

# COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

# **Independent Redistricting Commission**

# **AGENDA ITEM**

COMMISSIONERS

David Bame Colleen Brown Amy Caterina Chris Chen Sonia Diaz Barbara Hansen Arvid Larson John Russ

DATE: November 9, 2020 Item 9

**TO:** Independent Redistricting Commission

SUBJECT: METHOD TO SELECT SIX ADDITIONAL COMMISSIONERS

### **OVERVIEW:**

In accordance with Elections Code section 21550(g), the eight selected Commissioners shall review the remaining names in the subpools of applicants and shall appoint six additional applicants to the Commission.

Attachment B to this report is a list of the remaining applicants. Copies of their applications are available online at: www.sandiegocounty.gov/redistricting/IRCQualified.html.

The Elections Code requires the Commission select the six additional Commissioners based on the following:

- 1. Relevant experience,
- 2. Analytical skills,
- 3. Ability to be impartial,
- 4. Ensure that the Commission reflects the county's diversity, including racial, ethnic, geographic, and gender diversity. However, formulas or specific ratios shall not be applied for this purpose.
- 5. The eight commissioners shall also consider political party preference, selecting applicants so that the political party preference of the members of the commission complies with subdivision (c). Subdivision (c) states:

The political party preferences of the commission members, as shown on the members' most recent affidavits of registration, shall be as proportional as possible to the total number of voters who are registered with each political party in the County of San Diego or who decline to state or do not indicate a party preference, as determined by registration at the most recent statewide election. However, the political party preferences of the commission members are not required to be exactly the same as the proportion of political party preferences among the registered voters of the county. At least one commission member shall reside in each of the five existing supervisorial districts of the board.

# SUBJECT: METHOD TO SELECT SIX ADDITIONAL COMMISSIONERS

Based on the current makeup of the Commission, the following mix of political party preferences

is recommended to be compliant with the Elections Code:

Political Parties	Percentage of Registered Voters*	Composition of Current Eight Commissioners	Recommended Mix of Six Commissioners to Ensure Commission is Proportional to the Percentage of Registered Voters	Proposed Final Commission Composition	
Democratic	38.46%	3 (37.5%)	3	6 (42.9%)	
Republican	27.60%	4 (50.0%)	0	4 (28.6%)	
American Independent	3.46%	0%	0	0%	
Green	0.36%	0%	0	0%	
Libertarian	1.01%	0%	0	0%	
Peace & Freedom	0.38%	0%	0	0%	
No Party Preference	28.74%	1 (12.5%)	3	4 (28.6%)	

<sup>\*</sup>Pursuant to Elections Code Section 21550(c), this data reflects total number of voters who were registered with each political party in the County of San Diego or who decline to state or do not indicate a party preference, as determined by registration at the most recent statewide election (March 2020).

Additionally, the following demographics are reflected in the current composition of the Commission:

Districts	<b>Eight Selected</b>	%
District 1	1	13%
District 2	1	13%
District 3	1	13%
District 4	3	38%
District 5	2	25%

Race/Ethnicity	<b>Eight Selected</b>	%
Black/African American	0	0%
Hispanic/Latino	1	13%
Asian	1	13%
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0	0%
American Indian/Alaska Native	0	0%
White (Not of Hispanic Origin)	6	75%
Prefer to Self-Describe	0	0%
Decline to State	0	0%

Gender	Eight Selected	%
Female	4	50%
Male	4	50%
Non-binary	0	0%
Decline to state	0	0%

# SUBJECT: METHOD TO SELECT SIX ADDITIONAL COMMISSIONERS

It is recommended that after today's meeting, the Commissioners identify their top six applicants from the remaining pool of applicants that meet the criteria described on page 1 of this report. Commissioners should then e-mail the names of their top six applicants to <a href="mailto:andrew.potter@sdcounty.ca.gov">andrew.potter@sdcounty.ca.gov</a> by 12 noon on Monday, November 16. Clerk of the Board staff will compile the results and summarize the selections for the Commission's consideration at the next meeting.

