

# **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

**To:** Matthew Esquivel, Project Manager, Warmington Residential

**From:** Sharon Toland, Project Manager, Harris & Associates

**Subject:** Vista II Residential Project – Greenhouse Gas Emissions Analysis

**Date:** August 30, 2024

**CC:** Ryan Binns, Senior Director, Harris & Associates

Att: 1, CalEEMod Results

#### Dear Mr. Esquivel,

The following presents the results of Harris & Associates' analysis of the potential greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions impacts from implementation of the proposed Vista II Residential Project (project). The project is a Tentative Map and Major Use Permit to subdivide an 8.93-acre site into three lots. Lot 1 would contain an existing church and driveway that would be improved as a secondary access for Lot 2. Lot 2, which would be 5.33 acres, would be improved with 37 multi-family condominium units with associated parking and 14,800 square feet of private usable open space. The third lot, Lot A, which has not been approved for future development, would consist of an existing cellular facility. Access to the project site would be from Hannalei Drive, with secondary emergency access in the northwestern area of the site connecting to the adjacent church property to the west (on Lot 1). The project would be part of the North County Metro Community Planning Area. The Vista Fire Protection District would provide fire service, the Buena Sanitation District would provide sewer service, and the Vista Irrigation District would provide water to the project site. The site is subject to General Plan Designation VR-7.3. Zoning for the site is RS. In total, the project would include 111 parking spaces and 61,462 square feet of open space. Earthwork would consist of 10,700 cubic yards of cut, 22,500 cubic yards of fill, and 11,800 cubic yards of imported material. Currently, the project site contains a stockpile of approximately 3,500 cubic yards of soil spread over a 1-acre area, which violates the County's Grading Ordinance. The stockpile would remain on site and be considered part of the project. Final mapping for the project would occur in phases. The first unit would create Lots 1 and 2 and Lot A for finance and conveyance purposes only, not for development. Once the first unit is recorded, Lot 2 would be transferred to the future developer. Lot 2 would then be developed per the conditions of approval for Tentative Tract Map 5647.

### **Background**

A GHG is any gas that absorbs infrared radiation and traps heat in the atmosphere. GHGs are produced from natural processes and human activities. The accumulation of GHGs in the atmosphere influences the long-term atmospheric temperatures and contributes to global climate change. In California, per Assembly Bill (AB) 32 (2016), GHGs are defined to include carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ), methane ( $CH_4$ ), nitrous oxide ( $N_2O$ ), hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride, plus chlorofluorocarbons and other chlorine- or bromine-containing gases. Hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride are synthetic, powerful GHGs that are emitted from a variety of industrial processes and the production of chlorodifluoromethane. Construction or operation of the project would not include any industrial processes, and chlorodifluoromethane has been mostly phased out of use in the United States, with the exception of feedstock production (USEPA 2022); therefore, these GHGs are not discussed further in this memorandum.  $CO_2$  accounts for the largest amount of GHG emissions, and collectively,  $CO_2$ ,  $CH_4$ , and  $N_2O$  amount to 80 percent of the total radiative forcing from well-mixed GHGs (CARB 2014).

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For each GHG, a global warming potential has been calculated to reflect how long emissions remain in the atmosphere and how strongly each GHG absorbs energy on a per-kilogram basis relative to CO<sub>2</sub>. For example, one pound of CH<sub>4</sub> has 25 times more heat-capturing potential than one pound of CO<sub>2</sub>. To simplify reporting and analysis, GHG emissions are typically reported in metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MTCO<sub>2</sub>e). Global warming potential is a metric that indicates the relative climate forcing of a kilogram of emissions when averaged over the period of interest. Table 1, Global Warming Potential for Select Greenhouse Gases, identifies the CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent and atmospheric lifetimes of basic GHGs.

**Table 1. Global Warming Potential for Select Greenhouse Gases** 

Pollutant	Atmospheric Lifetime (years)	Global Warming Potential (100-year) <sup>1</sup>
CH <sub>4</sub>	12	28
CO <sub>2</sub>	100	1
N <sub>2</sub> O	121	265

Source: CAPCOA 2022. Consistent with CalEEMod, Version 2022.1, which uses the 2007 IPCC Fourth Assessment Report.

Notes:  $CH_4$  = methane;  $CO_2$  = carbon dioxide;  $N_2O$  = nitrous oxide

#### **Regulatory Setting**

#### **Federal**

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) is responsible for implementing federal policy to address global climate change. In 2009, the USEPA issued a Final Rule for mandatory reporting of GHG emissions, which applies to fossil fuel and industrial gas suppliers, direct GHG emitters, and manufacturers of heavy-duty and off-road vehicles, and requires annual reporting of emissions. This rule does not regulate the emission of GHGs; it only requires the monitoring and reporting of GHGs for those sources above certain thresholds. Additionally, the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 includes funding, programs, and incentives to accelerate the transition of the United States to a clean energy economy. Programs include tax credits for installation of renewable energy systems, grants to reduce methane emissions from oil and gas facilities and landfills, grants to implement zero-emissions standards for vehicles, rebates for building electrification, and funding for using materials and products that would reduce GHG emissions from construction projects.

#### State

California has enacted a variety of legislation relating to climate change, much of which has set aggressive goals for GHG emissions reductions throughout the state. California Executive Order S-03-05 (2005) establishes the goal of reducing GHG emissions to 2000 levels by 2010, to 1990 levels by 2020, and to 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050. In September 2006, Governor Schwarzenegger signed California's Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (AB 32), requiring the California Air Resources Board (CARB) to establish a statewide GHG emissions cap for 2020 based on 1990 emissions and to adopt mandatory reporting rules for significant sources of GHG emissions. In April 2015, Governor Brown signed Executive Order B-30-15, which established the goal of reducing GHG emissions to 40 percent below 1990 levels by 2030. AB 1279, the California Climate Crisis Act, enacted in September 2022, updates the goals of AB 32. The bill established a statewide goal to achieve net-zero GHG emissions by 2045 and to achieve and maintain net-negative GHG emissions thereafter.

#### Local

The County prepared a comprehensive Climate Action Plan (CAP) to demonstrate how the County may meet the state's legislative GHG emissions reduction targets established in AB 32 and Senate Bill 32 and to show progress toward the state's 2050 GHG emissions reduction goal (Executive Order S-3-05). The County CAP was set aside as a qualified CAP in September 2020. The County is preparing an updated CAP.

In the interim, the County's General Plan, adopted in 2011, continues to provide guiding principles designed to balance future growth, conservation, and sustainability. The General Plan aims to balance the need for infrastructure, housing, and economic vitality while maintaining and preserving unique community, agricultural

<sup>1</sup> The warming effects over a 100-year period relative to other GHGs.

areas, and extensive open space (County of San Diego 2011). The General Plan contains goals and policies specific to reducing GHG emissions, including efficient and compact growth and development, increased energy efficiency and use of renewable energy sources, increased recycling, and improved access to sustainable transportation (County of San Diego 2018).

The General Plan addresses AB 32 and climate change and provides an extensive list of policies designed to reduce GHG emissions and adapt to current climate change related impacts. Strategies listed to mitigate and reduce GHG emissions include reducing vehicle trips, gasoline, and energy consumption; improving energy efficiency by decreasing non-renewable energy consumption and generation; increasing generation and use of renewable energy sources; reducing water consumption and waste generation; improving solid waste reuse and recycling and composting programs; promoting landscapes designed to sequester CO<sub>2</sub>; and preserving open space and agricultural lands. Adaptive strategies designed to prevent and mitigate current climate change impacts include the following: reducing wildfire and flood risk, conserving water during water shortages, promoting agricultural lands to support local food production, and providing education and leadership (County of San Diego 2018).

