful use of energy.

The proposed use of a miniature golf course is locally serving and is not anticipated to generate a substantial amount of primary trips to the property in the community of Borrego Springs. The most appropriate land use trip generation associated with the Project can be found within the SANDAG's Not So Brief Guide of Vehicular Traffic Generation Rates for the San Diego Region. In accordance with SANDAG's Not So Brief Guide of Vehicular Traffic Generation Rates for the San Diego Region, the proposed project is anticipated to generate 90 average daily trips (ADT). In accordance with the adopted Transportation Study Guidelines, the Project meets the CEQA VMT screening criteria for projects generating less than 110 average daily trips (ADT) and will not result in a significant VMT impact. Additionally, the Governor's Office of Planning and Research Technically Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA dated December 2018 includes an analysis that many agencies have chosen to adopt screening thresholds of 110 ADT as a

small project screening threshold in order to determine if a project would not lead to a significant transportation/traffic impact associated with VMT. Because the project is anticipated to generate 90 ADT which is less than the 110 ADT small project screening threshold contemplated in the December 2018 Technical Advisory, the project would not lead to a significant transportation/traffic impact associated with VMT. The Project is also conditioned to be consistent with the CALGreen Tier 2 standards for compliance with off-street electric vehicle requirements which will result in increased availability of electrical vehicle charging stations within the Borrego Springs Community.

Lastly, the emissions associated with construction and operation of the miniature golf course were quantified in the CalEEMod data dated March 7, 2023 by Ascent Environmental Construction emissions associated with the development of the Project are temporary and expected to be approximately 134 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MTCO_{2e}). Operational emissions of the Project were estimated to be 242 MTCO_{2e}.

The project's implementation of design features for a "fair share" contribution towards the statewide goal of carbon neutrality by 2045 and the project's less than significant impact related to Vehicle Miles Traveled demonstrates that the project would not make a cumulatively considerable contribution to GHG emissions. Therefore, the project would not generate GHG emissions, either directly or indirectly, that would have a significant impact on the environment, and impacts would be less than significant.

- 8(b) The proposed Project is subject to the General Plan Village Regional Category and Rural Commercial (C-4) Land Use Designation. The project is also subject to the Borrego Springs Community Plan Policies. The property is zoned Visitor-Serving Commercial (C42) which permits Participant Sports and Recreation: Outdoor in accordance with Sections 2420 and 2422 of the Zoning Ordinance. The site is also subject a "B" Special Area Designator for community design review and a "V" Setback Designator which both require the processing of a Site Plan permit. The proposed use is consistent with the General Plan Designation and the Zoning for the site and a General Plan Amendment or Zoning Reclassification is not required for the project. Through its goals, policies, and land use designations, the County's General Plan aims to reduce County-wide GHG emissions. Furthermore, the County's General Plan growth projections were used to inform the development of the SANDAG Regional Transportation Plan and Sustainable Communities Strategy (SANDAG RTP/SCS). SANDAG's RTP/SCS is the region's applicable plan for reducing GHG emissions and is consistent with State GHG emissions reductions goals set by the California Air Resources Board (CARB).

In December of 2022, the CARB adopted a new Scoping Plan which outlined policies and strategies focused on three priority areas: 1. Transportation Electrification, 2. VMT Reduction, and 3. Building Decarbonization. As detailed in response 8(a), the Project will comply the three priority areas of the CARB scoping plan by increasing the availability of electrical vehicle charging stations, having a less than significant impact associated with VMT, and not including the use of natural gas for the operation of the miniature golf course. Because the proposed project is consistent with the General Plan land use and zoning, it is also consistent with State GHG emission reduction targets as identified in the SANDAG RTP/SCS. Therefore, the project would be consistent with any applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Greenhouse Gas Emissions, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. The project will apply measures outlined within GPU EIR including but not limited to compliance with the County Groundwater Ordinance, Landscape Ordinance, as well as reduction of Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT). Therefore, the Project would not result in an impact which was not adequately evaluated by the GPU EIR. The project will also apply project design features such as no use of natural gas as well as consistency with CALGreen Tier 2 standards for off-street parking.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
----------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

9. Hazards and Hazardous Materials – Would the Project:

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, storage, use, or disposal of hazardous materials or wastes or through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| c) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5, or is otherwise known to have been subject to a release of hazardous substances and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| d) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| e) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| f) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

g) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?

h) Propose a use, or place residents adjacent to an existing or reasonably foreseeable use that would substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies, which are capable of transmitting significant public health diseases or nuisances?

Discussion

9(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The project consists of the construction and operation of a miniature golf course with a ticketing booth and patio shade structure. The operation of the golf course does not anticipate transportation and use of potentially hazardous materials. Any waste associated with the project will be stored within a trash enclosure that is routinely maintained. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from transport, use and disposal of hazardous materials and accidental release of hazardous materials to be less than significant. The project conditions are consistent with General Plan Policy S-11.4 as analyzed in the GPU EIR. Thus, for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

9(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The project is located approximately a half of a mile southwest of the existing Borrego Springs High School. The project does not consist of handling or storage of hazardous materials as it consists of the operation and construction of a miniature golf course. Further information can be found in response 9(a) regarding required maintenance and handling of potentially hazardous materials associated with the project. Therefore, the project will not have any effect on an existing or proposed school.

9(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. Based on historic imagery, review of previous permits, and review of applicable databases, the project site is not adjacent to properties that are capable of releasing a hazardous substance. The nearest property that has the potential to release potentially hazardous materials is located over a mile east of the project site and contains an existing gas station. The gas station property had a case listed in 1999 on GeoTracker which has since been closed. The project does not propose structures for human occupancy or significant linear excavation within 1,000 feet of an open, abandoned, or closed landfill, is not located on or within 250 feet of the boundary of a parcel identified as containing burn ash (from the historic burning of trash), and is not on or within 1,000 feet of a Formerly Used Defense Site. Further information regarding ongoing operations of the site and potential release of hazardous substances can be found in response 9(a). Therefore, the project will not emit or release hazardous materials due to the historic uses of the site.

9(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The proposed Project is not located within an Airport Influence Area or an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Area. Additionally, the Project is not located within an Airport Safety Zone, within an Avigation Easement, an Overflight area or within a Federal Aviation Administration Height Notification Surface area. In addition, the Project does not propose

construction of any structure equal to or greater than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from an airport or heliport.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on public airports to be less than significant. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 9(e) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be a significant and unavoidable impact. The proposed project is not within one mile of a private airstrip. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.
- 9(f)(i) OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN AND MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN: The GPU EIR concluded this impact related to section 9(f) to be significant and unavoidable. The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency Management System. The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan includes an overview of the risk assessment process, identifies hazards present in the jurisdiction, hazard profiles, and vulnerability assessments. The plan also identifies goals, objectives and actions for each jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, including all cities and the County unincorporated areas. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established or prevent the goals and objectives of existing plans from being carried out.
- 9(f)(ii) SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN: The property is not within the San Onofre emergency planning zone.
- 9(f)(iii) OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT: The project is not located along the coastal zone.
- 9(f)(iv) EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN: The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure.
- 9(f)(v) DAM EVACUATION PLAN: The Project site is not located within an identified dam inundation zone. Additionally, the development would not constitute a "Unique Institution" such as a hospital, school, or retirement home pursuant to the Office of Emergency Services included within the County Guidelines for Determining Significance, Emergency Response Plans.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from emergency response and evacuation plans to be less than significant with mitigation. As the Project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 9(g) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death

involving wildland fires because the project will comply with the regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the Consolidated Fire Code. The project design has been reviewed and approved by the San Diego County Fire District. The project does not propose a residential use for occupancy. Therefore, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands

9(h) The GPU EIR concluded this impact as less than significant. The project does not involve or support uses that would allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident’s exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats, or flies.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from vectors to be less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Hazards, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. No mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR would be required because Project specific impacts would be less than significant by adhering to the Project conditions of approval, which are consistent with the GPU EIR.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
---	---	--

10. Hydrology and Water Quality – Would the Project:

- | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Violate any waste discharge requirements? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Is the project tributary to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, could the project result in an increase in any pollutant for which the water body is already impaired? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| c) Could the proposed project cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

- d) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?
- e) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?
- f) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?
- g) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems?
- h) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?
- i) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map, including County Floodplain Maps?
- j) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?
- k) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding?
- l) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?
- m) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?