The six additional Commissioners must be selected by December 31, 2020.

## **RECOMMENDED ACTIONS:**

- 1. Review the criteria for selection of the six remaining Commissioners.
- 2. Consider the process to review the 51 qualified applicants to select six additional Commissioners by December 31, 2020.

# **ATTACHMENTS:**

- A. Elections Code Section 21550-21553 (includes Assembly Bill 1276 that amended the timeframes in Section 21552, refer to the highlighted section)
- B. List of the 51 remaining qualified applicants

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#### **ELECTIONS CODE - ELEC**

DIVISION 21. STATE AND LOCAL REAPPORTIONMENT [21000 - 23003] ( Division 21 enacted by Stats. 1994, Ch. 920, Sec. 2. )

CHAPTER 6.5. County of San Diego Independent Redistricting Commission [21550 - 21553] (Chapter 6.5 added by Stats. 2012, Ch. 508, Sec. 1.)

21550. (a) As used in this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings:

- (1) "Board" means the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Diego.
- (2) "Clerk of the Board of Supervisors" means the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Diego.
- (3) "Commission" means the Independent Redistricting Commission established by subdivision (b).
- (4) "Immediate family member" means a spouse, child, in-law, parent, or sibling.
- (b) (1) There is, in the County of San Diego, an Independent Redistricting Commission. The commission shall be created no later than December 31, 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter. The selection process is designed to produce a commission that is independent from the influence of the board and reasonably representative of the county's diversity.
- (2) In the year following the year in which the decennial federal census is taken, the commission shall adjust the boundary lines of the supervisorial districts of the board in accordance with this chapter.
- (c) The commission shall be comprised of 14 members. The political party preferences of the commission members, as shown on the members' most recent affidavits of registration, shall be as proportional as possible to the total number of voters who are registered with each political party in the County of San Diego or who decline to state or do not indicate a party preference, as determined by registration at the most recent statewide election. However, the political party preferences of the commission members are not required to be exactly the same as the proportion of political party preferences among the registered voters of the county. At least one commission member shall reside in each of the five existing supervisorial districts of the board. Commissioners shall each meet the following qualifications:
- (1) Be a resident of the County of San Diego.
- (2) Be a voter who has been continuously registered in the County of San Diego with the same political party preference or with no political party preference and who has not changed the voter's political party preference for five or more years immediately preceding the date of the voter's appointment to the commission.
- (3) Have voted in at least one of the last three statewide elections immediately preceding the voter's application to be a member of the commission.
- (4) Within the 10 years immediately preceding the date of application to the commission, neither the applicant, nor an immediate family member of the applicant, has done any of the following:
- (A) Been appointed to, elected to, or have been a candidate for office at the local, state, or federal level representing the County of San Diego, including as a member of the board.
- (B) Served as an employee of, or paid consultant for, an elected representative at the local, state, or federal level representing the County of San Diego.
- (C) Served as an employee of, or paid consultant for, a candidate for office at the local, state, or federal level representing the County of San Diego.
- (D) Served as an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a political party or as an appointed member of a political party central committee.
- (E) Been a registered federal, state, or local lobbyist.