#### **Significance Thresholds**

Given the relatively low levels of emissions generated by a typical development in relationship to the total amount of GHG emissions generated on a national or global basis, individual development projects are not expected to result in significant, direct impacts with respect to climate change. However, given the magnitude of the impact of GHG emissions on the global climate, GHG emissions from new development could result in significant, cumulative impacts with respect to climate change. Thus, the potential for a significant GHG impact is limited to cumulative impacts.

According to Appendix G of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines, a project would have a significant climate change impact if it would:

- Generate GHG either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment
- Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of GHG
- Exacerbate exposure to adverse effects of climate change

The determination of significance is governed by CEQA Guidelines, Section 15064.4, which states that "the determination of the significance of greenhouse gas emissions calls for a careful judgment by the lead agency consistent with the provisions in Section 15064. A lead agency should make a good-faith effort, based to the extent possible on scientific and factual data, to describe, calculate or estimate the amount of greenhouse gas emissions resulting from a project. A lead agency shall have discretion to determine, in the context of a particular project, whether to [use a quantitative model or qualitative model]." In turn, CEQA Guidelines, Section 15064.4(b), clarifies that a lead agency should consider "whether the project emissions exceed a threshold of significance that the lead agency determines applies to the project." Therefore, consistent with CEQA Guidelines, Section 15064.4, the GHG analysis for the project appropriately relies on a threshold based on the exercise of careful judgment and believed to be appropriate in the context of this particular project.

The County's adopted GHG threshold is no longer applicable due to the rescinding of the CAP and the San Diego County Air Pollution Control District not adopting a numeric GHG threshold. Until a revised CAP is adopted, the County has evaluated appropriate GHG emissions for determining the significance of individual projects. Previously, the County has incorporated guidance from the California Air Pollution Control Officers Association that states that projects should be screened to determine if their associated GHG emissions exceed 900 MTCO<sub>2</sub>e (CAPCOA 2010). Because this screening guidance was developed in response to AB 32, which considered GHG reduction targets through 2020, the screening level is not an appropriate tool for determining project impacts.

However, other regional air districts, such as the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD), have updated their GHG emissions significance thresholds, consistent with the state's 2045 net-zero GHG emissions target, and do not result in a cumulative impact to climate change (BAAQMD 2022). In the absence of a qualified CAP, a residential project that includes the following design elements would have a less than cumulatively considerable impact related to GHG emissions:

- The project will not include natural gas appliances or natural gas plumbing.
- The project will not result in any wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary energy usage as determined by the analysis required under CEQA Section 21100(b)(3) and CEQA Guidelines Section 15126.2(b).
- The project will achieve a reduction in project-generated vehicle miles traveled (VMT) consistent with a locally
  adopted Senate Bill 743 VMT target, reflecting the recommendations provided in the Governor's Office of
  Planning and Research's Technical Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA (15 percent below
  the existing VMT per capita for residential projects).
- The project will achieve compliance with off-street electric vehicle (EV) requirements in the most recently adopted version of CALGreen Tier 2.

These requirements are aligned with the recommendations of the Draft 2022 Scoping Plan, which assesses progress toward the statutory 2030 target and identifies a path to achieving carbon neutrality by 2045 (CARB 2022). Appendix D of the Draft 2022 Scoping Plan includes recommendations for new development for local jurisdictions to demonstrate consistency with state emissions reduction goals. The priority strategies include increasing access to alternative transportation options and requiring new development to be all-electric. The BAAQMD determined that deployment of EV infrastructure beyond current mandatory California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen) requirements was necessary to achieve a project's fair share of EV charging infrastructure to meet state EV use goals. The more aggressive Tier 2 voluntary standards were determined to represent a project's fair share, to be updated with subsequently more aggressive Tier 2 standards in future CALGreen cycles. The CALGreen Tier 2 standards are also the most aggressive standards for EV charging infrastructure available to projects in San Diego County. As such, a project that implements the BAAQMD recommendations may be considered to achieve its fair share of emissions reductions in alignment with the AB 1279 emissions reduction goal of statewide net-zero GHG emissions by 2045 and would have a less than significant impact. Consistent with the BAAQMD significance thresholds, construction GHG emissions are assumed to represent a very small portion of a project's lifetime GHG emissions. Construction emissions are quantified for the project for informational purposes but are not evaluated as part of the project's potential contribution to cumulative GHG emissions.

#### **Impact Analysis**

#### Construction

Construction activities associated with the proposed project would result in short-term GHG emissions from heavy equipment and construction worker vehicles. Project construction emissions were estimated using the California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod), version 2022.1.1.24, based on construction information provided by the applicant, including construction schedule (24 months total), material movement (net import of 11,800 cubic yards), and disturbance area (4.8 acres). Demolition of approximately 752 tons of asphalt and concrete would be required. CalEEMod default inputs were assumed for construction equipment and vehicle trips. Model assumptions are provided in Attachment 1, CalEEMod Results. The project would result in total GHG emissions of 955 MT CO<sub>2</sub>e during construction. As described above, these emissions are provided for informational purposes, but there is no applicable threshold for evaluating construction emissions. Consistent with the BAAQMD significance threshold, these emissions are assumed to represent a negligible contribution to lifetime GHG emissions.

#### Operation

Following construction, operation of the proposed project would result in a net increase in GHG emissions associated with vehicle trips, buildings (natural gas, purchased electricity), water consumption (energy embodied in potable water), solid waste management (including transport and landfill gas generation), and area sources (landscape equipment). Operational impacts were also estimated using CalEEMod. CalEEMod default inputs were assumed for the proposed project, with the exception of vehicle trips and outdoor water use. Vehicle trip data was obtained from the project's Local Transportation Assessment (CRA 2022), and outdoor water use was obtained from the project's Landscaping Plan (BMLA Landscape Architecture 2021). Vehicle trip length was adjusted to the regional trip estimate for residential use reported in the (Not So) Brief Guide of Vehicular Traffic Generation Rates for the San Diego Region (SANDAG 2002). Model assumptions are provided in Attachment 1. Calculated GHG emissions from project operation are presented in Table 2, Estimated Annual Operational Emissions.

**Table 2. Estimated Annual Operational Emissions** 

Emissions Source	CO₂e Emissions (metric tons)
Vehicle Emissions	392
Electricity	6
Natural Gas	56
Solid Waste	8
Water Use	2
Area Sources	56
Total Annual Emissions	520

Source: Attachment 1.

Notes: CO<sub>2</sub>e = carbon dioxide equivalent

As shown in Table 2, GHG emissions from the project's ongoing operation would be approximately 520 MTCO₂e. The project is a small project with a relatively small incremental impact on GHG emissions. Regarding the design elements for state emissions reduction goal consistency, the Local Transportation Analysis (CRA 2022) for the project determined that the project is screened out from a VMT analysis because it is within a VMT-efficient area, defined as any area with an average VMT per resident that is 15 percent below the baseline average for the entire San Diego County region. Therefore, the project is consistent with the Scoping Plan VMT reduction target. Additionally, the project would be required to be consistent with all applicable energy efficiency requirements, including Title 24 Building Energy Efficiency Standards, to obtain building permits, and does not include any usual features that would result in wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary energy usage. The project would provide needed housing consistent with the County of San Diego General Plan, and as such, energy expenditure to construct and operate the project would not be wasteful or inefficient. Additionally, as a condition of approval, the project would be an all-electric development that does not include natural gas appliances or natural gas plumbing, and no natural gas service would be provided to the site. Consistent with the 2022 CALGreen Standards, all residences would be EV capable. Tier 2 voluntary provisions do not require additional EV charging spaces for single-family residential development; however, mandatory standards already require all units to support EV infrastructure. The EV ready circuits would be designed consistent with the CALGreen requirements. Therefore, the project would implement its fair share of priority sustainability features, and this impact would be less than significant.