Discussion

10(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The project site is located east of the Pacific/Salton Sea Divide as detailed in the Best Management Practice (BMP) Design Manual and does not require the preparation of a Priority Development Project Stormwater Quality Management Plan. A Standard Stormwater Quality Management Plan dated May 13, 2022 has been prepared for the project which identifies temporary/construction BMPs as well as post-construction BMPs in order to ensure that the project does not violate any waste discharge requirements. The project is designed to

minimize impervious surfaces within the construction materials of the parking lot. Additionally, the project requires storage and maintenance of a trash enclosure in order to minimize pollutant runoff from waste generated from the operation of the miniature golf course. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the San Diego Municipal Permit, as implemented by the BMP Design Manual.

In addition to WPO compliance this facility is subject to compliance with the Industrial Storm Water Permit with the CA State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) and is required to file a Notice of Intent (NOI) and develop and implement a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) in the event that the project impacts an area of 1 or more acres.

10(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The Project lies in the Borrego Sink sub-basin (722.13) of the Anza Borrego hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, a portion of this watershed is impaired including the Salton Sea, San Felipe Creek, Coyote Creek, Borrego Palm Canyon Creek. Pollutants of concern in the Salton Sea watershed include nutrients/agricultural runoff, salinity, and selenium. The project would comply with the Watershed Protection Ordinance (WPO) and would implement BMPs in order to prevent additional runoff and increase of pollutants into the water body. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined significant and unavoidable impacts to water quality standards and requirements. However, the proposed Project would have a less than significant impact to water quality standards with the implementation of a Project condition and compliance with local and state requirements. These requirements were identified by the GPU EIR as mitigation measures Hyd-1.2 through Hyd-1.5 for implementation of Low Impact Development Standards (LID), compliance with the Watershed Protection Ordinance (WPO), the Best Management Practices Design Manual, Groundwater Ordinance, and the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Surface Water Quality, Hydrology and Groundwater Resources. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

10(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The project does not consist of the storage or generation of many pollutants that could degrade groundwater quality. As stated in responses 10(a) and 10(b) above, implementation of BMPs and compliance with required ordinances will ensure that project impacts are less than significant. Further information related to groundwater usage can be found in response 10(d).

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determine significant and unavoidable impacts to water quality standards and requirements and groundwater supplies and recharge. However, the proposed Project would have a less than significant impact with mitigation to water quality standards and requirements, and groundwater supplies and recharge (Hyd-1.2 through Hyd-1.5). Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

10(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. Water usage for the Project is estimated to be 1.25 acre-feet per year. The Project will obtain its water supply from Borrego Water District (BWD). The BWD obtains its groundwater from the Borrego Springs Groundwater Subbasin No. 7-024.01 (Subbasin) which is critically over-drafted due to excessive groundwater pumping that exceeds natural replenishment. Groundwater in the Subbasin is subject to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). As of April 8, 2021, groundwater in the Subbasin has been fully adjudicated

through a court-approved stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment includes a groundwater management plan developed to meet SGMA requirements. All future water use will be subject to the stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment assigns “baseline pumping allocations” (BPAs) to specific parcels (including the BWD) which is the basis for annual groundwater pumping allowances to ensure sustainable groundwater management of the Subbasin. As detailed in will serve letters regarding water and sewer service from the Borrego Water District dated June 8, 2022 and November 18, 2021, the Borrego Water District will require the Project to purchase baseline pumping allocations in the amount needed to ensure sustainable groundwater management as required by SGMA and in accordance with the Stipulated Judgment. The Project is conditioned to be consistent with the requirements of the Borrego Water District. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined significant and unavoidable impacts to groundwater supplies and recharge. However, the proposed Project would have a less than significant impact to groundwater recharge for the reasons stated above and consistency with mitigation measure Hyd-2.2 for compliance with the Groundwater Ordinance. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 10(e) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. As outlined in the project’s SWQMP and in responses 10(a) and 10(b), the project will implement temporary/construction BMP’s to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff and will ensure that project impacts are less than significant. Additionally, the project does not involve a substantial amount of grading as construction consists of 178 cubic yards of cut/fill. A drainage certification letter dated December 14, 2021 prepared by Projection Engineering states that the minimal grading associated with the project is intended to mimic historical topographical grades and the project is minimizing impervious surfaces which will not result in the need for construction of additional drainage facilities. Therefore, the project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the area and would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined significant and unavoidable impacts to erosion or siltation and less than significant impacts. However, the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact to erosion or siltation (Hyd-1.2 through Hyd-1.5). Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 10(f) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. As outlined in the project’s SWQMP and in responses 10(a) and 10(b), the project will implement temporary/construction BMP’s to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff and will ensure that project impacts are less than significant. Additionally, the project does not involve a substantial amount of grading as construction consists of 178 cubic yards of cut/fill. A drainage certification letter dated December 14, 2021 prepared by Projection Engineering states that the minimal grading associated with the project is intended to mimic historical topographical grades and the project is minimizing impervious surfaces which will not result in the need for construction of additional drainage facilities. The project does not propose construction within the 100-year floodplain located on the northern portion of the project site. Therefore, the project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the area and would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined to be less than significant with mitigation. However, the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact to erosion or siltation (Hyd-1.2 through Hyd-1.5). Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

10(g) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. Additionally, the project does not involve a substantial amount of grading as construction consists of 178 cubic yards of cut/fill. A drainage certification letter dated December 14, 2021 prepared by Projection Engineering states that the minimal grading associated with the project is intended to mimic historical topographical grades and the project is minimizing impervious surfaces which will not result in the need for construction of additional drainage facilities. With mitigation, the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact with regards to exceeding the capacity of stormwater systems with consistency with measures (Hyd-1.2 through Hyd-1.5). Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

10(h) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The project does not consist of the storage or generation of many pollutants related to runoff. The project consists of the construction and operation of a miniature golf course which primarily has potential sources of pollutants related to surface runoff from a parking lot and storage of trash within a trash enclosure. As stated in responses 10(a) and 10(b) above, implementation of BMPs and compliance with required ordinances will ensure that project impacts are less than significant. Additionally, the trash enclosure is required to be routinely maintained.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to water quality standards and requirements as significant and unavoidable. However, the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact to water quality standards with the implementation of project conditions listed in 10(a). The conditions are consistent with the GPU EIR mitigation measures Hyd-1.2 through Hyd-1.5. Therefore, the Project would not be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

10(i) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The project does not propose any housing as it consists of the construction and operation of a miniature golf course. The project site contains a 100-year floodplain in the rear and northern portion of the property. The project has been designed to involve no construction within the limits of the 100-year floodplain. Additionally, the project does not propose any structures within the floodplain and does not involve structures designed for residential occupancy. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as less than significant with mitigation. The proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

10(j) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The project site contains a 100-year floodplain in the rear and northern portion of the property. The project has been designed to involve no construction within the limits of the 100-year floodplain. Additionally, the project does not propose any structures within the floodplain

and does not involve structures designed for residential occupancy. Because the project does not propose any construction within the limits of the 100-year floodplain of the property and will not substantially alter drainage patterns as outlined in a drainage certification letter dated December 14, 2021, the project will not impede or redirect flood flows. Therefore, no structures would be placed within a 100-year flood hazard area which would impede or redirect flood flows.

- 10(k) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. Proposed construction associated with the project lies outside any identified special flood hazard area. The project consists of commercial development and does not propose residential uses. The project site contains a 100-year floodplain in the rear and northern portion of the property. The project has been designed to involve no construction within the limits of the 100-year floodplain. Additional information related to the project's analysis associated with flood hazards can be found in response 10(j). The proposed Project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.
- 10(l) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The County Office of Emergency Services maintains Dam Evacuation Plans for each dam operational area. These plans contain information concerning the physical situation, affected jurisdictions, evacuation routes, unique institutions, and event responses. If a "unique institution" is proposed, such as a hospital, school, or retirement home, within dam inundation area, an amendment to the Dam Evacuation Plan would be required. As previously discussed in response 10(j), the project site lies outside a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County.
- 10(m) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation.
- 10(m)(i) SEICHE: The project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir.
- 10(m)(ii) TSUNAMI: The project site is not located in a tsunami hazard zone.
- 10(m)(iii) MUDFLOW: Mudflow is type of landslide. See response to question 6(a)(iv).

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Hydrology and Water Quality, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. Feasible mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR (Hyd-1.2 through Hyd-1.5) would be applied to the Project. The mitigation measures, as detailed above, requires the Project applicant to comply with Watershed Protection Ordinance, Stormwater Standards Manual/BMP Design Manual, Groundwater Ordinance, and Guidelines for Determining Significance for Hydrology and Water Quality.

	Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
--	----------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

11. Land Use and Planning – Would the Project:

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Physically divide an established community? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Discussion

11(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The project does not propose the introduction of new infrastructure such as major roadways, water supply systems, or utilities to the area. Additionally, build-out of this site was anticipated in the GPU EIR and GPU EIR mitigation measures Lan-1.1 through Lan-1.3 requiring coordination efforts for roadway widening and improvements to ensure that development of the site would not divide an established community. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from physically dividing an established community as less than significant with mitigation. However, the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

11(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The proposed Project is subject to the General Plan Village Regional Category and Rural Commercial (C-4) Land Use Designation. The project is also subject to the Borrego Springs Community Plan Policies. The property is zoned Visitor-Serving Commercial (C42) which permits Participant Sports and Recreation: Outdoor in accordance with Sections 2420 and 2422 of the Zoning Ordinance. The site is also subject a “B” Special Area Designator for community design review and a “V” Setback Designator which both require the processing of a Site Plan permit. The primary structure associated with the miniature golf course is a ticket booth which has been designed with mid-century modern features consistent with residential dwellings and commercial structures within Borrego Springs. Additionally, the miniature golf course is designed to have drought tolerant landscaping with decorative rocks that are consistent with the visual landscape of Borrego Springs. The Project is conditioned to be subject to the performance and lighting standards outlined Section 6300 of the Zoning Ordinance in order to prevent light pollution and spill onto adjacent properties as well as prevent the production of noise in excess of levels beyond adopted ordinances. Therefore, the project would not conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect, including policies of the General Plan and Community Plan. Therefore, the project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to conflicts with land use plans, policies, and regulations as less than significant. As the project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Land Use and Planning, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. Feasible mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR will be applied to the project.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
----------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

12. Mineral Resources – Would the Project:

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

12(a) The GPU EIR determined that impacts to mineral resources would be significant and unavoidable. The California Surface Mining and Reclamation Act (SMARA) required classification of land into Mineral Resource Zones (MRZs). The project site has not been classified by the California Department of Conservation – Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997) as an area for mineral resources. The project site is primarily classified as vacant commercially zoned land adjacent to commercial and residential uses. A future mining operation at the Project site would likely create a significant impact to neighboring properties for issues such as noise, air quality, traffic, and possibly other impacts. Therefore, implementation of the Project will not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value since the mineral resource has already been lost due to incompatible land uses.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to mineral resources to be significant and unavoidable. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

12(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The project site is not located in an Extractive Use Zone (S-82), nor does it have an Impact Sensitive Land Use Designation (24) with an Extractive Land Use Overlay (25). The project site is not located in an area that has MRZ-2 designated lands, nor is it located within 1,300 feet of

such lands. Therefore, no potentially significant loss of availability of a known mineral resource would occur as a result of the project.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to mineral resources to be significant and unavoidable. As the project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Mineral Resources, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. The GPU EIR concluded significant and unavoidable impacts to mineral resources, however, the Project would have less than significant impacts for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the Project would not result in an impact which was not adequately evaluated by the GPU EIR.

13. Noise – Would the Project:

- a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?
- b) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?
- c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?
- d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?
- e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?
- f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
----------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Discussion

13(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation.

The area surrounding the project site consists of commercial and rural residential uses. The project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the General Plan, Noise Ordinance, or other applicable standards for the following reasons:

General Plan – Noise Element: Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires projects to comply with a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 70 decibels (dBA). Projects which could produce noise in excess of 70 dB(A) are required to incorporate design measures or mitigation as necessary to comply with the Noise Element. Based on a review of the County’s noise contour maps, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of 70 dB(A). The project is located within noise contours of approximately 60 CNEL as identified in the Noise Element of the General Plan. The project does not propose any noise sensitive land uses and would not expose any existing noise sensitive receptors to noise levels that exceeds the County’s noise standards.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36-404: Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the Noise Ordinance at or beyond the project’s property line. The site is zoned commercial that has a one-hour average sound limit of 60 dBA daytime and 55 dBA nighttime. The adjacent properties are zoned Rural Residential and Visitor-Serving Commercial. The mean one-hour average sound limit at the nearest residential property line is a sound limit of 55 dBA daytime and 50 dBA nighttime. The proposed project consists of a miniature golf course. The project currently does not involve amplified music or noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line. In the event that outdoor music is played at the property, the music would be subject to levels consistent with the noise ordinance. The project does not involve any noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line. Therefore, the project complies with Section 36.404 of the Noise Ordinance.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36-410: The project will not generate construction noise in excess of Noise Ordinance standards. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation. The project proposes minimal grading as current grading quantities are anticipated to be 178 cubic yards of cut/fill. It is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM.

13(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The proposed project does not propose residential occupancy or introduction of sensitive receptors to groundborne noise or vibration, nor does the project propose any major, new, or expanded infrastructure such as highways, or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels. Therefore, the project will not expose persons to or generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on a project or cumulative level. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to excessive groundborne vibration as less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 13(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. As indicated in the response listed under Section 13(a), the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of any applicable noise standards. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. In accordance with SANDAG's Not So Brief Guide of Vehicular Traffic Generation Rates for the San Diego Region, the proposed project is anticipated to generate 90 average daily trips (ADT). Based on the limited amount of ADT generated by the project compared to the operations of the project frontage and adjacent roadway of Palm Canyon Drive, it is not anticipated that traffic generated by the project will result in large clusters of vehicles that can generate noise.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to permanent increase in ambient noise levels as less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 13(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. As indicated in the response listed under Section 13(a), the project does not involve any operational uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity. In addition, general construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.409), which are derived from State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation. Also, the project will not operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than 8 hours during a 24-hour period. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels as less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 13(e) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The project is not located within an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP) or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport. The nearest airport is the Borrego Valley Airport, which is located approximately 3 miles east of the project site.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from excessive noise exposure from a public or private airport as less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 13(f) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The project is not located within a one-mile vicinity of a private airstrip. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from excessive noise exposure from a public or private airport as less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less-

than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Noise, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the Project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. No mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR would be required because Project specific impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, the Project would not result in an impact which was not adequately evaluated by the GPU EIR.

	Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
14. Population and Housing – Would the Project:			
a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Discussion

14(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The project site is subject to the Rural Commercial (C-4) Land Use Designation and the Zoning Use Regulation is Visitor-Serving Commercial (C42) which are intended for commercial uses. The project will not induce substantial population growth in an area because the project does not propose any physical or regulatory change that would remove a restriction to or encourage population growth in an area. The project does not include an increase in population as it consists of a commercial use through the construction and operation of a miniature golf course.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from population growth to be less than significant. As the project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

14(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The project will not displace existing housing as the project involves the construction of a gas station and

convenience store on a vacant property that does not have any existing residential uses. No occupied residential structures or housing are proposed to be removed as part of the project.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from displacement of housing to be less than significant. As the project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 14(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. As indicated in response 14(b), the project will not displace existing housing as the project involves the construction of a miniature golf course on vacant land on a parcel in an area primarily zoned for commercial uses. No occupied residential structures or housing are proposed to be removed as part of the project.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from displacement of people to be less than significant. As the project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Population and Housing, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. No mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR would be required because project specific impacts would be less than significant.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
---	---	--

15. Public Services – Would the Project:

a) Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios for fire protection, police protection, schools, parks, or other public facilities?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

Discussion

15(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation for the exception of school services, which remained significant and unavoidable. The proposed project consists of the construction of a miniature golf course with minimal frontage improvements. Water usage for the Project is estimated to be 1.25 acre-feet per year. The

Project will obtain its water supply from Borrego Water District (BWD). The BWD obtains its groundwater from the Borrego Springs Groundwater Subbasin No. 7-024.01 (Subbasin) which is critically over-drafted due to excessive groundwater pumping that exceeds natural replenishment. Groundwater in the Subbasin is subject to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). As of April 8, 2021, groundwater in the Subbasin has been fully adjudicated through a court-approved stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment includes a groundwater management plan developed to meet SGMA requirements. All future water use will be subject to the stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment assigns “baseline pumping allocations” (BPAs) to specific parcels (including the BWD) which is the basis for annual groundwater pumping allowances to ensure sustainable groundwater management of the Subbasin. As detailed in will serve letters regarding water and sewer service from the Borrego Water District dated June 8, 2022 and November 18, 2021, the Borrego Water District will require the Project to purchase baseline pumping allocations in the amount needed to ensure sustainable groundwater management as required by SGMA and in accordance with the Stipulated Judgment. The Project is conditioned to be consistent with the requirements of the Borrego Water District. The project does not include construction of new or altered public service facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objects for public services. The proposed development is consistent with the General Plan projections and Land Use regulations, therefore, service ratios for public services associated with the project were analyzed within the GPU EIR and the project is not anticipated to require additional services. Based on the project’s service availability forms, the project would not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Public Services, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. Feasible mitigation measures from the GPU EIR (Pub-3.2) would be applied to the project. This mitigation measure, as detailed above, requires the project to conform to Board Policy I-84, which requires project Facility Availability and Commitment for Public Sewer, Water, School and Fire Services.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
---	---	--

16. Recreation – Would the Project:

a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
--------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

Discussion

16(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The Project does not propose any residential uses, including but not limited to a residential subdivision, mobile home park, or construction for a single-family residence that may increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities in the vicinity. No impact to parks or recreation facilities would occur as a result of the Project as it consists of a commercial use. Although the project consists of a privately-maintained business, the project is defined as Participant Sports and Recreation as detailed in Section 1505 of the Zoning Ordinance and would increase access to recreational uses.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts related to deterioration of parks and recreational facilities to be less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

16(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The Project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities such as parks. As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts related to construction of new recreational facilities to be less than significant. As the proposed Project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Recreation, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the Project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. No mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR would be required because Project specific impacts would be less than significant.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
---	---	--

17. Transportation and Traffic – Would the Project:

a) Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of the effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-

motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths and mass transit?

b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?

c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?

d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?

e) Result in inadequate emergency access?

f) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?