- (5) Possess experience that demonstrates analytical skills relevant to the redistricting process and voting rights, and possess an ability to comprehend and apply the applicable state and federal legal requirements.
- (6) Possess experience that demonstrates an ability to be impartial.
- (7) Possess experience that demonstrates an appreciation for the diverse demographics and geography of the County of San Diego.
- (d) An interested person meeting the qualifications specified in subdivision (c) may submit an application to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors to be considered for membership on the commission. The Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall review the applications and eliminate applicants who do not meet the specified qualifications.
- (e) (1) From the pool of qualified applicants, the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall select 60 of the most qualified applicants, taking into account the requirements described in subdivision (c). The Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall make public the names of the 60 most qualified applicants for at least 30 days. The Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall not communicate with a member of the board, or an agent for a member of the board, about any matter related to the nomination process or applicants before the publication of the list of the 60 most qualified applicants.
- (2) During the period described in paragraph (1), the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors may eliminate any of the previously selected applicants if the clerk becomes aware that the applicant does not meet the qualifications specified in subdivision (c).
- (f) (1) After complying with the requirements of subdivision (e), the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall create a subpool for each of the five existing supervisorial districts of the board.
- (2) (A) At a regularly scheduled meeting of the board, the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall conduct a random drawing to select one commissioner from each of the five subpools established by the clerk.
- (B) After completing the random drawing pursuant to subparagraph (A), at the same meeting of the board, the clerk shall conduct a random drawing from all of the remaining applicants, without respect to subpools, to select three additional commissioners.
- (g) (1) The eight selected commissioners shall review the remaining names in the subpools of applicants and shall appoint six additional applicants to the commission.
- (2) The six appointees shall be chosen based on relevant experience, analytical skills, and ability to be impartial, and to ensure that the commission reflects the county's diversity, including racial, ethnic, geographic, and gender diversity. However, formulas or specific ratios shall not be applied for this purpose. The eight commissioners shall also consider political party preference, selecting applicants so that the political party preference of the members of the commission complies with subdivision (c).

(Amended by Stats. 2019, Ch. 29, Sec. 80. (SB 82) Effective June 27, 2019.)

- <u>21551.</u> (a) A commission member shall apply this chapter in a manner that is impartial and that reinforces public confidence in the integrity of the redistricting process.
- (b) The term of office of each member of the commission expires upon the appointment of the first member of the succeeding commission.
- (c) Nine members of the commission shall constitute a quorum. Nine or more affirmative votes shall be required for any official action.
- (d) (1) The commission shall not retain a consultant who would not be qualified as an applicant pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (c) of Section 21550.
- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "consultant" means a person, whether or not compensated, retained to advise the commission or a commission member regarding any aspect of the redistricting process.
- (e) Each commission member shall be a designated employee for purposes of the Conflict of Interest Code adopted by the County of San Diego pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 87300) of Chapter 7 of Title 9 of the Government Code.

(Amended by Stats. 2018, Ch. 92, Sec. 67. (SB 1289) Effective January 1, 2019.)

- <u>21552.</u> (a) The commission shall establish single-member supervisorial districts for the board pursuant to a mapping process using the following criteria as set forth in the following order of priority:
- (1) Districts shall comply with the United States Constitution and each district shall have a reasonably equal population with other districts for the board, except where deviation is required to comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.) or is allowable by law.
- (2) Districts shall comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.).