### **Summary**

Implementation of the project would result in a net increase in GHG emissions. Mitigation Measure GHG-1 would reduce the project's impact to a less-than-significant level.

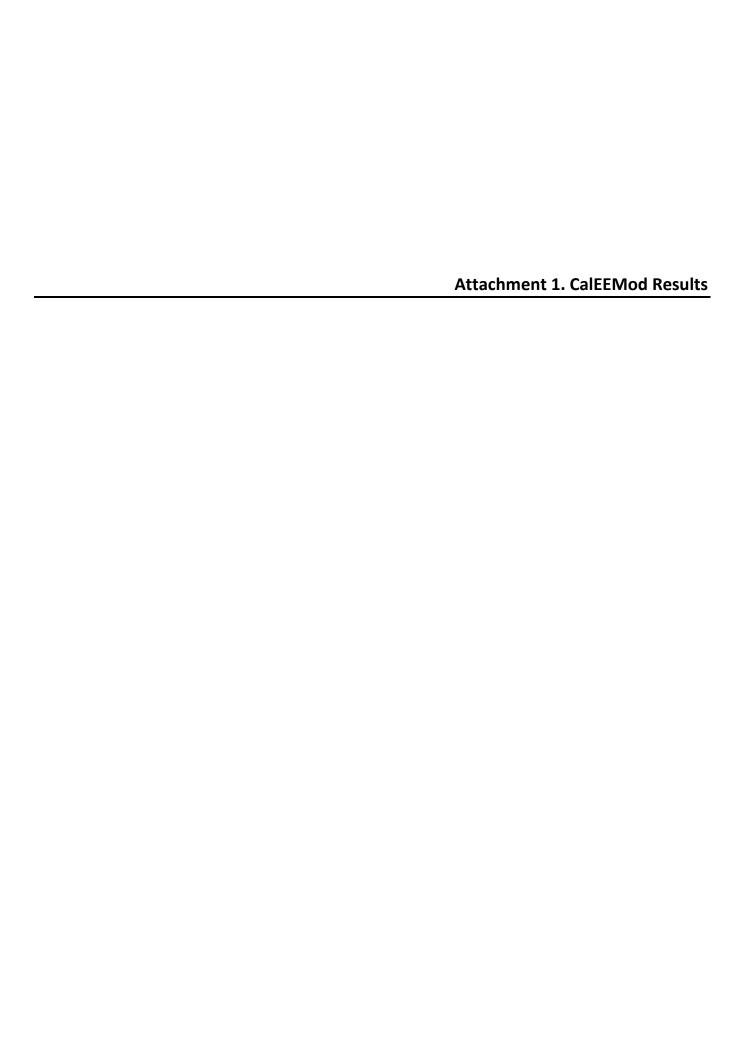
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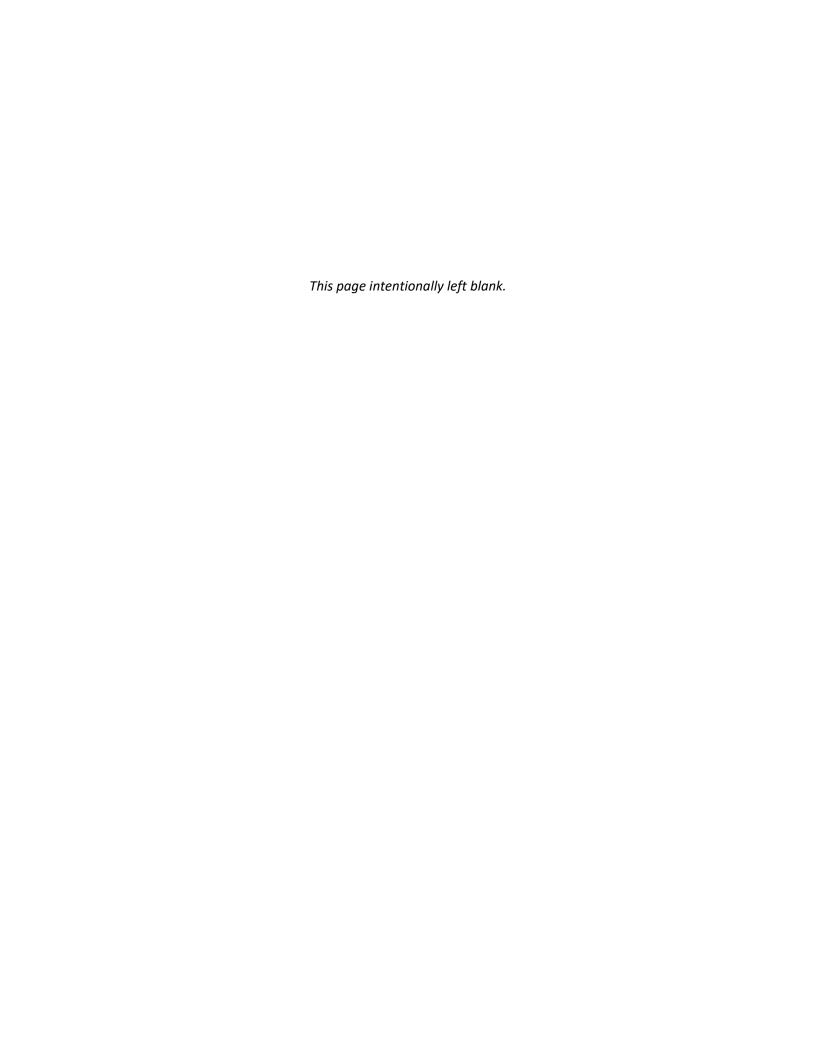
Sharon Toland
Project Manager
Harris & Associates



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# 145 Hannalei Drive Detailed Report

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# 1. Basic Project Information

### 1.1. Basic Project Information

Data Field	Value
Project Name	145 Hannalei Drive
Construction Start Date	4/4/2024
Operational Year	2026
Lead Agency	_
Land Use Scale	Project/site
Analysis Level for Defaults	County
Windspeed (m/s)	2.20
Precipitation (days)	19.4
Location	145 Hannalei Dr, Vista, CA 92083, USA
County	San Diego
City	Unincorporated
Air District	San Diego County APCD
Air Basin	San Diego
TAZ	6263
EDFZ	12
Electric Utility	San Diego Gas & Electric
Gas Utility	San Diego Gas & Electric
App Version	2022.1.1.24

# 1.2. Land Use Types

Land Use Subtype	Size	Unit	Lot Acreage	Building Area (sq ft)	Landscape Area (sq	Special Landscape	Population	Description
					ft)	Area (sq ft)		

Single Family Housing	37.0	Dwelling Unit	4.00	72,150	12,125	0.00	103	_
Parking Lot	148	Space	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_