Discussion

17(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The County of San Diego Transportation Study Guidelines have been adopted by the County Board of Supervisors in September of 2022 to address Senate Bill 743 (SB 743). SB 743 changed the way that public agencies evaluate transportation impacts under CEQA. A key element of this law is the elimination of using auto delay, Level of Service (LOS), and other similar measures of vehicular capacity or traffic congestion as a basis for determining significant transportation impacts under CEQA. The new established criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts is Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) and is further addressed below. Although no longer utilized as the standard for evaluating transportation impacts under CEQA, the County’s General Plan identified LOS as being a required analysis per Policy M-2.1 and is therefore also addressed.

Section 15064.3 of the CEQA Guidelines details new regulations, effective statewide July 1, 2020, based on SB 743 that sets forth specific considerations for evaluating a project’s transportation impacts. As previously discussed, the new established criteria for determining the significance of transportation impacts is Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT). VMT refers to the amount and distance of automobile travel attributable to a project. The project would result in the construction of an 18-hole miniature golf course with an approximately 610 square foot ticket booth, a 720 square foot outdoor covered patio, and a 54-space parking lot. The proposed use of a miniature golf course is locally serving and is not anticipated to generate a substantially amount of primary trips to the property in the community of Borrego Springs. In accordance with SANDAG’s Not So Brief Guide of Vehicular Traffic Generation Rates for the San Diego Region, the proposed project is anticipated to generate 90 average daily trips (ADT). In accordance with the adopted

Transportation Study Guidelines, the project meets the CEQA VMT screening criteria for projects generating less than 110 average daily trips (ADT) and will not result in a significant VMT impact. Additionally, the Governor's Office of Planning and Research Technical Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA dated December 2018 includes an analysis that many agencies have chosen to adopt screening thresholds of 110 ADT as a small project screening threshold in order to determine if a project would not lead to a significant transportation/traffic impact associated with VMT. Because the project is anticipated to generate 90 ADT which is less than the 110 ADT small project screening threshold contemplated in the December 2018 Technical Advisory, the project would not lead to a significant transportation/traffic impact associated with VMT.

The project is demonstrating conformance with CEQA in accordance with CEQA Section 15183. The General Plan EIR contains implementation of the Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) as an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. The TIF program creates a mechanism to proportionally fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. The TIF measure was identified by the GPU EIR as Tra-1.7.

A Local Mobility Analysis is the tool utilized by the Transportation Study Guidelines to assess projects impacts to LOS. However, the Transportation Study Guidelines have also adopted thresholds for determining when a project must prepare a Local Mobility Analysis based on project type and number of trips. The project is consistent with the County General plan and would not result in more than 250 ADT. In accordance with the Transportation Study Guidelines, a Local Mobility Analysis was not required for the project. Therefore, the project would not conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy related to local mobility.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined significant and unavoidable impacts to unincorporated County traffic and LOS standards. However, the project would have a less than significant impact to County traffic and LOS standards as well as VMT with the incorporation of mitigation as detailed above. The measures were identified in the GPU EIR as Tra-1.7 and Tra-6.9 which require payment into the County TIF program as well as implementation of the County Subdivision Ordinance and the Community Trails Master Plan. In addition, the project would not conflict with SB 743 because it is anticipated to generate 90 ADT and is below the County's adopted small project screening threshold of 110 ADT and the small project screening threshold of 110 ADT contemplated in the December 2018 Technical Advisory. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the analysis within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 17(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The designated congestion management agency for the County is the San Diego Association of governments (SANDAG). In October 2009, the San Diego region elected to be exempt from the State CMP and, since this decision, SANDAG has been abiding by 23 CFR 450.320 to ensure the region's continued compliance with the federal congestion management process.

As previously stated, Section 15064.3 of the CEQA Guidelines details new regulations, effective statewide July 1, 2020 that sets forth specific considerations for evaluating a

project's transportation impacts. As discussed in 17(a), the project would result in a less than significant impact associated with VMT. As discussed in 17(a), the project is conditioned for the installation of a driveway and to maintain adequate sight distance. Therefore, the project would not conflict with an applicable congestion management program.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on significant and unavoidable impacts to unincorporated County traffic and LOS standards. However, the project would have a less than significant impact for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the analysis within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

17(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The Project site is not located within an Airport Influence Area, Airport Safety Zone, Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Area, Avigation Easement, or Overflight Area. Therefore, the Project would have a less than significant impact to air traffic patterns. The Project would be consistent with the analysis within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

17(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The proposed Project would not substantially alter traffic patterns, roadway design, place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways, or create curves, slopes or walls which would impede adequate sight distance on a road. The project proposes a driveway connecting to Palm Canyon Drive. The project will be conditioned to maintain adequate unobstructed sight distance for the proposed driveway. Palm Canyon Drive located along the project frontage is primarily linear and does not contain curves or bends. The project will not require substantial road improvements to Palm Canyon Drive that could alter the alignment of the road. Therefore, the proposed project will not alter traffic patterns, roadway design, place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways, or create curves, slopes or walls which would impede adequate sight distance on a road.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on rural road safety to be significant and unavoidable. However, the Project would have a less-than-significant impact with no mitigation required for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

17(e) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The proposed project will not result in inadequate emergency access. The project is not served by a dead-end road that exceeds the maximum cumulative length permitted by the San Diego County Consolidated Fire Code. In addition, consistent with GPU EIR mitigation measure Tra-4.2, the Project would implement the Building and Fire codes to ensure emergency vehicle accessibility.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on emergency access as less than significant with mitigation. As the Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above and is consistent with GPU EIR Mitigation Measure Tra-4.2, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

17(f) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The Project would not result in the construction of any road improvements or new road design features

that would interfere with the provision of public transit, bicycle or pedestrian facilities. In addition, the Project does not generate sufficient travel demand to increase demand for transit, pedestrian or bicycle facilities. As discussed in 17(a) the project is conditioned to improve roads along the project frontage in accordance with Public Road Standards.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on alternative transportation and rural safety as less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Transportation and Traffic, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the Project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
5. Feasible measures contained within the GPU EIR (Tra-1.4, Tra-1.7, and Tra-4.2, and) would be applied to the project. The mitigation measures, as detailed above, would require payment into the County TIF Program as well as consistency with the Building Code, Fire Code, and County Public Road Standards.

Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
----------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

18. Utilities and Service Systems – Would the Project:

- | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

adequate capacity to serve the project’s projected demand in addition to the provider’s existing commitments?

f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project’s solid waste disposal needs?

g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?