- (3) Districts shall be geographically contiguous.
- (4) The geographic integrity of any city, local neighborhood, or local community of interest shall be respected in a manner that minimizes its division to the extent possible without violating the requirements of paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive. A community of interest is a contiguous population that shares common social and economic interests that should be included within a single district for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Communities of interest shall not include relationships with political parties, incumbents, or political candidates.
- (5) To the extent practicable, and where it does not conflict with paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, districts shall be drawn to encourage geographical compactness such that nearby areas of population are not bypassed for more distant areas of population.
- (b) The place of residence of any incumbent or political candidate shall not be considered in the creation of a map. Districts shall not be drawn for purposes of favoring or discriminating against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.
- (c) (1) The commission shall comply with the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).
- (2) Before the commission draws a map, the commission shall conduct at least seven public hearings, to take place over a period of no fewer than 30 days, with at least one public hearing held in each supervisorial district.
- (3) After the commission draws a draft map, the commission shall do both of the following:
- (A) Post the map for public comment on the internet website of the County of San Diego.
- (B) Conduct at least two public hearings to take place over a period of no fewer than 30 days.
- (4) (A) The commission shall establish and make available to the public a calendar of all public hearings described in paragraphs (2) and (3). Hearings shall be scheduled at various times and days of the week to accommodate a variety of work schedules and to reach as large an audience as possible.
- (B) Notwithstanding Section 54954.2 of the Government Code, the commission shall post the agenda for the public hearings described in paragraphs (2) and (3) at least seven days before the hearings. The agenda for a meeting required by paragraph (3) shall include a copy of the draft map.
- (5) (A) The commission shall arrange for the live translation of a hearing held pursuant to this chapter in an applicable language if a request for translation is made at least 24 hours before the hearing.
- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, an "applicable language" means a language for which the number of residents of the County of San Diego who are members of a language minority is greater than or equal to 3 percent of the total voting age residents of the county.
- (6) The commission shall take steps to encourage county residents to participate in the redistricting public review process. These steps may include:
- (A) Providing information through media, social media, and public service announcements.
- (B) Coordinating with community organizations.
- (C) Posting information on the internet website of the County of San Diego that explains the redistricting process and includes a notice of each public hearing and the procedures for testifying during a hearing or submitting written testimony directly to the commission.
- (7) The board shall take all steps necessary to ensure that a complete and accurate computerized database is available for redistricting, and that procedures are in place to provide to the public ready access to redistricting data and computer software equivalent to what is available to the commission members.
- (8) The board shall provide for reasonable funding and staffing for the commission.
- (9) All records of the commission relating to redistricting, and all data considered by the commission in drawing a draft map or the final map, are public records.
- (d) (1) The commission shall adopt a redistricting plan adjusting the boundaries of the supervisorial districts and shall file the plan with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors before August 15 of the year following the year in which each decennial federal census is taken.
- (2) The plan shall be effective 30 days after it is filed with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.
- (3) The plan shall be subject to referendum in the same manner as ordinances.
- (4) The commission shall issue, with the final map, a report that explains the basis on which the commission made its decisions in achieving compliance with the criteria described in subdivisions (a) and (b).

(Amended by Stats. 2019, Ch. 29, Sec. 81. (SB 82) Effective June 27, 2019.)

A commission member shall be ineligible for a period of five years beginning from the date of appointment to hold elective public office at the federal, state, county, or city level in this state. A commission member shall be ineligible for a period of three years beginning from the date of appointment to hold appointive federal, state, or local public office, to serve as paid staff for, or as a paid consultant to, the Board of Equalization, the Congress, the Legislature, or any individual legislator, or to register as a federal, state, or local lobbyist in this state.

(Added by Stats. 2017, Ch. 711, Sec. 4. (AB 801) Effective January 1, 2018.)



### Assembly Bill No. 1276

#### **CHAPTER 90**

An act to amend Sections 21500, 21500.1, 21501, 21506, 21507, 21508, 21534, 21552, 21600, 21601, 21602, 21605, 21606, 21607, 21608, 21609, 21620, 21621, 21622, 21623, 21625, 21626, 21627, 21627.1, 21628, 21629, and 23000 of, and to add Section 21630 to, the Elections Code, relating to elections.

[Approved by Governor September 18, 2020. Filed with Secretary of State September 18, 2020.]

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1276, Bonta. Local redistricting.

(1) Existing law establishes procedures and criteria pursuant to which counties, general law cities, and charter cities adopt supervisorial and council district boundaries for the purpose of electing members of a county's board of supervisors or a city's council.

This bill would make technical, clarifying, and conforming changes to make these provisions consistent in their application to those jurisdictions.

(2) Under the redistricting procedures described above, existing law requires those jurisdictions to adopt the boundaries of districts no earlier than August 1 in each year ending in the number 1, but not later than 151 days before the jurisdiction's next regular election occurring in March in each year ending in the number 2. Existing law requires the board of supervisors or the council to publish the date, time, and location of a public hearing or workshop on redistricting, or a draft map pending adoption as a final map, on the internet at least 3 days in advance if the hearing or workshop is held, or the draft map will be adopted as a final map, within 179 days of the jurisdiction's next regular election. Existing law requires the Citizens Redistricting Commission and the Legislature to coordinate efforts to make publicly available a computerized database which contains data necessary for redistricting. Existing law authorizes a candidate for elective office in a county or charter city to submit a petition containing signatures of a specified number of registered voters in lieu of a filing fee, and requires an elections official to make forms for securing signatures available commencing 60 days before the first day for circulating nomination papers, except as specified.