#### 1.3. User-Selected Emission Reduction Measures by Emissions Sector

No measures selected

# 2. Emissions Summary

#### 2.1. Construction Emissions Compared Against Thresholds

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Un/Mit.	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unmit.	11.8	56.0	54.0	0.08	2.46	11.0	13.5	2.27	5.43	7.69	_	9,842	9,842	0.42	0.49	6.86	9,940
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unmit.	11.8	36.0	33.7	0.05	1.60	7.81	9.41	1.47	3.97	5.45	_	5,456	5,456	0.22	0.05	0.02	5,476
Average Daily (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unmit.	2.41	23.6	22.3	0.03	1.04	4.73	5.77	0.96	2.35	3.31	_	3,908	3,908	0.16	0.09	0.52	3,939
Annual (Max)	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unmit.	0.44	4.31	4.07	0.01	0.19	0.86	1.05	0.17	0.43	0.60	_	647	647	0.03	0.01	0.09	652

#### 2.2. Construction Emissions by Year, Unmitigated

Year	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily - Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
2024	5.71	56.0	54.0	0.08	2.46	11.0	13.5	2.27	5.43	7.69	_	9,842	9,842	0.42	0.49	6.86	9,940
2025	3.38	31.7	31.0	0.05	1.37	7.81	9.18	1.26	3.97	5.23	_	5,461	5,461	0.22	0.05	0.73	5,482
2026	11.8	0.86	1.25	< 0.005	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.03	_	158	158	0.01	< 0.005	0.09	159
Daily - Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2024	3.72	36.0	33.7	0.05	1.60	7.81	9.41	1.47	3.97	5.45	_	5,456	5,456	0.22	0.05	0.02	5,476
2025	3.38	31.7	30.9	0.05	1.37	7.81	9.18	1.26	3.97	5.23	_	5,452	5,452	0.22	0.05	0.02	5,472
2026	11.8	7.17	10.5	0.01	0.32	0.13	0.45	0.29	0.03	0.32	_	1,642	1,642	0.07	0.02	0.01	1,649
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2024	2.41	23.6	22.3	0.03	1.04	4.73	5.77	0.96	2.35	3.31	_	3,908	3,908	0.16	0.09	0.52	3,939
2025	0.94	8.65	9.43	0.02	0.37	1.45	1.82	0.34	0.73	1.07	_	1,691	1,691	0.07	0.02	0.14	1,698
2026	1.36	0.59	0.86	< 0.005	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.02	< 0.005	0.03	_	130	130	0.01	< 0.005	0.02	130
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2024	0.44	4.31	4.07	0.01	0.19	0.86	1.05	0.17	0.43	0.60	_	647	647	0.03	0.01	0.09	652
2025	0.17	1.58	1.72	< 0.005	0.07	0.26	0.33	0.06	0.13	0.19	_	280	280	0.01	< 0.005	0.02	281
2026	0.25	0.11	0.16	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	21.5	21.5	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	21.6

### 2.4. Operations Emissions Compared Against Thresholds

Un/Mit.	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unmit.	59.9	2.37	82.2	0.15	9.67	2.06	11.7	9.63	0.52	10.1	1,043	3,232	4,275	2.69	0.18	8.62	4,404

Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unmit.	59.7	2.44	79.6	0.15	9.67	2.06	11.7	9.62	0.52	10.1	1,043	3,119	4,162	2.70	0.18	0.73	4,285
Average Daily (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unmit.	15.9	1.58	26.4	0.05	2.20	2.04	4.24	2.19	0.52	2.71	246	2,806	3,052	1.96	0.13	4.02	3,143
Annual (Max)	_	_	_	_	_		_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unmit.	2.90	0.29	4.81	0.01	0.40	0.37	0.77	0.40	0.09	0.49	40.8	465	505	0.32	0.02	0.66	520

# 2.5. Operations Emissions by Sector, Unmitigated

Sector	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mobile	1.46	0.97	10.1	0.02	0.02	2.06	2.08	0.02	0.52	0.54	_	2,423	2,423	0.12	0.09	8.10	2,462
Area	58.5	1.13	72.0	0.13	9.63	_	9.63	9.59	_	9.59	1,028	434	1,462	0.95	0.07	_	1,507
Energy	0.02	0.27	0.11	< 0.005	0.02	_	0.02	0.02	_	0.02	_	373	373	0.06	< 0.005	_	375
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.49	2.09	4.58	0.26	0.01	_	12.9
Waste	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	13.2	0.00	13.2	1.32	0.00	_	46.0
Refrig.	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.52	0.52
Total	59.9	2.37	82.2	0.15	9.67	2.06	11.7	9.63	0.52	10.1	1,043	3,232	4,275	2.69	0.18	8.62	4,404
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mobile	1.43	1.07	9.56	0.02	0.02	2.06	2.08	0.02	0.52	0.54	_	2,316	2,316	0.12	0.10	0.21	2,349
Area	58.3	1.11	69.9	0.13	9.63	_	9.63	9.59	_	9.59	1,028	428	1,456	0.95	0.07	_	1,502

Energy	0.02	0.27	0.11	< 0.005	0.02	_	0.02	0.02	_	0.02	_	373	373	0.06	< 0.005	_	375
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	2.49	2.09	4.58	0.26	0.01	_	12.9
Waste	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	13.2	0.00	13.2	1.32	0.00	_	46.0
Refrig.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.52	0.52
Total	59.7	2.44	79.6	0.15	9.67	2.06	11.7	9.62	0.52	10.1	1,043	3,119	4,162	2.70	0.18	0.73	4,285
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mobile	1.41	1.06	9.53	0.02	0.02	2.04	2.06	0.02	0.52	0.53	_	2,332	2,332	0.12	0.10	3.50	2,368
Area	14.5	0.26	16.7	0.03	2.16	_	2.16	2.15	_	2.15	231	99.0	330	0.21	0.02	_	340
Energy	0.02	0.27	0.11	< 0.005	0.02	_	0.02	0.02	_	0.02	_	373	373	0.06	< 0.005	_	375
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.49	2.09	4.58	0.26	0.01	_	12.9
Waste	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	13.2	0.00	13.2	1.32	0.00	_	46.0
Refrig.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.52	0.52
Total	15.9	1.58	26.4	0.05	2.20	2.04	4.24	2.19	0.52	2.71	246	2,806	3,052	1.96	0.13	4.02	3,143
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mobile	0.26	0.19	1.74	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.37	0.38	< 0.005	0.09	0.10	_	386	386	0.02	0.02	0.58	392
Area	2.64	0.05	3.05	0.01	0.39	_	0.39	0.39	_	0.39	38.2	16.4	54.6	0.04	< 0.005	_	56.3
Energy	< 0.005	0.05	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	61.7	61.7	0.01	< 0.005	_	62.1
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.41	0.35	0.76	0.04	< 0.005	_	2.13
Waste	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.18	0.00	2.18	0.22	0.00	_	7.62
Refrig.	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	_	0.09	0.09
Total	2.90	0.29	4.81	0.01	0.40	0.37	0.77	0.40	0.09	0.49	40.8	465	505	0.32	0.02	0.66	520

# 3. Construction Emissions Details

### 3.1. Demolition (2024) - Unmitigated

Location	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	2.62	24.9	21.7	0.03	1.06	_	1.06	0.98	_	0.98	_	3,425	3,425	0.14	0.03	_	3,437
Demolitio n	_	_	-	_	-	1.03	1.03	-	0.16	0.16	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		0.68	0.60	< 0.005	0.03	_	0.03	0.03	_	0.03	-	93.8	93.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	94.2
Demolitio n	_	_	-	_	-	0.03	0.03	-	< 0.005	< 0.005	-	_	-	_	-	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		0.12	0.11	< 0.005	0.01	_	0.01	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	15.5	15.5	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	15.6
Demolitio n	_	_	-	_	_	0.01	0.01	_	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Worker	0.06	0.05	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.03	0.03	_	145	145	0.01	0.01	0.58	147
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.03	1.86	0.66	0.01	0.02	0.35	0.37	0.02	0.10	0.12	_	1,379	1,379	0.07	0.22	2.96	1,450
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.00	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	3.79	3.79	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	3.84
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	< 0.005	0.05	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	37.8	37.8	< 0.005	0.01	0.04	39.7
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	0.63	0.63	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.64
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	< 0.005	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	6.26	6.26	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	6.57