Discussion

18(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The Project would discharge domestic waste to a community sewer system that is permitted to operate by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Multiple service availability letters have been provided by the Borrego Water District for operations of the project for disposal of wastewater associated with the project.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on wastewater treatment requirements to be less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

18(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The Project involves new water and wastewater pipeline extensions. However, these extensions would be on-site, and would not result in additional adverse physical effects beyond those already identified in other sections of this environmental analysis. Water and sewer service would be provided by the Borrego Water District.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on wastewater treatment requirements to be less than significant with mitigation. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

18(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant with mitigation. The project involves minimal stormwater facilities in the form of construction/temporary BMPs as well as post-construction BMPs primarily related to maintenance of trash storage areas. No expansion or extension of drainage facilities are expected. A drainage certification letter dated December 14, 2021 prepared by Projection Engineering states that the minimal grading associated with the project is intended to mimic historical topographical grades and the project is minimizing impervious surfaces which will not result in the need for construction of additional drainage facilities.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts on sufficient stormwater drainage facilities to be less than significant. As the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

18(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. Water usage for the Project is estimated to be 1.25 acre-feet per year. The Project will obtain its water supply from Borrego Water District (BWD). The BWD obtains its groundwater from the

Borrego Springs Groundwater Subbasin No. 7-024.01 (Subbasin) which is critically over-drafted due to excessive groundwater pumping that exceeds natural replenishment. Groundwater in the Subbasin is subject to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). As of April 8, 2021, groundwater in the Subbasin has been fully adjudicated through a court-approved stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment includes a groundwater management plan developed to meet SGMA requirements. All future water use will be subject to the stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment assigns “baseline pumping allocations” (BPAs) to specific parcels (including the BWD) which is the basis for annual groundwater pumping allowances to ensure sustainable groundwater management of the Subbasin. As detailed in will serve letters regarding water and sewer service from the Borrego Water District dated June 8, 2022 and November 18, 2021, the Borrego Water District will require the Project to purchase baseline pumping allocations in the amount needed to ensure sustainable groundwater management as required by SGMA and in accordance with the Stipulated Judgment. The Project is conditioned to be consistent with the requirements of the Borrego Water District. Therefore, the Project would not substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable management of the basin. Also, the project would not conflict with a sustainable groundwater management plan.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts to adequate water supplies be significant and unavoidable. However, the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact with no required mitigation for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

- 18(f) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity to adequately serve the project. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.
- 18(g) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be less than significant. The project would deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

With regards to the issue area of Utilities and Service Systems, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the Project or its site have been identified.
2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. No mitigation measures contained within the GPU EIR would be required because Project specific impacts would be less than significant.

	Significant Project Impact	Impact not identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information
19. Wildfire – If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the Project:			
a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts in the environment?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Expose people or structures to significant risk, including downslopes or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire instability, or drainage changes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Discussion

Wildfire was analyzed within the GPU EIR within Section 2.7, Hazards and Hazardous Materials. The guidelines for determining significance stated: the proposed General Plan Update would have a significant impact if it would expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands. In 2019, the issue of Wildfire was separated into its own section within Appendix G of the CEQA Guidelines to incorporate the four issue questions above. The GPU EIR did address these issues within the analysis; however they were not called out as separate issue areas. Within the GPU EIR, the issue of Wildland Fires was determined to be significant and unavoidable.

19(a) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The site is located within a moderate fire hazard severity zone (FHSZ). The Project site is within the Borrego Springs Fire Protection District and is located approximately 1 mile from the nearest fire station. Based on a review by County Staff of GIS Aerial Imagery, the site would have an Emergency Response Travel Time of 0 to 5 minutes, which meets the General Plan Safety Element standard for lands designated as Commercial within the Village Regional Category of 5 minutes.

As previously stated, Wildfire was analyzed within the GPU EIR within Section 2.7, Hazards and Hazardous Materials and was determined to be significant and unavoidable. However, the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

19(b) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The Project is within a moderate fire hazard severity zone and within the Urban-Wildlife Interface Zone.

The Project would comply with regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the County Fire Code and Consolidated Fire Code. Implementation of these fire safety standards would occur during the building permit process and is consistent with GPU mitigation measures Haz-4.2 and Haz-4.3. In addition, the Project is consistent with the Zoning Ordinance and the County of San Diego General Plan. Therefore, for the reasons stated above, the Project would not be expected to experience exacerbated wildfire risks due to slope, prevailing, winds or other factors.

As previously stated, Wildfire was analyzed within the GPU EIR within Section 2.7, Hazards and Hazardous Materials and was determined to be significant and unavoidable. However, the proposed Project would have a less-than-significant impact for the reasons detailed above. Therefore, the Project would be consistent with the analysis provided within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

19(c) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. The Project would require the installation and maintenance of a commercial driveway along Palm Canyon Drive and includes an on-site hammerhead turnaround. No major road improvements or extensions of roadways are required for the construction and operation of the use. Therefore, no additional temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment related to associated infrastructure would occur that have not been analyzed in other sections of this environmental document.

19(d) The GPU EIR concluded this impact to be significant and unavoidable. As stated in response 10(f), the drainage certification letter concluded the project would not alter existing drainage patterns onsite in a manner which would result in flooding on or offsite.. In addition, as stated in responses 10(i) and 10(j), construction associated with the project will not be within a 100-year flood hazard area, floodway, or floodplain and would not be impacted from downstream flooding. The project consists of minimal grading and does not involve substantial alterations to the existing landform. In addition, the project would not develop any steep slopes. Therefore, the project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk, including downslopes or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire instability, or drainage changes.

As previously discussed, the GPU EIR determined impacts from Wildfire to be significant and unavoidable. The GPU EIR measure Haz-4.3 requires compliance with the Building and Fire Code and the project has incorporated the GPU EIR Mitigation Measure Haz-4.2 for brush management as a standard project design feature. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the analysis within the GPU EIR because it would not increase impacts identified within the GPU EIR.

Conclusion

The GPU EIR concluded significant and unavoidable impacts associated with wildfire under Section 2.7, Hazards and Hazardous Materials. Based on the incorporation of project design features measures, impacts associated with wildfire would be less than significant. Therefore, the project would not exacerbate wildfire risks and thereby expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire.

With regards to the issue area of Wildfire, the following findings can be made:

1. No peculiar impacts to the Project or its site have been identified.

2. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which were not discussed by the GPU EIR.
3. No substantial new information has been identified which results in an impact which is more severe than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
4. Feasible mitigation measures incorporated as standard design features associated with the project contained within the GPU EIR (Haz-4.2 and Haz-4.3) would be applied to the Project. These measures, as detailed above, requires the Project applicant to implement brush management and comply with the building and fire codes.

Attachments:

Appendix A – References

Appendix B – Summary of Determinations and Mitigation within the Final Environmental Impact Report, County of San Diego General Plan Update, SCH # 2002111067

Appendix A

The following is a list of project specific technical studies used to support the analysis of each potential environmental effect:

Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas

Borrego Mini Golf Annual CalEEMod data, Ascent Environmental, March 7, 2023

Bay Area Air Quality Management District, Justification Report: CEQA Thresholds for Evaluating the Significance of Climate Impacts From Land Use Projects and Plans, Bay Area Air Quality Management District and Ascent Environmental, April 2022

Biological Resources:

Puttin' Around Borrego, Biological Resource Letter Report, July 6, 2022

Cultural Resources Report:

Archaeological Report for the Archaeological Survey of the 1.86-Acre Borrego Springs Parcel, Richard L. Carrico, November 20, 2021

Hydrology/Water Quality:

Standard Stormwater Quality Management Plan (SWQMP), Paul Fisher, May 13, 2022

Drainage Certification Letter, Projection Engineering, Paul Fisher, PE, December 14, 2021

Service Availability Forms:

Borrego Water District Will Serve Letter for Water and/or Sewer Service dated June 8, 2022

Borrego Water District Will Serve Letter for Water and/or Sewer Service dated November 18, 2021

For a complete list of technical studies, references, and significance guidelines used to support the analysis of the General Plan Update Final Certified Program EIR, dated August 3, 2011, please visit the County's websites at:

[http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/PDS/gpupdate/docs/BOS_Aug2011/EIR/FEIR_5.00 -
_References_2011.pdf](http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/PDS/gpupdate/docs/BOS_Aug2011/EIR/FEIR_5.00_-_References_2011.pdf)

<https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/sdc/pds/generalplan/GP-EIR.html#EIR>

Appendix B

A Summary of Determinations and Mitigation within the Final Environmental Impact Report, County of San Diego General Plan Update, SCH # 2002111067 is available on the Planning and Development Services website at:

http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/pds/gpupdate/GPU_FEIR_Summary_15183_Reference.pdf

**REVIEW FOR APPLICABILITY OF/COMPLIANCE WITH
ORDINANCES/POLICIES**

**FOR PURPOSES OF CONSIDERATION OF
Puttin' Around Borrego
PDS2021-STP-21-016; LOG NO. PDS2021-ER-21-05-002**

May 4, 2023 July 6, 2023

I. HABITAT LOSS PERMIT ORDINANCE – Does the proposed project conform to the Habitat Loss Permit/Coastal Sage Scrub Ordinance findings?

YES NO NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT

The proposed project and any off-site improvements are not located within the boundaries of the Multiple Species Conservation Program. However, the project does not propose impacts to Coastal Sage Scrub. Therefore, conformance to the Habitat Loss Permit/Coastal Sage Scrub Ordinance findings is not required.

II. MSCP/BMO – Does the proposed project conform to the Multiple Species Conservation Program and Biological Mitigation Ordinance?

YES NO NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT

The proposed project and any off-site improvements related to the proposed project are not located within the boundaries of the Multiple Species Conservation Program.

III. GROUNDWATER ORDINANCE – Does the project comply with the requirements of the San Diego County Groundwater Ordinance?