This bill would, for redistricting occurring in 2031 and thereafter, instead require district boundaries to be adopted no later than 205 days before the jurisdiction's next regular election occurring after January 1 in each year ending in the number 2. For redistricting occurring before 2031, the bill would require boundaries to be adopted not later than 174 days before the next regular election if the election is held after January 1, 2022, and before

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July 1, 2022, and not later than 205 days before the next regular election if the election is held on or after July 1, 2022. For redistricting in counties and charter cities to which the 174 day deadline applies, the bill would prohibit forms for securing signatures in lieu of a filing fee from being made available until at least 28 days after the adoption of a final map, and would require an elections official in a county or charter city to reduce the number of signatures required, as specified, if that prohibition reduces the amount of time in which a candidate can collect signatures before the first day for circulating nomination papers. The bill would instead require the board of supervisors or council to publish the date, time, and location of a hearing or workshop on the internet at least 3 days in advance if the hearing or workshop is held within 28 days of the deadline for the jurisdiction to adopt district boundaries. The bill would prohibit a board of supervisors or council, or their contractors, from releasing draft maps of districts earlier than 3 weeks after the database described above is made publicly available, unless the database is made available less than 90 days before the deadline to adopt a map, in which case the 3 week period would be shortened or waived, as specified.

(4) Existing law establishes the Citizens Redistricting Commission in the County of Los Angeles and the Independent Redistricting Commission in the County of San Diego for the purpose of adjusting the boundaries of supervisorial districts of the boards of supervisors in those counties. Existing law requires each of the supervisorial districts in the jurisdiction of one of those commissions to have a reasonably equal population with other districts in the same jurisdiction, except as specified. Existing law requires each of those commissions to adopt a redistricting plan adjusting the boundaries of supervisorial districts and to file the plan with specified county officials before August 15 of the year following the year in which each federal decennial census is taken. Existing law requires the commissions to conduct public hearings before drawing a map that proposes redistricting. Existing law provides that a redistricting plan is not effective until 30 days after it is filed.

This bill would require the measure of population equality for supervisorial districts in those counties to be based on the total population of residents of the respective county as determined by the most recent federal decennial census for which specified redistricting data is available, and would prohibit an incarcerated person from being counted as part of a county's population, unless specified redistricting data shows that the incarcerated person's last known place of residence may be assigned to the county. The bill would instead require each of those commissions to file their redistricting plans pursuant to the deadlines for adopting district boundaries described above that are applicable to counties. The bill would also apply to those commissions the provisions described above that prohibit counties or their contractors from releasing draft maps within certain time periods following the date on which redistricting data becomes publicly available. The bill would authorize the commissions to change the location of a hearing, including the use of virtual hearings that permit remote access and

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participation, if a public health order that prohibits large gatherings is in place, subject to specified requirements. The bill would repeal the provisions described above delaying the effective date of a redistricting plan.

(5) The California Constitution authorizes a city to adopt a charter by a majority vote of its electors, and authorizes a charter city to make and enforce all ordinances and regulations in respect to municipal affairs. The California Constitution provides that it shall be competent in a city charter to provide for the manner in which, the method by which, the times at which, and the terms for which municipal officers and employees shall be elected or appointed. Existing law establishes criteria pursuant to which charter cities adjust or adopt council district area boundaries, as applicable, for the purpose of electing members of the city council. These criteria encourage council districts to be geographically contiguous and compact, to respect the geographic integrity of communities of interest, as defined, and to have easily identifiable and understandable boundaries.