### 3.3. Site Preparation (2024) - Unmitigated

Location	ROG	NOx	со	SO2			PM10T		PM2.5D			NBCO2	СО2Т	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	3.65	36.0	32.9	0.05	1.60	_	1.60	1.47	_	1.47	_	5,296	5,296	0.21	0.04	_	5,314
Dust From Material Movement	_		_	_	_	7.67	7.67	_	3.94	3.94	_	_	_	_	_		_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Daily, Winter (Max)		_	_	_		_	_	_		_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	3.65	36.0	32.9	0.05	1.60	_	1.60	1.47	_	1.47	_	5,296	5,296	0.21	0.04	_	5,314
Dust From Material Movement	_	_	-	-	_	7.67	7.67	_	3.94	3.94	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	1.84	18.2	16.6	0.02	0.81	_	0.81	0.74	_	0.74	_	2,674	2,674	0.11	0.02	_	2,683
Dust From Material Movement	_	_	-	-	_	3.87	3.87	_	1.99	1.99	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		3.31	3.03	< 0.005	0.15	_	0.15	0.14	_	0.14	-	443	443	0.02	< 0.005	-	444
Dust From Material Movement	_	-	-	-	_	0.71	0.71	_	0.36	0.36	_	-	_	-	-	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.03	0.03	_	169	169	0.01	0.01	0.68	172

Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	<u> </u>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.07	0.07	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.03	0.03	_	160	160	0.01	0.01	0.02	162
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.04	0.03	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.02	0.02	_	81.4	81.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.15	82.6
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	<u> </u>	13.5	13.5	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	13.7
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

# 3.5. Site Preparation (2025) - Unmitigated

Location	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		31.6	30.2	0.05	1.37	_	1.37	1.26	_	1.26	_	5,295	5,295	0.21	0.04	_	5,314

Dust From Material Movement	_	_	_	_	_	7.67	7.67	_	3.94	3.94	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	3.31	31.6	30.2	0.05	1.37	_	1.37	1.26	_	1.26	-	5,295	5,295	0.21	0.04	_	5,314
Dust From Material Movement	_	_	-	_	_	7.67	7.67	_	3.94	3.94	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	0.60	5.70	5.43	0.01	0.25	_	0.25	0.23	_	0.23	-	953	953	0.04	0.01	_	957
Dust From Material Movement	_	_	-	_	_	1.38	1.38	_	0.71	0.71	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		1.04	0.99	< 0.005	0.04	_	0.04	0.04	_	0.04	-	158	158	0.01	< 0.005	-	158
Dust From Material Movement	_	_	_	_	_	0.25	0.25	_	0.13	0.13	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Offsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.07	0.05	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.03	0.03		166	166	0.01	0.01	0.62	169
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.07	0.06	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.03	0.03	_	157	157	0.01	0.01	0.02	159
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	_	28.5	28.5	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.05	28.9
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.00	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	4.72	4.72	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	4.78
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

# 3.7. Grading (2024) - Unmitigated

Location	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_

Off-Road Equipment		18.2	18.8	0.03	0.84	_	0.84	0.77	_	0.77	_	2,958	2,958	0.12	0.02	_	2,969
Dust From Material Movement	_	_	_	_	_	2.76	2.76	_	1.34	1.34	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	0.44	4.25	4.38	0.01	0.20	_	0.20	0.18	_	0.18	_	689	689	0.03	0.01	-	691
Dust From Material Movement	_	_	_	_	_	0.64	0.64	_	0.31	0.31	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	0.08	0.77	0.80	< 0.005	0.04	-	0.04	0.03	_	0.03	_	114	114	< 0.005	< 0.005	-	114
Dust From Material Movement	_	_	_	_	_	0.12	0.12	_	0.06	0.06	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.06	0.05	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.03	0.03		145	145	0.01	0.01	0.58	147

Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.03	1.72	0.61	0.01	0.02	0.32	0.34	0.02	0.09	0.11	_	1,273	1,273	0.07	0.20	2.74	1,338
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.01	_	32.2	32.2	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.06	32.7
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.01	0.41	0.14	< 0.005	0.01	0.07	0.08	0.01	0.02	0.03	_	296	296	0.02	0.05	0.28	311
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	5.33	5.33	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	5.41
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	< 0.005	0.08	0.03	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	49.1	49.1	< 0.005	0.01	0.05	51.5

# 3.9. Building Construction (2025) - Unmitigated

Location	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	всо2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	_	_	_	_	_	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		10.4	13.0	0.02	0.43	_	0.43	0.40	_	0.40	_	2,398	2,398	0.10	0.02	_	2,406
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		10.4	13.0	0.02	0.43	_	0.43	0.40	_	0.40	_	2,398	2,398	0.10	0.02	_	2,406

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Off-Road Equipment	0.25	2.29	2.86	0.01	0.09	_	0.09	0.09	-	0.09	_	526	526	0.02	< 0.005	_	527
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	0.05	0.42	0.52	< 0.005	0.02	_	0.02	0.02	-	0.02	_	87.0	87.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	87.3
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.05	0.04	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.03	0.03	_	126	126	0.01	< 0.005	0.47	128
Vendor	< 0.005	0.13	0.06	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	0.03	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	_	99.0	99.0	< 0.005	0.01	0.26	104
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.05	0.05	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.03	0.03	_	119	119	0.01	< 0.005	0.01	121
Vendor	< 0.005	0.14	0.06	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.03	0.03	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	_	99.0	99.0	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	103
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	_	26.4	26.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	26.8
Vendor	< 0.005	0.03	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	21.7	21.7	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	22.7
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

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Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.00	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	4.37	4.37	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	4.43
Vendor	< 0.005	0.01	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	3.59	3.59	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	3.75
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

# 3.11. Paving (2025) - Unmitigated

				· •		<i></i>			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				_			_	
Location	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	0.80	7.45	9.98	0.01	0.35	_	0.35	0.32	_	0.32	_	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	_	1,517
Paving	0.06	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	0.07	0.61	0.82	< 0.005	0.03	_	0.03	0.03	_	0.03	_	124	124	0.01	< 0.005	_	125
Paving	0.01	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	0.01	0.11	0.15	< 0.005	0.01	_	0.01	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	20.6	20.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	20.6
Paving	< 0.005	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.06	0.05	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.03	0.03	_	134	134	0.01	0.01	0.01	136
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	11.1	11.1	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	11.3
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.00	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	1.85	1.85	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	1.87
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

### 3.13. Paving (2026) - Unmitigated

Location	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_
Daily,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Summer																	
(Max)																	

Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	0.76	7.12	9.94	0.01	0.32	_	0.32	0.29	-	0.29	_	1,511	1,511	0.06	0.01	_	1,516
Paving	0.06	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	0.05	0.49	0.68	< 0.005	0.02	_	0.02	0.02	_	0.02	_	103	103	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	104
Paving	< 0.005	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		0.09	0.12	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	17.1	17.1	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	17.2
Paving	< 0.005	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.05	0.05	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.03	0.03	_	132	132	0.01	0.01	0.01	133
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	9.10	9.10	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	9.23
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.00	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	1.51	1.51	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	1.53
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