YES NO NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT

The Project will obtain its water supply from Borrego Water District (BWD). The BWD obtains its groundwater from the Borrego Springs Groundwater Subbasin No. 7-024.01 (Subbasin) which is critically over-drafted due to excessive groundwater pumping that exceeds natural replenishment. Groundwater in the Subbasin is subject to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). As of April 8, 2021, groundwater in the Subbasin has been fully adjudicated through a court-approved stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment includes a groundwater management plan developed to meet SGMA requirements. All future water use will be subject to the stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment assigns “baseline pumping allocations” (BPAs) to specific parcels (including the BWD) which is the basis for annual groundwater pumping allowances to ensure sustainable groundwater management of

the Subbasin. As detailed in will serve letters regarding water and sewer service from the Borrego Water District dated June 8, 2022 and November 18, 2021, the Borrego Water District will require the Project to purchase baseline pumping allocations in the amount needed to ensure sustainable groundwater management as required by SGMA and in accordance with the Stipulated Judgment.

IV. RESOURCE PROTECTION ORDINANCE – Does the project comply with:

The wetland and wetland buffer regulations (Sections 86.604(a) and (b)) of the Resource Protection Ordinance?	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NO <input type="checkbox"/>	NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT <input type="checkbox"/>
The Floodways and Floodplain Fringe section (Sections 86.604(c) and (d)) of the Resource Protection Ordinance?	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NO <input type="checkbox"/>	NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT <input type="checkbox"/>
The Steep Slope section (Section 86.604(e))?	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NO <input type="checkbox"/>	NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT <input type="checkbox"/>
The Sensitive Habitat Lands section (Section 86.604(f)) of the Resource Protection Ordinance?	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NO <input type="checkbox"/>	NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT <input type="checkbox"/>
The Significant Prehistoric and Historic Sites section (Section 86.604(g)) of the Resource Protection Ordinance?	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NO <input type="checkbox"/>	NOT APPLICABLE/EXEMPT <input type="checkbox"/>

Wetland and Wetland Buffers:

The project site does not support wetlands or wetlands buffers. The project has been found to be consistent with Article IV of the Resource Protection Ordinance, due to the following reasons: a) the project will not place any non-permitted uses within wetlands; b) the project will not allow grading, filling, construction, or placement of structures within identified wetlands; and c) the project will not allow any non-permitted uses within wetland buffer areas. Therefore, it has been found that the proposed project complies with Sections 86.604(a) and (b) of the Resource Protection Ordinance.

Floodways and Floodplain Fringe:

The project contains a 100-year floodplain in the rear and northern portion of the property. The project has been designed to involve no construction within the limits of the 100-year floodplain. Construction associated with the project will not be located within a Floodway or Floodplain fringe. Therefore, it has been found that the proposed project complies with Sections 86.604(c) and (d) of the Resource Protection Ordinance.

Steep Slopes:

Slopes with a gradient of 25 percent or greater and 50 feet or higher in vertical height are required to be placed in open space easements by the San Diego County Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO). The project site does not contain steep slopes as defined by the RPO. Therefore, it has been found that the proposed project complies with Sections 86.604(e) of the RPO.

Sensitive Habitats:

Sensitive habitat lands include unique vegetation communities and/or habitat that is either necessary to support a viable population of sensitive species, is critical to the proper functioning of a balanced natural ecosystem, or which serves as a functioning wildlife corridor. Sensitive habitat lands were identified on the site. The project has been conditioned to fully mitigate for any impacts to sensitive habitats lands. Therefore, it has been found that the proposed project complies with Section 86.604(f) of the RPO.

Significant Prehistoric and Historic Sites:

The property has been surveyed by a County of San Diego approved archaeologist/historian (or County of San Diego staff archaeologist/ historian) and it has been determined there is one (or more) archaeological/historical site(s) present. Testing and other investigation determined the archaeological/historical site does not meet the definition of a significant site and does not need to be preserved under the Resource Protection Ordinance. Therefore, the project complies with the RPO.

V. STORMWATER ORDINANCE (WPO) – Does the project comply with the County of San Diego Watershed Protection, Stormwater Management and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO)?

YES NO NOT APPLICABLE

A Stormwater Quality Management Plan dated May 13, 2022 has been reviewed and are found to be complete in compliance with the WPO.

VI. NOISE ORDINANCE – Does the project comply with the County of San Diego Noise Element of the General Plan and the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance?

YES NO NOT APPLICABLE

General Plan – Noise Element: Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires projects to comply with a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 70 decibels (dBA). Projects which could produce noise in excess of 70 dB(A) are required to incorporate design measures or mitigation as necessary to comply with the Noise Element. Based on a review of the County’s noise contour maps, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of 70 dB(A). The project is located within noise contours of approximately 60 CNEL as identified in the Noise Element of the General Plan. The project does not propose any noise sensitive land uses and would not expose any existing noise sensitive receptors to noise levels that exceeds the County’s noise standards.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36-404: Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the Noise Ordinance at or beyond the project’s property line. The site is zoned commercial that has a one-hour average sound limit of 60 dBA daytime and 55 dBA nighttime. The adjacent properties are zoned Rural Residential and Visitor-Serving Commercial. The mean one-hour average sound limit at

the nearest residential property line is a sound limit of 55 dBA daytime and 50 dBA nighttime. The proposed project consists of a miniature golf course. The project currently does not involve amplified music or noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line. In the event that outdoor music is played at the property, the music would be subject to levels consistent with the noise ordinance. The project does not involve any noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line. Therefore, the project complies with Section 36.404 of the Noise Ordinance.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36-410: The project will not generate construction noise in excess of Noise Ordinance standards. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation. The project proposes minimal grading as current grading quantities are anticipated to be 178 cubic yards of cut/fill. It is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM.

Attachment C – Environmental Findings

ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

PUTTIN' AROUND BORREGO
PDS2021-STP-21-016, LOG NO. PDS2021-ER-21-05-002
July 6, 2023

1. In accordance with State CEQA Guidelines section 15183, find the project is exempt from further environmental review for the reasons stated in the 15183 Statement of Reasons dated July 6, 2023 because the project is consistent with the General Plan for which an environmental impact report dated August 2011 on file with Planning & Development Services as Environmental Review Number 02-ZA-001 (GPU EIR) was certified, there are no project specific effects which are peculiar to the project or its site, there are no project impacts which the GPU EIR failed to analyze as significant effects, there are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which the GPU EIR failed to evaluate, there is no substantial new information which results in more severe impacts than anticipated by the GPU EIR, and that the application of uniformly applied development standards and policies, in addition to feasible mitigation measures included as project conditions would substantially mitigate the effects of the project.
2. In accordance with State CEQA Guidelines section 15183(e)2, the Zoning Administrator, at a duly noticed public hearing on July 6, 2023, found that feasible mitigation measures identified in the General Plan Update EIR will be undertaken.
3. Find that the proposed project is consistent with the Resource Protection Ordinance (County Code, section 86.601 et seq.).
4. Find that plans and documentation have been prepared for the proposed project that demonstrate that the project complies with the Watershed Protection, Stormwater Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (County Code, section 67.801 et seq.).
5. Find the that the proposed project is consistent with the Groundwater Ordinance upon application of conditions in accordance with a will serve letter. The Project will obtain its water supply from Borrego Water District (BWD). The BWD obtains its groundwater from the Borrego Springs Groundwater Subbasin No. 7-024.01 (Subbasin) which is critically over-drafted due to excessive groundwater pumping that exceeds natural replenishment. Groundwater in the Subbasin is subject to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). As of April 8, 2021, groundwater in the Subbasin has been fully adjudicated through a court-approved stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment includes a groundwater management plan developed to meet SGMA requirements. All future water use will be subject to the stipulated judgment. The stipulated judgment assigns “baseline pumping allocations” (BPAs) to specific parcels (including the BWD) which is the basis for annual groundwater pumping allowances to ensure sustainable groundwater management of the Subbasin. As detailed in will serve letters regarding water and sewer service from the Borrego Water District dated June 8, 2022 and November 18, 2021, the Borrego Water District will require the Project to

purchase baseline pumping allocations in the amount needed to ensure sustainable groundwater management as required by SGMA and in accordance with the Stipulated Judgment. The Project is conditioned to be consistent with the requirements of the BWD.