This bill would provide that these criteria do not apply to a charter city that has adopted comprehensive or exclusive redistricting criteria, as defined, in its city charter. The bill would clarify that if a council assigns the power to adopt new district boundaries to an advisory, hybrid, or independent redistricting commission, the charter city remains subject to the same redistricting deadlines, requirements, and restrictions that are applicable to the council.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 21500 of the Elections Code is amended to read: 21500. (a) Following a county's decision to elect its board using district-based elections, or following each federal decennial census for a county whose board is already elected using district-based elections, the board shall adopt boundaries for all of the supervisorial districts of the county so that the supervisorial districts shall be substantially equal in population as required by the United States Constitution.

- (1) Population equality shall be based on the total population of residents of the county as determined by the most recent federal decennial census for which the redistricting data described in Public Law 94-171 are available.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an incarcerated person, as that term is used in Section 21003, shall not be counted towards a county's population, except for an incarcerated person whose last known place of residence may be assigned to a census block in the county, if information about the last known place of residence for incarcerated persons is included in the computerized database for redistricting that is developed in accordance with subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code, and that database is made publicly available.
- (b) The board shall adopt supervisorial district boundaries that comply with the United States Constitution, the California Constitution, and the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.).

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21552. (a) The commission shall establish single-member supervisorial districts for the board pursuant to a mapping process using the following criteria as set forth in the following order of priority:

(1) (A) Districts shall comply with the United States Constitution and each district shall have a reasonably equal population with other districts for the board, except where deviation is required to comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.) or is allowable by law.

(B) Population equality shall be based on the total population of residents of the county as determined by the most recent federal decennial census for which the redistricting data described in Public Law 94-171 are available.

- (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), an incarcerated person, as that term is used in Section 21003, shall not be counted towards the county's population, except for an incarcerated person whose last known place of residence may be assigned to a census block in the county, if information about the last known place of residence for incarcerated persons is included in the computerized database for redistricting that is developed in accordance with subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code, and that database is made publicly available.
- (2) Districts shall comply with the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.).

(3) Districts shall be geographically contiguous.

- (4) The geographic integrity of any city, local neighborhood, or local community of interest shall be respected in a manner that minimizes its division to the extent possible without violating the requirements of paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive. A community of interest is a contiguous population that shares common social and economic interests that should be included within a single district for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Communities of interest shall not include relationships with political parties, incumbents, or political candidates.
- (5) To the extent practicable, and where it does not conflict with paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, districts shall be drawn to encourage geographical compactness such that nearby areas of population are not bypassed for more distant areas of population.
- (b) The place of residence of any incumbent or political candidate shall not be considered in the creation of a map. Districts shall not be drawn for purposes of favoring or discriminating against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.
- (c) (1) The commission shall comply with the Ralph M. Brown Act (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code).
- (2) (A) Before the commission draws a map, the commission shall conduct at least seven public hearings, to take place over a period of no fewer than 30 days, with at least one public hearing held in each supervisorial district.
- (B) In the event any state or local health order prohibits large gatherings, the commission may modify the location of the hearings, including use of

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virtual hearings that use technology to permit remote viewing and participation, to the extent required to comply with public health requirements. If the commission modifies the location of a hearing, it shall provide opportunities to view and listen to proceedings by video, to listen to proceedings by phone, and to provide public comment by phone and in writing with no limitation on the number of commenters. The commission shall, to the greatest extent practicable, provide an opportunity for in-person participation for at least one hearing in each supervisorial district. Methods for providing in-person participation may include, but are not limited to, setting up multiple rooms with audiovisual connections to the hearing, allowing community members to make appointments to make public comment, providing personal protective equipment, or holding hearings in outdoor spaces.