# 3.15. Architectural Coating (2026) - Unmitigated

Location	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Onsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		0.86	1.13	< 0.005	0.02	_	0.02	0.02	_	0.02	_	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	_	134
Architectu ral Coatings	11.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment		0.86	1.13	< 0.005	0.02	-	0.02	0.02	_	0.02	_	134	134	0.01	< 0.005	_	134
Architectu ral Coatings	11.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 / 50	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Avores																	
Average Daily	_			_							_	_		_			
Off-Road Equipment		0.09	0.12	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	14.6	14.6	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	14.7
Architectu ral Coatings	1.28	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Off-Road Equipment	< 0.005	0.02	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	2.42	2.42	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	2.43
Architectu ral Coatings	0.23	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Onsite truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Offsite	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	_	24.8	24.8	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.09	25.1
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	0.01	0.01	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	_	23.4	23.4	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	23.7
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Average Daily	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.00	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	2.59	2.59	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	2.62

Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Worker	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.00	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	0.43	0.43	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.43
Vendor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hauling	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

# 4. Operations Emissions Details

#### 4.1. Mobile Emissions by Land Use

#### 4.1.1. Unmitigated

Mobile source emissions results are presented in Sections 2.6. No further detailed breakdown of emissions is available.

#### 4.2. Energy

#### 4.2.1. Electricity Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

	O II G LGI I L	( )	J,	10.1, 30			(	7	<i>J</i> , . <i>J</i>		,						
Land Use	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	28.1	28.1	0.02	< 0.005	_	29.3
Parking Lot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6.28	6.28	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	6.56
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	34.4	34.4	0.03	< 0.005	_	35.9
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	28.1	28.1	0.02	< 0.005	_	29.3
Parking Lot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6.28	6.28	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	6.56
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	34.4	34.4	0.03	< 0.005	_	35.9
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4.65	4.65	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	4.86
Parking Lot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1.04	1.04	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	1.09
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5.69	5.69	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	5.94

### 4.2.3. Natural Gas Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Land Use		NOx	СО	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D		BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	0.02	0.27	0.11	< 0.005	0.02	_	0.02	0.02	_	0.02	_	338	338	0.03	< 0.005	_	339
Parking Lot	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00
Total	0.02	0.27	0.11	< 0.005	0.02	_	0.02	0.02	_	0.02	_	338	338	0.03	< 0.005	_	339
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	0.02	0.27	0.11	< 0.005	0.02		0.02	0.02		0.02		338	338	0.03	< 0.005		339

Parking Lot	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00
Total	0.02	0.27	0.11	< 0.005	0.02	_	0.02	0.02	_	0.02	_	338	338	0.03	< 0.005	_	339
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	< 0.005	0.05	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	56.0	56.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	56.1
Parking Lot	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	_	0.00	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00
Total	< 0.005	0.05	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	56.0	56.0	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	56.1

# 4.3. Area Emissions by Source

### 4.3.1. Unmitigated

Source	ROG	NOx	СО		PM10E		PM10T					NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Hearths	56.6	1.11	69.9	0.13	9.63	_	9.63	9.59	_	9.59	1,028	428	1,456	0.95	0.07	_	1,502
Consume r Products	1.55	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Architectu ral Coatings	0.13	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Landscap e Equipme nt	0.19	0.02	2.10	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	5.61	5.61	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	5.63
Total	58.5	1.13	72.0	0.13	9.63	_	9.63	9.59	_	9.59	1,028	434	1,462	0.95	0.07	_	1,507

Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Hearths	56.6	1.11	69.9	0.13	9.63	_	9.63	9.59	_	9.59	1,028	428	1,456	0.95	0.07	_	1,502
Consume r Products	1.55	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Architectu ral Coatings	0.13	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	58.3	1.11	69.9	0.13	9.63	_	9.63	9.59	_	9.59	1,028	428	1,456	0.95	0.07	_	1,502
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Hearths	2.32	0.05	2.87	0.01	0.39	_	0.39	0.39	_	0.39	38.2	15.9	54.2	0.04	< 0.005	_	55.9
Consume r Products	0.28	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Architectu ral Coatings	0.02	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Landscap e Equipme nt	0.02	< 0.005	0.19	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	< 0.005	_	0.46	0.46	< 0.005	< 0.005	_	0.46
Total	2.64	0.05	3.05	0.01	0.39	_	0.39	0.39	_	0.39	38.2	16.4	54.6	0.04	< 0.005	_	56.3

## 4.4. Water Emissions by Land Use

#### 4.4.1. Unmitigated

		, ,	<b>,</b>		, ,		(	,	<i>J</i> ,		. ,						
Land Use	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Summer																	
(Max)																	

Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.49	2.09	4.58	0.26	0.01	_	12.9
Parking Lot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00
Total	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	2.49	2.09	4.58	0.26	0.01	_	12.9
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.49	2.09	4.58	0.26	0.01	_	12.9
Parking Lot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.49	2.09	4.58	0.26	0.01	_	12.9
Annual	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	0.41	0.35	0.76	0.04	< 0.005	_	2.13
Parking Lot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.41	0.35	0.76	0.04	< 0.005	_	2.13

## 4.5. Waste Emissions by Land Use

## 4.5.1. Unmitigated

Land Use	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Summer																	
(Max)																	

Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	13.2	0.00	13.2	1.32	0.00	_	46.0
Parking Lot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00
Total	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	13.2	0.00	13.2	1.32	0.00	_	46.0
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	13.2	0.00	13.2	1.32	0.00	_	46.0
Parking Lot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	13.2	0.00	13.2	1.32	0.00	_	46.0
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.18	0.00	2.18	0.22	0.00	_	7.62
Parking Lot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	0.00
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.18	0.00	2.18	0.22	0.00	_	7.62

## 4.6. Refrigerant Emissions by Land Use

## 4.6.1. Unmitigated

							<u> </u>	r <del>i de la constanta de la cons</del>									
Land Use	ROG	NOx	co	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily,								_	_		_	_		_	_	_	_
Summer																	
(Max)																	

Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.52	0.52
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.52	0.52
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.52	0.52
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.52	0.52
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single Family Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.09	0.09
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.09	0.09

## 4.7. Offroad Emissions By Equipment Type

## 4.7.1. Unmitigated

Equipme nt Type	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Tatal																	
lotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

## 4.8. Stationary Emissions By Equipment Type

#### 4.8.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Equipme nt Type	ROG	NOx	со									NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

## 4.9. User Defined Emissions By Equipment Type

#### 4.9.1. Unmitigated

Equipme nt Type	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

## 4.10. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type

#### 4.10.1. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

Vegetatio n	ROG		СО				PM10T		PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

#### 4.10.2. Above and Belowground Carbon Accumulation by Land Use Type - Unmitigated

Land Use	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	PM10E	PM10D	PM10T	PM2.5E	PM2.5D	PM2.5T	BCO2	NBCO2	CO2T	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

## 4.10.3. Avoided and Sequestered Emissions by Species - Unmitigated

	ROG	NOx	со	SO2		PM10D				PM2.5T		NBCO2	СО2Т	CH4	N2O	R	CO2e
Daily, Summer (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Avoided	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Sequeste red	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Removed	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Daily, Winter (Max)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Avoided	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sequeste red	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Removed	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Annual	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Avoided	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sequeste red	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_
Removed	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Subtotal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