Attachment D – Site Plan

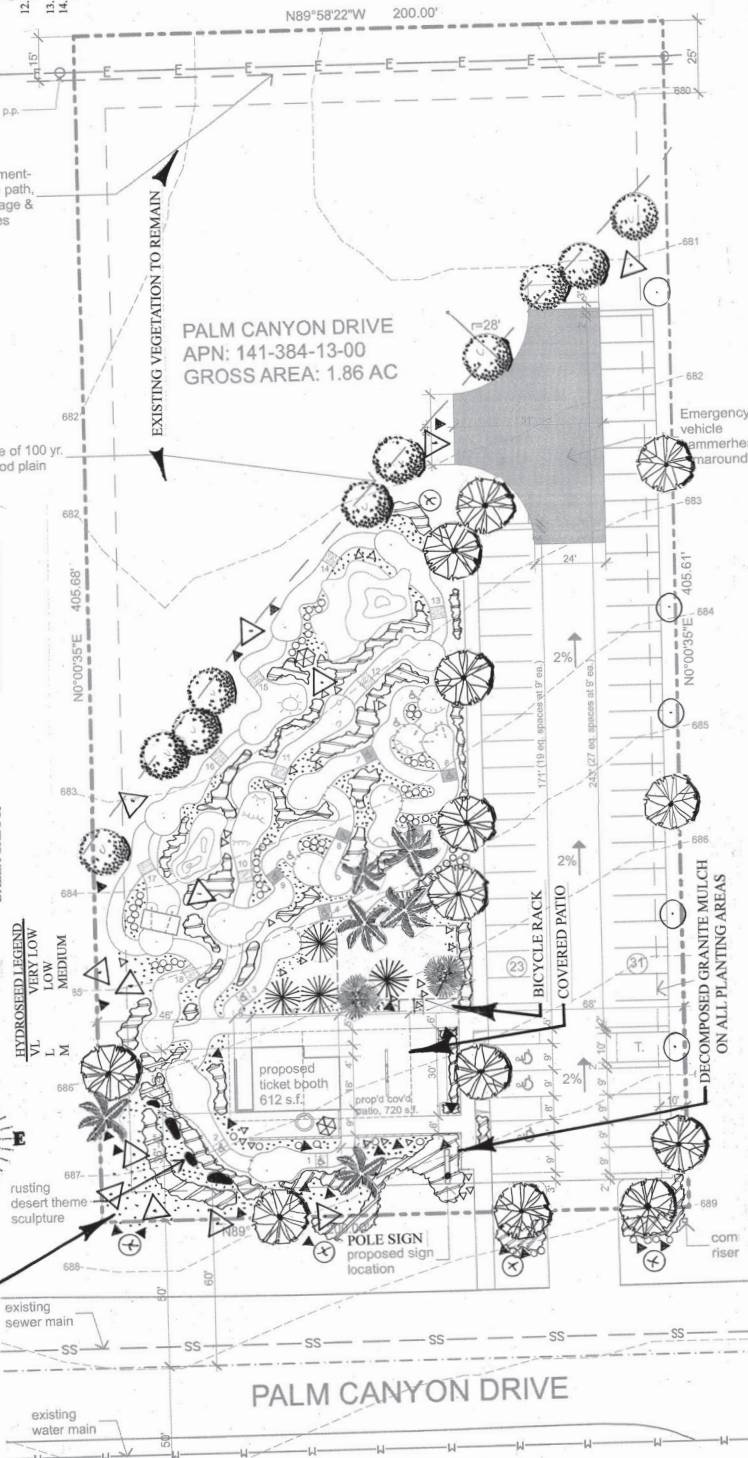
GENERAL NOTES

1. ALL PROPOSED PLANTINGS WILL MEET THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS AS SET FORTH IN THE SAN DIEGO COUNTY GRADING ORDINANCE.
2. PROPOSED PLANTING WILL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO WATER EFFICIENT LANDSCAPE DESIGN MANUAL.
3. ALL LANDSCAPE AREAS SHALL BE LANDSCAPED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SAN DIEGO COUNTY CONCEPT GREEN BOOKS, SAN DIEGO REGIONAL STANDARD DRAWINGS, AS WELL AS THE STANDARDS AND CRITERIA OF THE LANDSCAPE TECHNICAL MANUAL.
4. ALL PLANTINGS WILL CONFORM TO ANY APPROVED FIRE PROTECTION PLANS AS WELL AS ANY OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO.
5. ALL SLOPES OVER 3 FT. HIGH WILL BE PLANTED AND IRRIGATED.
6. ALL TREES, INC. STREET TREES, LOCATED WITHIN 5 FT. OF ANY HARDSCAPE, PAVEMENT, OR CURB SHALL BE PLANTED WITH ROOT CONTROL BARRIERS.
7. ALL STREET TREES LOCATED WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY SHALL OBTAIN AN ENCROACHMENT FROM THE DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS.
8. ALL PLANTINGS AND IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT SHOWN INC. WITHIN THE DEDICATED RIGHT OF WAY SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE PROPERTY OWNER.
9. ALL PLANTING HEIGHTS WILL BE MULCHED WITH 3" ORGANIC MULCH.
10. ALL AREAS TO BE FERTILIZED, AMENDED, AND TILLED TO CONFORM WITH RECOMMENDATIONS MADE BY A SOILS TESTING LABORATORY.
11. ALL PLANTINGS LOCATED WITHIN THE CLEAR SPACE EASEMENT WILL BE MAINTAINED AT A MAX. HEIGHT OF 36" AND/OR A MIN. CLEARANCE OF 10 FT.
12. ALL PLANTED AND MULCHED AREAS WILL BE MAINTAINED IN A WEED AND DEBRIS FREE CONDITION BY THE PROPERTY OWNER.
13. ALL LANDSCAPE AREAS SHALL PROVIDE FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE.
14. SEE CIVIL GRADING PLAN FOR ALL FINISHED ELEVATIONS AND STORMWATER DESIGN DETAILS.

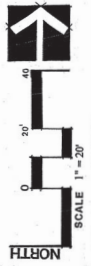
PLANT MATERIALS LIST

- NATIVE, LOW SONORAN DESERT TYPE PLANTING**
TREES: SCREENING/ SHADE/ THEME 15 GAL/ 24" BOX
- | COMMON NAME | SCREENER | SHADE | THEME |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------|-------|
| PARKSONIA DESERT MUSEUM | VL | VL | VL |
| PROSPERIA ALBA COLORADO | VL | VL | VL |
| CHILOPSIS LINARIIS WARRER | VL | VL | VL |
| CHAMEROPS HUMILIS | VL | VL | VL |
| CACTI & SUCCTULENTS/ THEME | VL | VL | VL |
| PACHYCAERUS MARGINATA | VL | VL | VL |
| FOLIQUERIA SPLENDENS | VL | VL | VL |
| BEAUCARNIA RECURVATA | VL | VL | VL |
| ECHINOCACTUS GRISONI | VL | VL | VL |
| OPUNTIA BASILARIS | VL | VL | VL |
| AGAVE AMERICANA | VL | VL | VL |
| AGAVE PARRYI/TRUNCATA | VL | VL | VL |
| YUCCA BACCATA | VL | VL | VL |
| YUCCA FILAMENTOSA | VL | VL | VL |
| HESPERALOE PARVIFLORA | VL | VL | VL |
| SHRUBS & LOW WATER GROUNDCOVER | VL | VL | VL |
| ENCESIO BRITTLEBRUSH | VL | VL | VL |
| SAND VERBENA | VL | VL | VL |
| SILVER CASSIA | VL | VL | VL |
| LEUCOPHYLLUM CANDIDUM | VL | VL | VL |
| TRAILING INDIGO BUSH | VL | VL | VL |

- HYDROZONE LEGEND**
- VL VERY LOW
 - L LOW
 - M MEDIUM
- BOULDERS & CORBELS AS GROUNDCOVER FOR INTEREST & TRANSITION TO NATIVE**
- Symbol: Circle with dot
 - Symbol: Triangle with dot
 - Symbol: Square with dot
 - Symbol: Circle with cross
 - Symbol: Circle with star
 - Symbol: Circle with triangle
 - Symbol: Circle with square
 - Symbol: Circle with diamond
 - Symbol: Circle with circle
 - Symbol: Circle with hexagon
 - Symbol: Circle with octagon
 - Symbol: Circle with star
 - Symbol: Circle with triangle
 - Symbol: Circle with square
 - Symbol: Circle with diamond
 - Symbol: Circle with circle
 - Symbol: Circle with hexagon
 - Symbol: Circle with octagon



PUTTIN' AROUND BORREGO
LANDSCAPE CONCEPT PLAN



Chisholm Land Planning
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE CA LIC 1774
4455 GARDNER AVE. STE 1 SAN DIEGO, CA 92121
www.chisholm.com 619.594.9200

DATE: APRIL 27TH, 2021
BY: PREVISIONS DATE



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE
THIS SECTION IS PART OF THE COUNTY LANDSCAPE ORDINANCE. THE IRRIGATION PLAN CONTAINED IN THE COUNTY LANDSCAPE WATER CONSERVATION REGULATIONS, IN TITLE 8, DIVISION 6, CHAPTER 7.1 HAVE BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THOSE REGULATIONS TO PROVIDE THE EFFICIENT USE OF WATER. BY.