- (3) After the commission draws a draft map, the commission shall do both of the following:
- (A) Post the map for public comment on the internet website of the County of San Diego.
- (B) Conduct at least two public hearings to take place over a period of no fewer than 30 days.
- (4) (A) The commission shall establish and make available to the public a calendar of all public hearings described in paragraphs (2) and (3). Hearings shall be scheduled at various times and days of the week to accommodate a variety of work schedules and to reach as large an audience as possible.
- (B) Notwithstanding Section 54954.2 of the Government Code, the commission shall post the agenda for the public hearings described in paragraphs (2) and (3) at least seven days before the hearings. The agenda for a meeting required by paragraph (3) shall include a copy of the draft map.
- (5) (A) The commission shall arrange for the live translation of a hearing held pursuant to this chapter in an applicable language if a request for translation is made at least 24 hours before the hearing.
- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, an "applicable language" means a language for which the number of residents of the County of San Diego who are members of a language minority is greater than or equal to 3 percent of the total voting age residents of the county.
- (6) The commission shall take steps to encourage county residents to participate in the redistricting public review process. These steps may include:
- (A) Providing information through media, social media, and public service announcements.
  - (B) Coordinating with community organizations.
- (C) Posting information on the internet website of the County of San Diego that explains the redistricting process and includes a notice of each public hearing and the procedures for testifying during a hearing or submitting written testimony directly to the commission.
- (7) The board shall take all steps necessary to ensure that a complete and accurate computerized database is available for redistricting, and that

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procedures are in place to provide to the public ready access to redistricting data and computer software equivalent to what is available to the commission members

- (8) The board shall provide for reasonable funding and staffing for the commission.
- (9) All records of the commission relating to redistricting, and all data considered by the commission in drawing a draft map or the final map, are public records.
- (d) (1) The commission shall adopt a redistricting plan adjusting the boundaries of the supervisorial districts and shall file the plan with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors by the map adoption deadline set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 21501. The commission shall not release a draft map before the date set forth in paragraph (3) of subdivision (d) of Section 21508.
- (2) The plan shall be subject to referendum in the same manner as ordinances.
- (3) The commission shall issue, with the final map, a report that explains the basis on which the commission made its decisions in achieving compliance with the criteria described in subdivisions (a) and (b).
  - SEC. 9. Section 21600 of the Elections Code is amended to read:
- 21600. (a) This article applies to a general law city that elects members of the city's legislative body by districts or from districts, as defined in Section 34871 of the Government Code.
- (b) This article shall not be interpreted to limit the discretionary remedial authority of any federal or state court.
  - SEC. 10. Section 21601 of the Elections Code is amended to read:
- 21601. (a) Following a city's decision to elect its council using district-based elections, or following each federal decennial census for a city whose council is already elected using district-based elections, the council shall, by ordinance or resolution, adopt boundaries for all of the council districts of the city so that the council districts shall be substantially equal in population as required by the United States Constitution.
- (1) Population equality shall be based on the total population of residents of the city as determined by the most recent federal decennial census for which the redistricting data described in Public Law 94-171 are available.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an incarcerated person as that term is used in Section 21003, shall not be counted towards a city's population, except for an incarcerated person whose last known place of residence may be assigned to a census block in the city, if information about the last known place of residence for incarcerated persons is included in the computerized database for redistricting that is developed in accordance with subdivision (b) of Section 8253 of the Government Code, and that database is made publicly available.
- (b) The council shall adopt council district boundaries that comply with the United States Constitution, the California Constitution, and the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.).

(Sorted by political party, then last name)