# 5. Activity Data

## 5.1. Construction Schedule

Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Days Per Week	Work Days per Phase	Phase Description
Demolition	Demolition	4/4/2024	4/17/2024	5.00	10.0	_
Site Preparation	Site Preparation	4/18/2024	4/2/2025	5.00	250	_
Grading	Grading	4/4/2024	7/31/2024	5.00	85.0	_
Building Construction	Building Construction	7/31/2025	11/19/2025	5.00	80.0	_
Paving	Paving	11/20/2025	2/4/2026	5.00	55.0	_
Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	2/5/2026	4/1/2026	5.00	40.0	_

## 5.2. Off-Road Equipment

#### 5.2.1. Unmitigated

Phase Name	Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Engine Tier	Number per Day	Hours Per Day	Horsepower	Load Factor

Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	33.0	0.73
Demolition	Excavators	Diesel	Average	3.00	8.00	36.0	0.38
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	367	0.40
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	Diesel	Average	3.00	8.00	367	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backh oes	Diesel	Average	4.00	8.00	84.0	0.37
Grading	Excavators	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	36.0	0.38
Grading	Graders	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	148	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	367	0.40
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backh oes	Diesel	Average	3.00	8.00	84.0	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	Diesel	Average	1.00	7.00	367	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	Diesel	Average	3.00	8.00	82.0	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	14.0	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backh oes	Diesel	Average	3.00	7.00	84.0	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	Diesel	Average	1.00	8.00	46.0	0.45
Paving	Pavers	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	81.0	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	89.0	0.36
Paving	Rollers	Diesel	Average	2.00	8.00	36.0	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	Diesel	Average	1.00	6.00	37.0	0.48

## 5.3. Construction Vehicles

## 5.3.1. Unmitigated

Phase Name	Trip Type	One-Way Trips per Day	Miles per Trip	Vehicle Mix
Demolition	_	_	_	_
Demolition	Worker	15.0	12.0	LDA,LDT1,LDT2

Demolition	Vendor	_	7.63	HHDT,MHDT
Demolition	Hauling	18.8	20.0	HHDT
Demolition	Onsite truck	_	_	HHDT
Site Preparation	_	_	_	_
Site Preparation	Worker	17.5	12.0	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Site Preparation	Vendor	_	7.63	HHDT,MHDT
Site Preparation	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Site Preparation	Onsite truck	_	_	HHDT
Grading	_	_	_	_
Grading	Worker	15.0	12.0	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Grading	Vendor	_	7.63	HHDT,MHDT
Grading	Hauling	17.4	20.0	HHDT
Grading	Onsite truck	_	_	HHDT
Building Construction	_	_	_	_
Building Construction	Worker	13.3	12.0	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Building Construction	Vendor	3.96	7.63	HHDT,MHDT
Building Construction	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Building Construction	Onsite truck	_	_	HHDT
Paving	_	_	_	_
Paving	Worker	15.0	12.0	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Paving	Vendor	_	7.63	HHDT,MHDT
Paving	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT
Paving	Onsite truck	_	_	HHDT
Architectural Coating	_	_	_	_
Architectural Coating	Worker	2.66	12.0	LDA,LDT1,LDT2
Architectural Coating	Vendor	_	7.63	HHDT,MHDT
Architectural Coating	Hauling	0.00	20.0	HHDT

Architectural Coating Onsite truck	_	_	HHDT
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#### 5.4. Vehicles

#### 5.4.1. Construction Vehicle Control Strategies

Control Strategies Applied	PM10 Reduction	PM2.5 Reduction
Water unpaved roads twice daily	55%	55%
Limit vehicle speeds on unpaved roads to 25 mph	44%	44%

## 5.5. Architectural Coatings

Phase Name	Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft)	Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft)	Non-Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft)	Non-Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft)	Parking Area Coated (sq ft)
Architectural Coating	146,104	48,701	0.00	0.00	3,481

## 5.6. Dust Mitigation

#### 5.6.1. Construction Earthmoving Activities

Phase Name	Material Imported (Cubic Yards)	Material Exported (Cubic Yards)	Acres Graded (acres)	Material Demolished (Ton of Debris)	Acres Paved (acres)
Demolition	0.00	0.00	0.00	752	_
Site Preparation	0.00	0.00	375	0.00	_
Grading	11,800	0.00	85.0	0.00	_
Paving	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74

## 5.6.2. Construction Earthmoving Control Strategies

Control Strategies Applied	Frequency (per day)	PM10 Reduction	PM2.5 Reduction
Water Exposed Area	2	61%	61%

Water Demolished Area 2	36%	36%
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## 5.7. Construction Paving

Land Use	Area Paved (acres)	% Asphalt
Single Family Housing	0.41	0%
Parking Lot	1.33	100%

## 5.8. Construction Electricity Consumption and Emissions Factors

kWh per Year and Emission Factor (lb/MWh)

Year	kWh per Year	CO2	CH4	N2O
2024	0.00	540	0.03	< 0.005
2025	0.00	540	0.03	< 0.005
2026	0.00	45.1	0.03	< 0.005

## 5.9. Operational Mobile Sources

#### 5.9.1. Unmitigated

Land Use Type	Trips/Weekday	Trips/Saturday	Trips/Sunday	Trips/Year	VMT/Weekday	VMT/Saturday	VMT/Sunday	VMT/Year
Total all Land Uses	370	370	370	135,050	2,923	2,923	2,923	1,066,895

## 5.10. Operational Area Sources

5.10.1. Hearths

#### 5.10.1.1. Unmitigated

Hearth Type	Unmitigated (number)
Single Family Housing	_

Wood Fireplaces	13
Gas Fireplaces	20
Propane Fireplaces	0
Electric Fireplaces	0
No Fireplaces	4
Conventional Wood Stoves	0
Catalytic Wood Stoves	2
Non-Catalytic Wood Stoves	2
Pellet Wood Stoves	0

## 5.10.2. Architectural Coatings

Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft)	Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft)	Non-Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft)	Non-Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft)	Parking Area Coated (sq ft)
146103.75	48,701	0.00	0.00	3,481

#### 5.10.3. Landscape Equipment

Season	Unit	Value
Snow Days	day/yr	0.00
Summer Days	day/yr	180

## 5.11. Operational Energy Consumption

## 5.11.1. Unmitigated

Electricity (kWh/yr) and CO2 and CH4 and N2O and Natural Gas (kBTU/yr)

Land Use	Electricity (kWh/yr)	CO2	CH4	N2O	Natural Gas (kBTU/yr)
Single Family Housing	227,227	45.1	0.0330	0.0040	1,055,127
Parking Lot	50,827	45.1	0.0330	0.0040	0.00

## 5.12. Operational Water and Wastewater Consumption

#### 5.12.1. Unmitigated

Land Use	Indoor Water (gal/year)	Outdoor Water (gal/year)
Single Family Housing	1,299,924	1,524,700
Parking Lot	0.00	0.00

## 5.13. Operational Waste Generation

#### 5.13.1. Unmitigated

Land Use	Waste (ton/year)	Cogeneration (kWh/year)
Single Family Housing	24.4	_
Parking Lot	0.00	_

## 5.14. Operational Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment

#### 5.14.1. Unmitigated

Land Use Type	Equipment Type	Refrigerant	GWP	Quantity (kg)	Operations Leak Rate	Service Leak Rate	Times Serviced
Single Family Housing	Average room A/C & Other residential A/C and heat pumps	R-410A	2,088	< 0.005	2.50	2.50	10.0
Single Family Housing	Household refrigerators and/or freezers	R-134a	1,430	0.12	0.60	0.00	1.00

## 5.15. Operational Off-Road Equipment

#### 5.15.1. Unmitigated

Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Engine Tier	Number per Day	Hours Per Day	Horsepower	Load Factor
	4		4			