IRRIGATION NOTES
ALL AREAS SHOWN TO BE PLANTED WILL BE IRRIGATED WITH AN AUTOMATIC UNDERGROUND IRRIGATION SYSTEM. THIS SYSTEM WILL BE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE THE REQUIRED WATER TO ALL PLANTINGS. IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT, WITH RISER HEADS AT EACH TREE HEADS WILL BE GROUPED INTO ZONES BASED ON EXPOSURE AND PLANT TYPES. AUTOMATIC VALVES WILL CONTROL THE IRRIGATION ZONE. DITCHES OR DRIVEWAYS A SMART CONTROLLER WITH A RAIN SENSING DEVICE WILL BE PROVIDED. THE SYSTEM WILL BE DESIGNED TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE COUNTY LANDSCAPE ORDINANCE. THE DESIGN MANUAL A LANDSCAPE DOCUMENTATION PACKAGE WILL BE SUBMITTED ALONG WITH FINAL LANDSCAPE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR THE PROJECT.



Attachment E – Public Documentation

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, BORREGO SPRINGS COMMUNITY SPONSOR GROUP

*****MEETING MINUTES*****

Thursday, June 3, 2021 4:30 p.m.

**DUE TO RESTRICTIONS ON PUBLIC MEETINGS AS A RESULT OF THE NOVEL CORONAVIRUS,
WE WILL MEET VIA A SCHEDULED ZOOM MEETING.**

THE PUBLIC IS ALWAYS WELCOME TO OUR MEETINGS

WE REPRESENT YOU WHEN ADVISING THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO ON LAND USE ISSUES

- A. CALL TO ORDER/ROLL CALL** Meeting was called to order at 4:31 p.m. Present Chair Rebecca Falk, Vice-Chair Bonnie Petrach, David Farley, Bill Haneline, Clint Brandin, and John Peterson. Secretary Judy Haldeman joined meeting at 4:40 p.m.
- B. APPROVAL OF MINUTES FOR THE MEETING OF 12/3/2020. MOTION:** Approval of the minutes of May 6, 2021. Peterson M, Petrach S. Unanimous approval.
- C. PUBLIC COMMUNICATION (may be limited to 3 min):** Opportunity for members of the public to speak to the Group on any subject matter within the Group's jurisdiction that is not on the posted agenda.
- D. NON-ACTION ITEMS:**
- 1. Briefing on April 21st Letter to County Planning and Development Services from the Borrego Water District (BWD) on Future Development in Borrego.** See agenda packet. Geoff Poole, BWD General Manager, will be present to explain and answer questions.
 - 2. Update on County Renewable Energy Directive.** See agenda packet.
 - 3. Update on La Casa Solar Project fencing/site beautification.** Falk reported that La Casa project will come back to the Sponsor Group before final approval by county.
 - 4. Standing Subcommittee Meetings:** Will be noted regularly at the end of this agenda. These are Standing Committees, not Subcommittees.
- E. ACTION ITEMS:**
- 1. County Permit Streamlining Update.** On the Board of Supervisors agenda in August. Denise Russell, PDS Planning Manager presenting. Sponsor Group official comment is an option. Michael Johnson presented this item to the Sponsor Group.
 - 2. County Road Resurfacing Annual Priority List Recommendation.** See agenda packet. Need to submit immediately after Sponsor Group vote to County Department of Public Works (DPW). Bill Haneline presenting. MOTION: Approval of the priority list from county. Petrach M, Brandin S. Unanimous approval.
 - 3. Palm Canyon Miniature Golf Course.** MOTION: Approval of project. Farley M, Haldeman S. Unanimous approval.
 - 4. Cancelling July and August meetings?** In 2019, the Sponsor Group decided not to meet over summers and then did not have regular meetings in 2019 and 2020 for July & Aug but did have a special meeting in Aug 2020. Shall we cancel July and August meetings again this year even if special meetings are needed as a result? For instance, if La Casa wants to present a fence beautification concept for their solar project, are we willing to schedule a special meeting (not sure what County guidelines will be for meetings by then). MOTION: To continue to suspend meeting in July and August unless required. Petrach M, Peterson S. Falk, Petrach, Brandin, Haldeman, Peterson and Haneline voted aye and Farley voted nay.

F. GROUP BUSINESS:

- 1. Announcements & Correspondence Received:** FEMA activity, emergency warning system remapping focus in process, will report back more fully at next meeting.
- 2. Discussion Items:** None.
- 3. Subcommittee Reports:** CPRS (County Programs/Regulations Subcommittee) met on May 17 and will be looking at a number of County Programs that have been mentioned to the Sponsor Group but not individually agendaized. Research in progress.
- 4. Meeting Updates:** None.

G. ADJOURNMENT. MOTION: To adjourn meeting. Farley M, Peterson S. Unanimous approval. Meeting adjourned at 6:32 p.m.

The next regular meeting will be determined at the June 3rd meeting but may be on September 1st 4:30 pm via teleconferencing or, if County and State directives allow it, at the Borrego Springs Library Community Room, 2850 Country Club Rd, Borrego Springs, California

UPCOMING STANDING SUBCOMMITTEE MEETINGS:

County Programs and Regulations (CPRS), June 14th and 21st, 4:30 pm. Email Chair Rebecca Falk at rebfalk7@gmail.com to be put on the email list for the agenda and link to attend.

Water and Land Use, TBA, email Chair John Peterson at petersonenv@hotmail.com to be put on the email list for the agenda and link to attend.

Road Maintenance, TBA, email chair Bill Haneline at desertwrx15@gmail.com to be put on the agenda email list.

If this Agenda is revised, a revised copy will be posted 72 or more hours prior to the meeting. The final Agenda may include additional Administrative or Non-Action items. For further information and to be added to the Sponsor Group email list to receive agendas and agenda packets, contact the Chair at rebfalk7@gmail.com. Address U.S. mail to: Community Sponsor Group, P.O. Box 1371, Borrego Springs, CA 92004-1371, or visit: <https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/sdc/pds/gpupdate/comm/borrego.html>.

Public Disclosure We strive to protect personally identifiable information by collecting only information necessary to deliver our services. All information that may be collected becomes a public record that may be subject to inspection and copying by the public, unless an exemption in law exists. In the event of a conflict between this Privacy Notice and any County ordinance or other law governing the County's disclosure of records, the County ordinance or other applicable law will control.

Access and Correction of Personal Information You can review any personal information collected about you. You may recommend changes to your personal information you believe is in error by submitting a written request that credibly shows the error. If you believe that your personal information is being used for a purpose other than what was intended when submitted, you may contact us. In all cases, we will take reasonable steps to verify your identity before granting access or making corrections.



County of San Diego, Planning & Development Services
Project Planning Division

Memorandum

TO: File
FROM: Sean Oberbauer, Project Manager
SUBJECT: Response to Comments; Puttin' Around Borrego; PDS2021-STP-21-016;
PDS2021-ER-21-05-002
DATE: July 6, 2023

The following are staff's responses to comments received during the public disclosure period for the draft Statement of Reasons for Exemption from Additional Environmental Review and 15183 Checklist pursuant to CEQA Guidelines 15183, dated May 4, 2023. The draft Statement of Reasons for Exemption from Additional Environmental Review and 15183 Checklist was circulated for public disclosure from May 4, 2023 to June 5, 2023. A comment was received and a response has been provided below.

A. Response to comments received from James W. Royle Jr. on behalf of the San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc., May 13, 2023:

A-1: The comment states that the San Diego County Archaeological Society concurs with the archaeological report's analysis and the recommended cultural resources mitigation measures.

The comment supports the analysis and information within the 15183 Environmental Checklist and cultural resources report prepared for the project.



San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Environmental Review Committee

13 May 2023

To: Mr. Sean Oberbauer
 Department of Planning and Development Services
 County of San Diego
 5510 Overland Avenue, Suite 310
 San Diego, California 92123

Subject: Notice of Findings Pursuant to CEQA Section 15183
 Puttin' Around Borrego
 PDS2021-STP-21-016, Log No. PDS2021-ER-21-05-002

Dear Mr. Oberbauer:

I have reviewed the subject document on behalf of this committee of the San Diego County Archaeological Society.

Based on the information contained in the document and in the archaeological report for the project, we concur with that report's analysis and with the recommended cultural resources mitigation measures.

SDCAS appreciates the opportunity to participate in this project's environmental review process.

Sincerely,


 James W. Royle, Jr., Chairperson
 Environmental Review Committee

cc: Recuerdos Research
 SDCAS President
 File

A-1