Last Name	First Name	City	Zip	District	Political Party	Race	Self-Described	Age	Sex
Altman	Steven	San Diego	92101	4	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Male
Aste	Marian	San Diego	92110	4	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Female
Barry	Timothy	La Jolla	92037	4	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Male
Brown	Sheryl	San Marcos	92069	5	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Female
Cofield	David	San Diego	92127	3	Democrat	BLACK/AFRICAN AMERICAN	N/A	65-74	Male
Davis	Dawn	Spring Valley	91977	2	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Female
Dilligan	Kathleen	San Diego	92102	4	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	45-54	Female
Dostal	Elidia	Chula Vista	91913	1	Democrat	HISPANIC/LATINO	N/A	45-54	Female
Egipto	Rebecca	San Diego	92115	2	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	60-64	Female
Greenfield	Debra	San Diego	92106	1	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Female
Inman	Kenneth	Poway	92064	2	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	60-64	Male
Lapinsky	Terri	Chula Vista	91910	1	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	Declined	Female
Lin	Tammy	San Diego	92104	4	Democrat	ASIAN	N/A	35-44	Female
Mayasa	Thekima	San Diego	92114	4	Democrat	BLACK/AFRICAN AMERICAN	N/A	55-59	Female
McKenzie	Mary	San Diego	92103	4	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	55-59	Female
Mendoza	Benjamin	San Diego	92104	4	Democrat	HISPANIC/LATINO	N/A	25-34	Non-binary
Noncarrow	Cheryl	San Diego	92192	3	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	Declined	Female
Nunez	Justin	San Diego	92037	4	Democrat	HISPANIC/LATINO	White	35-44	Male
O'Roarty	William	Chula Vista	91914	1	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	75-84	Male
Phillips-Smith	Halima	San Diego	92114	4	Democrat	BLACK/AFRICAN AMERICAN	N/A	35-44	Female
Piedra	Joshua	San Diego	92105	4	Democrat	HISPANIC/LATINO	N/A	25-34	Male
Ponds	Fernandez	Chula Vista	91914	1	Democrat	BLACK/AFRICAN AMERICAN	N/A	60-64	Male
Pulver	Russell	Fallbrook	92028	5	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Male
Rosenberg	Stacy	La Jolla	92037	4	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Female
Sayyar	Assly	Vista	92084	5	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	35-44	Female
Simmerman	Andrew	La Mesa	91942	2	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	25-34	Male
Winter-Villaluz	Bernadette Joyce	San Diego	92105	4	Democrat	ASIAN	N/A	Declined	Female
Yang	Paul	San Marcos	92069	5	Democrat	ASIAN	N/A	45-54	Male
Young Brown	Jessi	La Mesa	91942	2	Democrat	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	35-44	Female
Brick	Wendi	Escondido	92026	5	No Party Preference	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	45-54	Female
Garcia	Carmen-Rosette	Rancho Santa Fe	92091	5	No Party Preference	HISPANIC/LATINO	N/A	60-64	Female
Heiserman	Chris	Spring Valley	91977	2	No Party Preference	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Male
Jander	Gary	San Diego	92101	4	No Party Preference	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	55-59	Male
Kruglyak	Kristina	San Diego	92122	3	No Party Preference	HISPANIC/LATINO	White	35-44	Female
Loughrin-Sacco	Rita	Alpine	91901	2	No Party Preference	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	60-64	Female
Luna	Carl	Coronado	92118	1	No Party Preference	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	60-64	Male
Schwider	Germaine	Oceanside	92054	5	No Party Preference	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Female
Surban	Ramesses	San Diego	92129	3	No Party Preference	ASIAN	Other Pacific Islander	35-44	Male
Swanson	Lee	San Diego	92122	3	No Party Preference	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Male
Thomas	Megan	San Diego	92109	4	No Party Preference	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	35-44	Female
Donnelly	Mark	Chula Vista	91913	1	Republican	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	35-44	Male
Frazee	Daniel	Carlsbad	92009	5	Republican	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Male
Garbanzos	Joe	Chula Vista	91910	1	Republican	ASIAN	N/A	60-64	Male
Haidinger	Tim	Rancho Santa Fe	92067	5	Republican	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	75-84	Male

(Sorted by political party, then last name)

Last Name	First Name	City	Zip	District	<b>Political Party</b>	Race	Self-Described	Age	Sex
Ham	Robert	Oceanside	92057	5	Republican	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	75-84	Male
Machniak	Martin	El Cajon	92019	2	Republican	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	55-59	Male
Mann	Melvin	El Cajon	92020	2	Republican	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	60-64	Male
Mendelson	James	Fallbrook	92028	5	Republican	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Male
Roeder	Laurie	San Diego	92106	4	Republican	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Female
Teter	William	Encinitas	92024	3	Republican	Decline to state	N/A	Declined	Male
Tomkins	Thomas R.	Escondido	92029	3	Republican	WHITE (not of Hispanic Origin)	N/A	65-74	Male