### 5.16. Stationary Sources

5.16.1. Emergency Generators and Fire Pumps

Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Number per Day	Hours per Day	Hours per Year	Horsepower	Load Factor
Equipment Type	i dei Type	I vullibel pel Day	Tiours per Day	riours per real	Horsepower	Load Factor

5.16.2. Process Boilers

Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Number	Roilor Pating (MMRtu/hr)	Daily Heat Input (MMRtu/day)	Appual Heat Input (MMRtu/yr)
Equipment Type	Fuel Type	Number	Boiler Rating (MMBtu/hr)	Daily near input (MiMbtu/day)	Annuai neat input (wiwbtu/yr)

#### 5.17. User Defined

Equipment Type Fuel Type

5.18. Vegetation

5.18.1. Land Use Change

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

Vegetation Land Use Type Vegetation Soil Type Initial Acres Final Acres

5.18.1. Biomass Cover Type

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

Biomass Cover Type Initial Acres Final Acres

5.18.2. Sequestration

5.18.2.1. Unmitigated

annual hectares burned

Tree Type	Number	Electricity Saved (kWh/year)	Natural Gas Saved (btu/year)
Tree Type	Number	Electricity Saved (kWh/year)	Natural Gas Saved (btu/year)

## 6. Climate Risk Detailed Report

#### 6.1. Climate Risk Summary

Wildfire

Cal-Adapt midcentury 2040–2059 average projections for four hazards are reported below for your project location. These are under Representation Concentration Pathway (RCP) 8.5 which assumes GHG emissions will continue to rise strongly through 2050 and then plateau around 2100.

Climate Hazard	Result for Project Location	Unit
Temperature and Extreme Heat	11.0	annual days of extreme heat
Extreme Precipitation	3.95	annual days with precipitation above 20 mm
Sea Level Rise	_	meters of inundation depth

Temperature and Extreme Heat data are for grid cell in which your project are located. The projection is based on the 98th historical percentile of daily maximum/minimum temperatures from observed historical data (32 climate model ensemble from Cal-Adapt, 2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

7.44

Extreme Precipitation data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The threshold of 20 mm is equivalent to about ¾ an inch of rain, which would be light to moderate rainfall if received over a full day or heavy rain if received over a period of 2 to 4 hours. Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Sea Level Rise data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from Radke et al. (2017), as reported in Cal-Adapt (Radke et al., 2017, CEC-500-2017-008), and consider inundation location and depth for the San Francisco Bay, the Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta and California coast resulting different increments of sea level rise coupled with extreme storm events. Users may select from four scenarios to view the range in potential inundation depth for the grid cell. The four scenarios are: No rise, 0.5 meter, 1.41 meters

Wildfire data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from UC Davis, as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider historical data of climate, vegetation, population density, and large (> 400 ha) fire history. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential wildfire probabilities for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

#### 6.2. Initial Climate Risk Scores

Climate Hazard	Exposure Score	Sensitivity Score	Adaptive Capacity Score	Vulnerability Score
Temperature and Extreme Heat	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Extreme Precipitation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sea Level Rise	0	0	0	N/A
Wildfire	0	0	0	N/A
Flooding	0	0	0	N/A

Drought	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Snowpack Reduction	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Air Quality Degradation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores do not include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

#### 6.3. Adjusted Climate Risk Scores

Climate Hazard	Exposure Score	Sensitivity Score	Adaptive Capacity Score	Vulnerability Score
Temperature and Extreme Heat	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Extreme Precipitation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sea Level Rise	1	1	1	2
Wildfire	1	1	1	2
Flooding	1	1	1	2
Drought	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Snowpack Reduction	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Air Quality Degradation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

#### 6.4. Climate Risk Reduction Measures

## 7. Health and Equity Details

#### 7.1. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Scores

The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

Indicator	Result for Project Census Tract
Exposure Indicators	_
AQ-Ozone	40.0
AQ-PM	30.6
AQ-DPM	59.1
Drinking Water	25.3
Lead Risk Housing	52.7
Pesticides	46.1
Toxic Releases	20.5
Traffic	72.1
Effect Indicators	_
CleanUp Sites	0.00
Groundwater	0.00
Haz Waste Facilities/Generators	80.2
Impaired Water Bodies	91.9
Solid Waste	0.00
Sensitive Population	_
Asthma	25.7
Cardio-vascular	28.3
Low Birth Weights	11.9
Socioeconomic Factor Indicators	_
Education	69.0
Housing	56.5
Linguistic	23.8
Poverty	61.1
Unemployment	22.6

## 7.2. Healthy Places Index Scores

The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.		
Indicator	Result for Project Census Tract	
Economic	_	
Above Poverty	37.13589118	
Employed	78.07006288	
Median HI	40.11292185	
Education	_	
Bachelor's or higher	35.58321571	
High school enrollment	100	
Preschool enrollment	13.98691133	
Transportation	_	
Auto Access	70.20402926	
Active commuting	29.51366611	
Social	_	
2-parent households	64.23713589	
Voting	76.15809059	
Neighborhood	_	
Alcohol availability	46.6059284	
Park access	12.89618889	
Retail density	77.15898884	
Supermarket access	55.51135635	
Tree canopy	39.79212113	
Housing	_	
Homeownership	43.19260875	
Housing habitability	72.48813037	
Low-inc homeowner severe housing cost burden	76.22225074	

Low-inc renter severe housing cost burden	86.30822533
Uncrowded housing	37.66200436
Health Outcomes	_
Insured adults	27.75567817
Arthritis	81.7
Asthma ER Admissions	65.0
High Blood Pressure	95.1
Cancer (excluding skin)	66.1
Asthma	43.1
Coronary Heart Disease	77.0
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	59.8
Diagnosed Diabetes	79.4
Life Expectancy at Birth	52.3
Cognitively Disabled	92.5
Physically Disabled	63.7
Heart Attack ER Admissions	86.4
Mental Health Not Good	40.6
Chronic Kidney Disease	73.0
Obesity	54.6
Pedestrian Injuries	97.4
Physical Health Not Good	61.7
Stroke	75.8
Health Risk Behaviors	_
Binge Drinking	3.4
Current Smoker	42.3
No Leisure Time for Physical Activity	55.7
Climate Change Exposures	_

Wildfire Risk	0.0
SLR Inundation Area	0.0
Children	11.1
Elderly	69.3
English Speaking	32.3
Foreign-born	42.7
Outdoor Workers	9.3
Climate Change Adaptive Capacity	_
Impervious Surface Cover	56.2
Traffic Density	87.1
Traffic Access	23.0
Other Indices	_
Hardship	47.6
Other Decision Support	_
2016 Voting	71.7

## 7.3. Overall Health & Equity Scores

Metric	Result for Project Census Tract
CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Score for Project Location (a)	32.0
Healthy Places Index Score for Project Location (b)	49.0
Project Located in a Designated Disadvantaged Community (Senate Bill 535)	No
Project Located in a Low-Income Community (Assembly Bill 1550)	Yes
Project Located in a Community Air Protection Program Community (Assembly Bill 617)	No

a: The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

#### 7.4. Health & Equity Measures

b: The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

No Health & Equity Measures selected.

#### 7.5. Evaluation Scorecard

Health & Equity Evaluation Scorecard not completed.

#### 7.6. Health & Equity Custom Measures

No Health & Equity Custom Measures created.

# 8. User Changes to Default Data

Screen	Justification
Land Use	Revised based on site acreage
Construction: Construction Phases	Revised per provided schedule
Operations: Water and Waste Water	Revised per MAWA